

for Giacomo Pozzuto

A performer-specific, music theatre work for cor/ oboe, water, grand piano and tape [ca. 7'45"].

(2013)

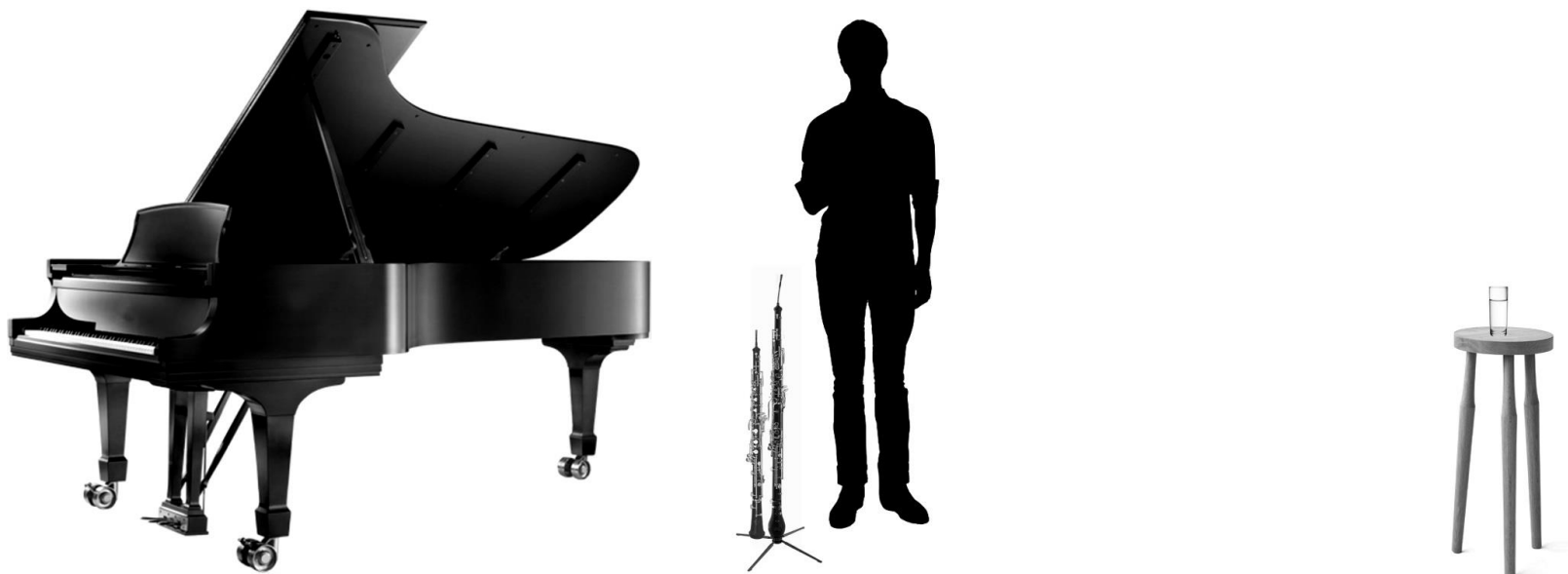
Transcribed score and stage directions.

Nektarios Rodosthenous

Instruments and props

- **Oboe/ Cor Anglais** : Performer-specific work for Giacomo Pozzuto.
- **Grand piano**: The piece starts with closed fallboard. Have the lid throughout the performance; it is required for the final sequence.
- **Props**:
 - A glass of drinking water on a tall stool/table, placed two meters away from the performer
 - Stopwatch
- **Tape**: includes voice-overs and recordings by the oboist Giacomo Pozzuto.

Stage Layout



for Giacomo Pozzuto (2013)

Nektarios Rodosthenous

Allemande ♩ = 83

Pre-existing: Start the following passage (from J.S.Bach's Partita for Solo Oboe, BWV 1030, bars 1-8.), straight after the first two notes of the tape part (*a tempo*).

A: Intro

Cor Anglais *t a c e t*

mf *espress.* Stay on an equal dynamic with the tape part.

Piano (open lid) *t a c e t*

Closed fallboard.

Tape *Giacomo's voice-over.* *I will just play you a little piece. A bit of Bach...*

Pre-recorded: *Cor Anglais*

Pre-existing: The following passage is taken from a recording of J.S.Bach's *Aria* in Cantata No.1, for Soprano and oboe ('*Wie schon leuchtet der Morgenstern*', bars 1-8.), by Giacomo P.

mf *animato*

C. A.

Tape

C. A.  *rit.* 

Tape 



B: 0'29"

C. A. **t a c e t**  *mf animato*. Stay on an equal dynamic with the tape part.

Tape **Giacomo's voice-over. Pre-recorded: Cor Anglais**
Oh, let me do that one more time...  *mf animato* *tr*



C. A.  *mp staccato* *sing: concert pitch*
 pam 

Tape 

C: 1'02"

Spoken: Look at the audience and say the following text in a natural tone, as if presenting at a lecture recital. You have 20".

C. A. **tacet** *mf* Ladies and gentlemen, as some of you may know, that was a passage from Cantata number 1, by J. S. Bach.

Pre-recorded: **Pre-existing:** from a recording of J.S.Bach's *Aria* (cont'd).
Cor Anglais

Tape

mp The volume of this passage is quieter than before to act as a background to the live voice presentation.



C. A. *Now, in a full performance, one would have a soprano soloist, hence creating a sense of antiphony. Erm, Nicky, you are marking this; what do you think? Hang on a minute, sorry. Turn to the pianist and say: Mark, what do you think?* **tacet**

Pno. **tacet**

Tape

Giacomo's voice-over.

CUT!

Spoken: Look toward the oboe player and say positive comments on his previous performance when asked.

silence

C. A. **tacet**

Instrument change: Straight after the 'sarcasm' sample turn away from the pianist, place the *Cor Anglais* on the instrument stand and pick up the oboe.

Giacomo's voice-over: speech.

Giacomo's voice-over: singing with a fair amount of reverberation (concert pitch).

Tape



C: 1'47"

Giacomo's voice-over.

Tape



1'55"

Multiphonic no.1: perform and develop the organic beat/ringing, produced by the specific fingering of this multiphonic (by working with and against the rhythm of the tape part). You may also perform a semi-tonally, ascending lip bend. It is preferable if the whole passage is performed in one breath.

0'35"

Ob.

Pre-recorded: Cor Anglais

Tape

D: 2'30''

Giacomo's voice-over.

Tape But it is, it is completely different to ah... oboe though, because you just get like a depth of sound. Yeah like a bigger sound, BUT, the multi-phonic aren't as easily accessible. There is one or two...

The score consists of two staves: Oboe (Ob.) and Tape. The Oboe staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It features a sequence of notes with dynamic markings: *f* (3"), *mf*, and *f* leading to *fff poss*. The Tape staff is also in treble clef with a key signature of one flat, showing complex multi-phonic textures. Above the Oboe staff, several boxes indicate the timing and nature of multi-phonic events: **Multiphonic no.2:** start 3" after the first multi-phonic in the tape part. **Multiphonic no.3.** **Multiphonic no.4.** **Multiphonic no.5.** **Multiphonic no.4.** **Multiphonic no.4.:** Play and manipulate other keys at random. i.e. - RH: 2,3,4 - LH: 5. A dashed line labeled *8va* indicates the pitch relationship between the Oboe and Tape parts. A horizontal arrow labeled **Pre-recorded: Cor Anglais** spans the first part of the score, and another labeled **Pre-recorded: Oboe** spans the second part. A large arrow points from a box describing the predominant notes to a final box instructing to repeat all previous multi-phonic events *ad lib.*

E: 3'20''

Giacomo's voice-over.

Tape No, no, it all goes... there's a couple of notes that you, I have to use/doublicate keys, so... like, different keys. So, ...

6

Trill: the effect of trill is produced by doublicating the keys (same note).

Ob. *mf* **tacet** *simile tr* *f* *legato* *gliss.* *gliss.*

Pre-recorded: *Cor Anglais* *tr* *gliss.* **3'32"** **Giacomo's voice-over.** **Largo** *tr* *And then...*

Duration: The following voice-over interrupts the live performance.

Ob. **tacet** *simile tr* **tacet** *fff* *poss* **3'57"** **Giacomo's voice-over.**

Pre-recorded: *Oboe* *tr* *f* *ff* *It's like proper electroacoustic music, innit? That's good!*

F: 4'01" **tacet** **Walk** towards the stool with the glass of water. **Pick up** the glass while still holding the oboe with the other hand (RH).

Ob. **4'08"** **Giacomo's voice-over.** *That's cause I've got water in there as well, so I get... See? It's annoying. That's another thing about playing...*

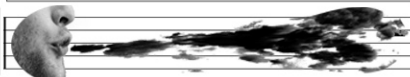
Andante ♩ = 80
Pre-recorded: *Oboe* *mf* *gliss.* *gliss.*

G: 4'18"

Blow air in the oboe keys once, to get rid of the water that may be in the instrument. Hold the oboe side-ways like playing the flute.

Ob. **t a c e t**

Drink up some water from the glass of with the LH, and put it back to place.



Walk back to the initial position, center stage.

subito furioso f poss

Giacomo's voice-over: cont'd.

Tape *...the woodwind instrument is **that**... no matter what the time is of the day, you always gonna get like water everywhere, like now anyway...It's just cause, you know, there's so much water in this that you **will**...*

4'20"

Pre-recorded: Random Air sounds and reverberation.

s i l e n c e

Sounds: blowing air in the key holes randomly to take the water out of the oboe.



H: 4'36"

Sucking in air: through the reed, to produce squeacking, high register fragments. Work with and against the tape to create an acousmatic dialogue. Face towards/look at individual members of the audience and perform as if you are having a conversation with these sounds instead of words (*ad.lib*).

Ob. **t a c e t**

Giacomo's voice-over.

Tape *Like sampling and manipulation. We always just did the standard sort of like...*

Sucking in air through the reed.

Pre-recorded: Oboe

Ob. **Sucking in air through the reed: cont'd.**

simile —————→ **Sucking in air through the reed: it gets busier and more intense after the heavy metal voice-over.**

incalzando —————→ *ff* *poss*

4'44" **Giacomo's voice-over: cont'd.** 4'53" 5'02" **Sucking in air through the reed: it gets busier and guitar distortion is added after the voice-over.**

Tape *simile* —————→

Oh, it's just sucking in. Yeah, yeah. | Yeah sucking in through the reed...It's sucking in through the reed. | Yeah, you fan of... heavy metal music by any chance? Heeey [Cheering].



I: 5'13"

Giacomo's voice-over.

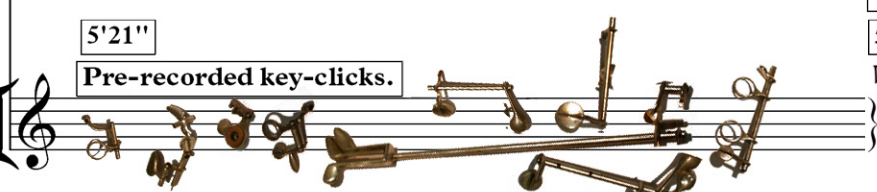
Tape *Well I don't know. I'll have to play something cause otherwise I'm consciously thinking about it. So if you go... Let's go from, If I just do this...*



Ob. **Key-clicks: take a loud/full inbreath and perform a series of improvised key-clicks, as if performing an extremely difficult piece. The theatricality of this scene reflects to the body language of the soloist; it looks like he is struggling to produce sound.**

f *poss*, *agitato e espress.*

5'21" **Pre-recorded key-clicks.** 5'24" **Giacomo's voice-over.** 5'28" *Well...* *Have a listen to this and see what you think...*

Tape  —————→

Key-clicks: cont'd. Give the impression that you are triggering the the tape part.

J: 5'36"

simile →

Key-clicks: carry on performing a series of random key-clicks, with hints of clear pitch 'jumping out' of the sequence (*ad. lib*). Start sparsely and gradually build-up with more clean notes than key-clicks (*a piacere*).

Key clicks: *ff* *poss, legato*
Clean pitch: *f* *subito molto energetico*

Closed fallboard.

tacet

5'46"

Wavy fragments: perform a series of random 'waves' produced by finger and hints of nail arpeggiation on the surface of the closed fallboard. Sync to the tape rythm.

etc...

5'36"

Pre-recorded, looped key-clicks: creating a steady, wave-shaped pulse with the help of additional delay.

silence

Giacomo's voice-over.

5'46"
I need more space...

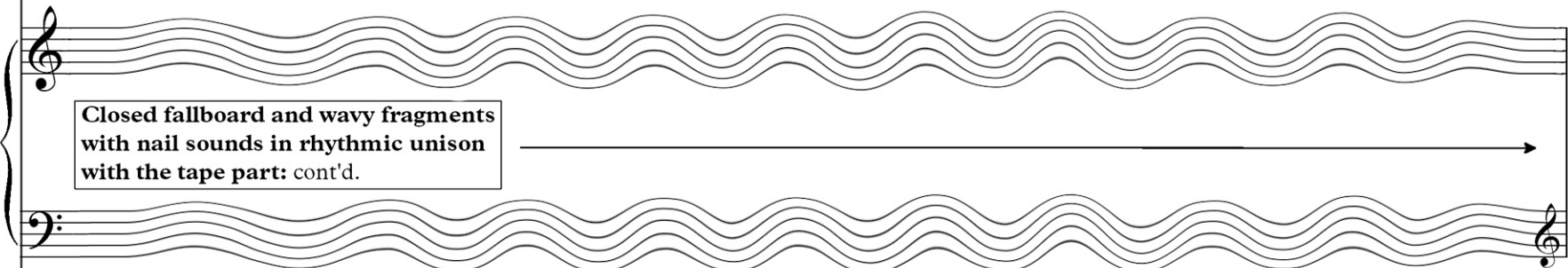
5'51"
hmm...

Ob. **Key-clicks and clean notes: cont'd.** Add these notes: C6# and D6 (2 8ves above middle C) in the improvised sequence to link to/ prepare the following tonal section.



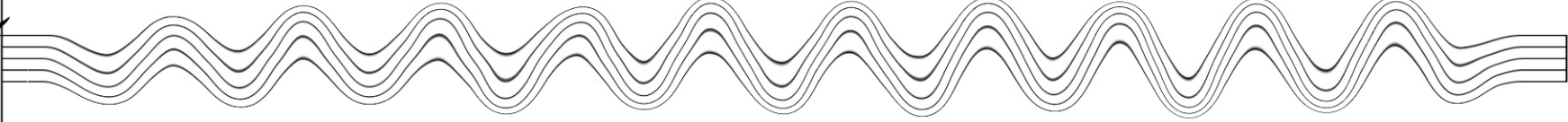
incalzando, a piacere

Pno. **Closed fallboard and wavy fragments with nail sounds in rhythmic unison with the tape part: cont'd.**



5'52"
Wavy key clicks with delay: simile.

Tape



Giacomo's voice-over. *Yeah, it's very personal. Every player is different, yeah, I'd say...but then you try and...be as standardised as possible, so... we... the way of working with that is to start... so, if I...*

6'06"

Ob. **Key-clicks and clean notes:** cont'd. It gradually becomes more sparse over 25" in order to fade out smoothly and to link this sequence to the next section.

LH

Pno. **Open fallboard.** *f* *subito ff* lowest cluster

RH *mf*

Tape **Wavy key clicks with delay:** cont'd.

6'31"

Fade out to silence the previous improvised sequence when the voice-over in the tape comes in. **Walk slowly** towards the body of the piano on your right side, and prepare to perform inside the body of the piano for resonance.

t a c e t

simile

6'31"

Giacomo's voice-over: repeated with delay, and pitch-shifted in an unrecognisable, lower register.

10"

f *Is that... is not a ssa... Is not a sssong iss it... [etc...]*

K: 7'15"

Ob. **Improvise** with the notes C6# and D6. Create a lyrical melody, with additional notes in between while still playing in the body of the piano for resonance. This functions as a tonal climax that will lead to the end. *mf espress.*

Pno. **Wavy tonal fragments:** *simile.*

Ped.

Hold note for as long as possible: ca. 20". *f poss, sostenuto* *fff poss* let ring-----

Silence straight after Giacomo plays the penultimate note (C6#).

t a c e t