

Athanasiос Zlikas

MELTING CLOCKS

for Percussion and Piano

York, 2010

INSTRUMENTATION

Percussion

Wood:

3 Woodblocks (Low, Medium, High)

Membranes:

2 Bongos (Low, High)

1 Snare Drum (Snare off all the time)

2 Tom-toms (Medium, Low)

1 Bass Drum

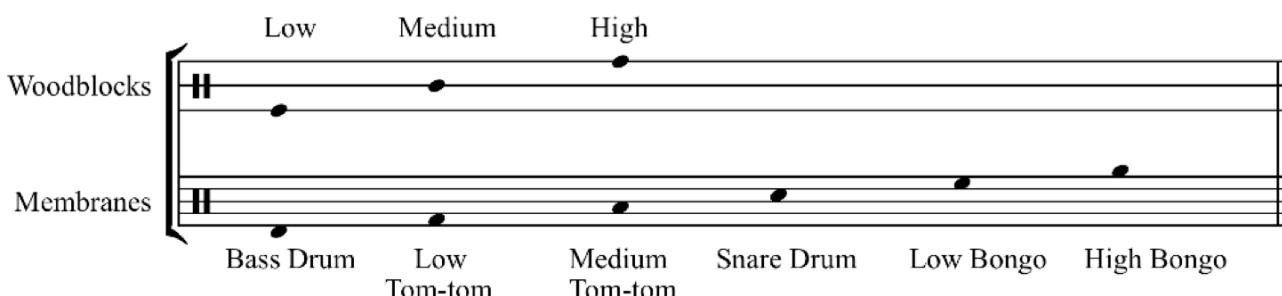
Pitched:

Xylophone (notated 1 octave lower than it sounds)

Vibraphone (Motor off all the time)

(1 Percussionist)

Non-pitched percussion notation:



Piano

NOTATION

\times = Placed after a specific pitch, indicates damping of that pitch with the mallet just before proceeding to the next one.

\asymp = Strong accentuation. Indicates a *sforzando* at least two levels above given dynamic level. Pitches with this mark should stand out very clearly.

PERFORMANCE NOTES

Barlines are only a mean of synchronization for the performers. They have no function of metric accentuation.

Dynamics should be well balanced. This means that a *fortissimo* on the Piano equals a *fortissimo* on Vibraphone, or Bass Drum for example.

The dynamic range has been divided into 12 equal levels, from *ppppp* (corresponding to the traditional *ppp*) to *fffff* (corresponding to the traditional *fff*).

From bar 1 to bar 32 dynamics notated above the staff concern the upper voice, while those notated below the staff concern the lower voice of the staff. Each particular voice maintains its dynamic level unless otherwise indicated.

Although there are suggestions on mallets, the final choice is always in the percussionist's discretion. The same applies as far as the percussion setup is concerned.

The use of the pedal on the Piano is also in the performers discretion unless specifically indicated. The duration of the piece is approx. 9'30".

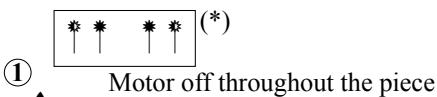
Composer's note

In *Melting Clocks a*, a complex sonic “image” is created by the interaction of a number of elementary sonic cells. These cells exist and act without being directly perceivable. However, a change of behavior of some or all of them leads to a gradual change of the large-scale sonic image. An analogy could be drawn to the pointillistic technique of painting, where single dots of pure color are combined to synthesize a complex image on a higher level of construction.

These “dots” are mostly single pitches having a periodic pulsation, imaginary “clocks” ticking at certain speeds. Additionally, the “pointillistic painting” is not static, but it evolves in time and is subjected to kaleidoscopic transformations when some or all of its elementary cells gradually change their behavior

MELTING CLOCKS

Well balanced ($\text{♩} = 60$)



Athanasiou Zlikas
(2010)

① Motor off throughout the piece

Vibraphone {

(ppppp semper)
(ppppp semper)
(ppppp semper)

(*) The above are just suggested types of mallets (2 medium hard + 2 hard, all with Yarn-Wound heads).
The final choice is in the performer's discretion.

Well balanced ($\text{♩} = 60$)

Piano {

≡ ⑧ **ppppp**

Vib. {

(ppppp semper)
ppp semper
pppp semper

Pno. {

≡ ⑫ **(ppppp semper)**

Vib. {

ppp semper
pp semper

Pno. {

ppp semper

Vib. {

(ppppp semper)
(ppppp semper)

Pno. {

ppp semper

(16)

Vib.

mp semper

ppp semper

pp semper

Pno.

(ppp semper)

ppp semper

(ppp semper)

=

(19)

Vib.

p semper

pp semper

mp semper

(ppppp)

ppp semper

mp semper

(mp semper)

=

(22)

Vib.

f semper

mp semper

f semper

mp semper

p sempre

f sempre

f sempre

Pno.

(25)

Vib.

mf sempre

f sempre

Pno.

(ppp sempre)

f sempre

mp sempre

f sempre

mp sempre

f sempre



(28)

Vib.

ff

f sempre

f sempre

f sempre

f sempre

f sempre

Pno.



(32)

Vib.

ff

f

Pno.

f

(35) *ff f* *ff* *ff* *fff ff*

Vib. { *ff f* *ff* *ff* *fff ff*

Pno. { *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

=

(37) *fff* *ff* *fff* *fff*

Vib. { *fff* *ff* *fff* *fff*

Pno. { *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

=

(38) *fff* *fff* *fff* *fff*

Vib. { *fff* *fff* *fff* *fff*

Pno. { *ff fff* *ff fff* *ff fff* *ff fff*

(39)

Vib.

Pno.

=

(40)

Vib.

(*fff e marcatissimo sempre*)

Pno.

=

(41)

Vib.

Pno.

(42)

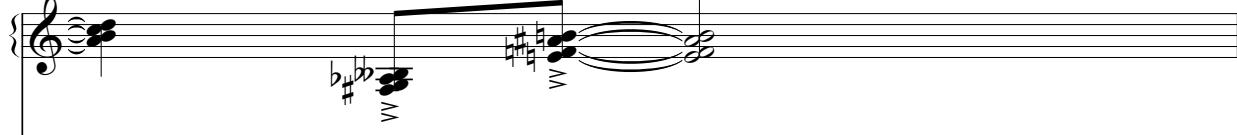
Vib. { 

(8) 

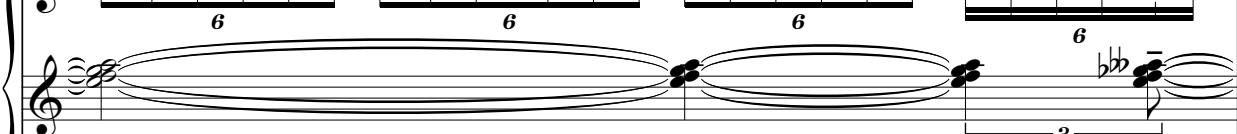
Pno. { 



(43)

Vib. { 

(8) 

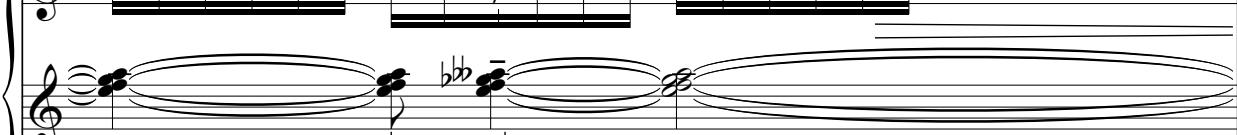
Pno. { 



(44)

Vib. { 

(8) 

Pno. { 

10

(45)

Membranes

Musical score for measures 45-47. The score includes parts for Membranes, Vibraphone, and Piano.

- Membranes:** Starts with a single note on the first beat of measure 45, followed by a rest. In measure 47, it plays eighth-note pairs.
- Vibraphone:** Playing eighth-note chords. Dynamics include *f*, *fff*, *pp*, *fff*, *mf*, and *p*.
- Piano:** Playing sustained notes and eighth-note chords. Measures 45 and 46 show sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 47 shows sustained notes with grace notes.

==

(47)

Membranes

Continuation of the musical score for measures 45-47.

- Membranes:** Playing eighth-note pairs.
- Vibraphone:** Playing eighth-note chords. Dynamics include *mf*, *fff*, and *p*.
- Piano:** Playing sustained notes with grace notes.

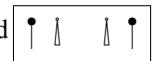
11
Gradually replace the previous 4 yarn mallets
with 2 d ñ sticks + 2 xylophone mallets(*)

Membranes

(50)

Musical score for Membranes at measure 50. The part consists of two staves. The top staff has a bass clef and the bottom staff has a treble clef. The music is in common time. The dynamic is p . The score includes a note head with a vertical stroke and a note head with a diagonal stroke.

(*) suggested



Vib.

Musical score for Vibraphone and Piano from measures 54 to 58. The Vibraphone part (top) has a treble clef and the Piano part (bottom) has a treble clef. Measure 54: Vibraphone fff , Piano pp . Measure 55: Vibraphone fff , Piano pp . Measure 56: Vibraphone fff , Piano mf . Measure 57: Vibraphone fff , Piano (mf) . Measure 58: Vibraphone fff , Piano (mf) .



Membranes

(54)

Musical score for Membranes at measure 54. The part consists of two staves. The top staff has a bass clef and the bottom staff has a treble clef. The music is in common time. The dynamic is mp . The score includes a note head with a vertical stroke and a note head with a diagonal stroke.

Vib.

Musical score for Vibraphone at measure 54. The part has a treble clef. The music is in common time. The dynamic is p .

Pno.

(fff sempre)

(mf sempre)

(fff sempre)

fff

mp

(mf)

Musical score for Piano at measure 54. The part has a treble clef. The music is in common time. The dynamic is mp .

Concernig Snare Drum:
Snare off throughout the piece

Membranes

(57)

Concerning Snare Drum:
Snare off throughout the piece

Pno.

(fff) *mp* *mf*

(fff) *mp* *fff mp*

(fff) *fff*

Membranes

(60)

mp sempre *mp* *fff*

Membranes

(62)

f

Pno.

Membranes

(64)

fff p

mp *fff p*

13

This image shows four staves of a musical score. The top staff is for 'Membranes' and the bottom staff is for 'Pno.' (Piano). Measure 66 starts with a dynamic ***ff***. Measure 68 begins with a dynamic ***p***. Measure 69 starts with a dynamic ***mf***. Measure 71 ends with a dynamic ***p***.

14

(72)

WB

Membranes

Pno.

fff

f

ff

ff

=

(73)

WB

Membranes

Pno.

=

(74)

WB

Membranes

Pno.

ff

ff

ff

WB

Membranes

75

ffff

Pno.

8va

≡

WB

Membranes

76

ffff

Pno.

(8)

ffff

16

(77)

WB: Sticks play eighth-note patterns with vertical strokes and 'v' markings above the notes.

Membranes: Sticks play eighth-note patterns with vertical strokes and 'v' markings below the notes.

Pno.: Treble and bass staves show piano notation. The treble staff has sixteenth-note patterns with various dynamics like '>' and '#'. The bass staff has sustained notes with slurs and 'v' markings.

=

(78)

WB: Sticks play eighth-note patterns with vertical strokes and 'v' markings above the notes.

Membranes: Sticks play eighth-note patterns with vertical strokes and 'v' markings below the notes.

Pno.: Treble and bass staves show piano notation. The treble staff has sixteenth-note patterns with dynamics like '>' and '#'. The bass staff has sustained notes with slurs and 'v' markings. The score ends with dynamic markings 'ffff' over the bass staff.

WB
Membranes

(79)

WB part: Measures 79-80. The first measure starts with a dynamic *fffff*. The second measure has a dynamic *v*. The third measure has a dynamic *v*. The fourth measure has a dynamic *v*. The fifth measure has a dynamic *v*. The sixth measure has a dynamic *v*. The seventh measure has a dynamic *v*. The eighth measure has a dynamic *v*.

Membranes part: Measures 79-80. The first measure has a dynamic *v*. The second measure has a dynamic *v*. The third measure has a dynamic *v*. The fourth measure has a dynamic *v*. The fifth measure has a dynamic *v*. The sixth measure has a dynamic *v*. The seventh measure has a dynamic *v*. The eighth measure has a dynamic *v*.

Pno.

(8)

Piano part: Measures 79-80. The piano part consists of two staves. The top staff uses treble clef and the bottom staff uses bass clef. The piano part has a dynamic *v* in measure 79 and a dynamic *v* in measure 80.

==

WB
Membranes

(80)

WB part: Measures 80-81. The first measure has a dynamic *v*. The second measure has a dynamic *v*. The third measure has a dynamic *v*. The fourth measure has a dynamic *v*. The fifth measure has a dynamic *v*. The sixth measure has a dynamic *v*. The seventh measure has a dynamic *v*. The eighth measure has a dynamic *v*.

Membranes part: Measures 80-81. The first measure has a dynamic *v*. The second measure has a dynamic *v*. The third measure has a dynamic *v*. The fourth measure has a dynamic *v*. The fifth measure has a dynamic *v*. The sixth measure has a dynamic *v*. The seventh measure has a dynamic *v*. The eighth measure has a dynamic *v*.

Pno.

(8)

Piano part: Measures 80-81. The piano part consists of two staves. The top staff uses treble clef and the bottom staff uses bass clef. The piano part has a dynamic *v* in measure 80 and a dynamic *v* in measure 81.

(81)

WB
Membranes
Xyl.

fffff perfectly balanced with piano.
Xylophone should not stand out!

(8)

Pno.

(82)

WB
Xyl.

(8)

Pno.

(83)

WB
Xyl.

(8)

Pno.

WB Xyl. Pno.

(84)

(8)

Xyl. Pno.

(85)

Gradual mallet replacement. Suggested:

fffff *fff*

(8)

Xyl. Pno.

(86) *fff* (87) *ff*

(8) *p* (8)

no diminuendo!

20

(88)

Xyl.

Vib.

Pno.

This musical score page contains three staves for Xyl., Vib., and Pno. The Xyl. staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It features eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The Vib. staff also has a treble clef and includes dynamic markings like ff and mf. The Pno. staff has a treble clef and a bass clef, with dynamics like mf. Measure 88 ends with a fermata over the Vib. part. Measures 89 and 90 continue with similar patterns, with measure 90 concluding with a forte dynamic ff.

≡

(90)

Xyl.

Vib.

Pno.

This musical score page continues from the previous section. The Xyl. staff shows eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The Vib. staff has sustained notes with grace notes. The Pno. staff shows sixteenth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 90 and 91 continue the pattern, with measure 91 concluding with a forte dynamic ff. Measures 92 and 93 continue the pattern, with measure 93 concluding with a forte dynamic f.

≡

(92)

Xyl.

Vib.

Pno.

This musical score page continues from the previous section. The Xyl. staff shows eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The Vib. staff has sustained notes with grace notes. The Pno. staff shows sixteenth-note patterns with grace notes. Measures 92 and 93 continue the pattern, with measure 93 concluding with a forte dynamic f. Measures 94 and 95 continue the pattern, with measure 95 concluding with a forte dynamic ff.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 21, system 93. The score includes parts for Xylophone (Xyl.), Vibraphone (Vib.), and Piano (Pno.). The piano part is dynamic *f*. The score shows a complex rhythmic pattern with sixteenth-note figures and sustained notes.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 94-95. The score includes parts for Xyl., Vib., and Pno. Measure 94 starts with a dynamic of *ff*. Measure 95 continues with the same dynamic.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 95-100. The score includes parts for Xyl., Vib., and Pno. Measure 95: Xyl. plays eighth-note pairs. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs. Measure 96: Xyl. rests. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs. Measure 97: Xyl. rests. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs. Measure 98: Xyl. rests. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs. Measure 99: Xyl. rests. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs. Measure 100: Xyl. rests. Vib. plays eighth-note pairs. Pno. plays eighth-note pairs.

(97)

Xyl. (ff)

Vib. (fff)

Pno. (fff)

=

(99)

Xyl. (ff)

Vib. (ffff)

Pno. (ffff) (ffff)

=

(101)

Xyl.

Vib.

Pno.

102

Xyl.

Vib.

Pno.

104

Vib.

Pno.

105

Vib.

Pno.

106

Membranes

Vib.

Pno.

Gradually change to soft beaters

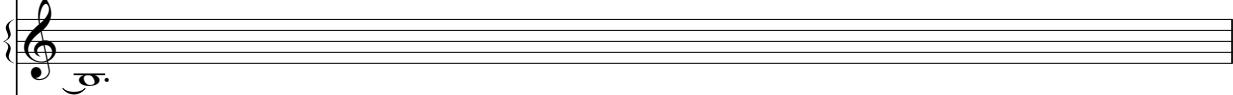
mf well balanced!

107

Membranes



Vib.



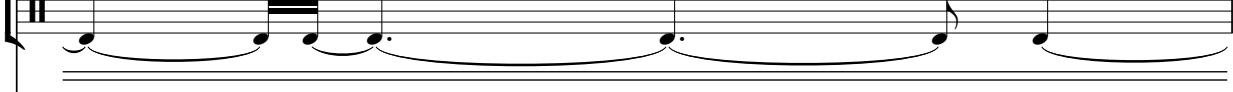
Pno.



==

108

Membranes



Pno.



==

109

Membranes



Pno.



VV

110

Membranes

Pno.

WW

112

Membranes

fff

10 **8**

(♩=♪)

Pno.

fff

10 **8**

fff

fff

8vb

(♩=♪)

8vb

Ped.

116

Membranes

Pno.

(8)

(8)

120

Pno.

(8)

(8)

Pno.

124

(8)

3

3

3

3

128

(8)

3

3

3

3

3

133

(8)

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

139

(8)

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

Duration: ca 9'30"
York, 2010

