

Drift Shadow

for Oboe and Electronics

by Alex Harker

co-created with Niamh Dell

Key

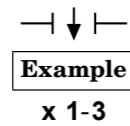
Overall Form

The piece is in four main **parts**, indicated in boxes at the top left of the relevant pages. Each part starts with the material immediately under the heading. After playing this **section** you may navigate as you wish within each part, as long as you follow the indications and arrows. However, the four main parts must happen in order, and you may not return to earlier parts in the piece after progressing onwards.

Each section or **block** (staff within a section) has specific instructions to the right of the notation which should be followed. In the case of sections containing multiple blocks, additional instructions about form /shaping are given as boxed text. With the exception of 'insert' sections (explained below) arrows are used to indicate which sections can follow one another. These are directional, so you may only travel in the direction(s) indicated by the arrowheads. Arrows may be between passages of musical notation directly, or to a boxed section name when the section that follows is on another page.

It is important to note that examples (marked with boxed letters) are indicative of a playing style, and should not be reproduced as written each time, but used as a starting point for exploration.

Notation of Form



Section names are indicated within a box with repeat indications to indicate how many times that section is to be traversed in a performance. Sections with the downwards arrow within two lines are 'insert sections' which can be used at any point within the part they belong to. After finishing an insert section you should return to the section you came from, or the start of the part you are within.

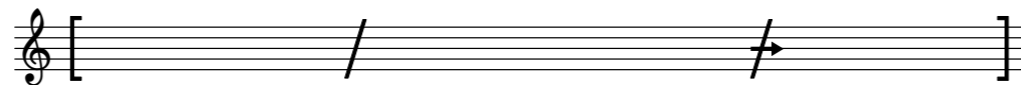


These blocks are additional to the main block for the section. Those marked (+) must be optionally used alongside the preceding block. Those marked (+/) may be used alongside or instead of the preceding block. Blocks are generally separate temporal entities but there may be additional directions about how to use specific blocks.

dashed lines help separate 'insert' sections visually from other music

indicates separate fingerings/ideas

indicates that fingerings/ideas to the right should be added over time



Square brackets indicate a set of ideas that can be ordered freely. Slashes with arrows indicate when ideas should be introduced over time. Otherwise sections may be started at any item.



indicates that two fingerings sound similar



indicates that two fingerings may be considered interchangeable

OR and ALT symbols indicate similar sounding multiphonics. This is to aid planning of order for contrast or similarity.

Notation of Techniques

The piece is based primarily on multiphonics, which are notated in terms of fingering, air pressure and reed position. Additional experimentation may be needed to fine tune positions, embouchure etc. in order to cleanly play the multiphonics as written. Many of the techniques employed also require production that does not aim to create a static, blended chord, but create timbral variation upon a single fingering.

Dynamics are often given as a range which can be explored freely. Not all fingerings in a given block may be equally flexible in terms of dynamic, and at times the dynamics marked will imply underblowing, creating an unstable result. The written directions should be used alongside experimentation to interpret the written dynamics.

Possible trills / glisses between adjacent fingerings are indicated, but further colour fingerings are requested at various points. These should not alter the fundamental pitch material too radically, but should inflect the multiphonic differently in terms of timbre or microtonal details.

Whilst common notations are indicated here, further graphical notations are used in the score and explained in context. Graphical elements should be interpreted as indicative, rather than literal in terms of timing and gestural shaping.

□ □ □ ■ ■	=	Z	≡
<i>left to right - low to high air pressure</i>	<i>indicates strong lip pressure</i>	<i>teeth tone produced by biting the reed</i>	<i>noise burst produced using breath and /or tongue constriction</i>
▽ ▽ ▽ ▽ ▽	▽ ▽ ▽ ▽ ▽ ▽		T
<i>left to right - reed position outwards to inwards (as indicated for normal reed contact)</i>	<i>left to right - reed position outwards to inwards (as indicated for teeth tones)</i>		<i>timbral fingering (a significant deviation from normal tone production)</i>

For multiphonics fingering, air pressure (or indication of a teeth tone) and reed position are all given. Where specific single notes are also an option these are indicated (with a suitable air pressure alteration, or teeth tone indication). Ties indicate that single notes may be used slurred to the multiphonic and you may use the multiphonics, single notes or combination *ad lib*. The notation on right-hand side shows an option for colour trills on the single notes

e.g.

e.g.

Throughout the piece two approaches to multiphonics are referred to: **selection** and **focus**.

The upper notation indicates **selection** in which the aim is to isolate single pitches from a multiphonic as far as possible. The lower notation indicates **focus** in which the multiphonic should be maintained, but the balance of pitches adjusted.

Note that in the latter case it is desirable for dyads to result (if possible) but the notation indicates prominent single pitches for simplicity. In both cases experimentation will be necessary to find the changes of embouchure and pressure that achieve best results. According to the fingering some changes may create audible glisses or changes in tuning, which should be embraced.

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Opening

Unfolding

48 53 97 137 109

pp-mf fragile and liminal (moving between stable and underblown)

play drawing from and combining the following possibilities (+ colour trills ad lib.) — **slowly change the pitch emphasis**

A static with sporadic interruptions with colour fingerings

B on the edge of stability with underblown interruptions

e.g.

C with rearticulated focus pitches (articulate with tongue/smorzando/dynamics)

e.g.

play gestures drawing from and combining the following possibilities (+ bursts of breath noise throughout)
to start focus on circled pitches and increase the utilised range, developing longer gestures over time
 each gesture may draw on only a small microtonal range in those indicated

ppp-p dark and noisy fragments of broken sound

A slow glisses and meandering

B varying speeds and regularities of oscillation

C scoops and gestures

D varying speeds/intensities of microtonal ornamentation (central pitch may be shifted slowly over time)

intersperse multiphonic and glissandi / microtones into distinct gestures
 eecs tracks speed / levels of activity / attack points

c. 4-12" *stable / liminal* *dissolve / unstable* (y) *focused / obsessive episodes*

x 8-16

vary phrase lengths to maintain interest and let episodes of focus emerge organically
start using individual ideas in short gestures + over time introduce more ideas, more linking and extended moments of obsessive focus
each gesture should be similar, yet unique, with a varying level of connection to the preceding gesture

elide into **Part I**

Part I

(move to **Part II** after building sufficient drama or exhausting the materials here)

Origin
x 6+

48 53 97 137 109

pp-mf fragile and liminal (moving between stable and underblown)

ppp-p dark and noisy fragments of broken sound

play as in glissandi/microtones in **Unfolding**
continue to widen the ranges over time
break into breath noise ad lib.

continue to intersperse multiphonic and glissandi/microtones into longer phrases
eecs tracks speed/levels of activity/attack points/space and follow changes of section/idea
allow moments of focus, as before, but also explore other materials in **Part I** as indicated
each time through try to make something new

D quiet swells
e.g.

E wavering pitch selection
e.g.

F create short gestural mini-loops from **A** - **E** (incorporate gliss material also ad lib.)
e.g.

Ground
x 1+

353 354

mf strong + focussed (optional trill)

play **sustain** till eecs double then **A** (+ **B**)
eecs double then follow the dissolve
move on only once doubling dissolves

A dissolve into noise/bits with teeth wobble
e.g.

B slow dabs of F# timbral notes
e.g.

Push
x 1+

144 145 146

mp stable + focussed

play **slow sustains** then optionally **A** and/or **B**
move freely + slowly between fingerings
eecs double and track activity
hold sustains till doubling is dominant in eecs

A fast pulsing/rearticulation
e.g.

B rearticulation with changing pitch focus each attack
(as above)
e.g.

C pushing upwards to high G#

Displace
x 3+

40 47 52 39 118 103

p-f messy and gestural, pushing against the established texture

play using the ideas from **Origin** (+ flz. ad lib.)
add gestural ideas below using **lip and key glisses** / **pitch focus** / **dynamic inflections**
eecs introduce similar multiphonics and gestures
each time through increase intensity along with options and instability

A slow changes and meandering

B varying speeds and regularities of oscillation

C scoops and gestures

58 7

mf stable + focussed (cresc ad lib.)

(Displace)

Arrival
x 2-4

287 249 259 268 251

p-mf with stable tuning to maximise consonance

play interspersing **A** and **B** in blocks (+ **C** ad lib.)
eecs double and track activity

A multiphonics with moderate to rapid pitch focus and dynamic inflections

e.g. c. 1/2-2'' (i)

B single notes with optional 'breaking' trills as hairpins (irregular but with a vague sense of pulse)

e.g. (i) etc. (i) (i)

C noise clouds/bursts (breath + keys + tongue constriction as needed)

Origin

1 16 56

mf-f underpin the harmony (tune consonantly)

play one or more multiphonics changing infrequently
eecs complete harmonic field

use only once per instance of this section

A stable sustains

e.g. (i) (i)

B sustains + occasional slow wide pitch focus inflections (low)

e.g. c. 1-4''

309 256 257 258

p-f messy and gestural, pushing against the established texture

play as **Displace** but build messiness sensitively over time
embrace tuning clashes, but also subtle dynamics
continue to insperse with noise clouds
eecs adds further displacements to the core **Arrival** harmony
use to add complexity or to dissolve/end this section

Cluster 1
x 1-3

166 348 350 352

mf-f stable multiphonics (reduce louder ones as much as possible)

play either as **A**, **B** or **C** or intersperse in blocks — **reorder freely, often rocking back and forth between pairs, hinting at short loops**
eecs track speed / levels of activity

A uneven slow rocking patterns

e.g. ② ③ ② ③ ② ① ③ ④

B long separate sustains (allow eecs to complete harmonic field)

e.g. (i) (i)

C intersperse multiphonics slurred to high notes (+ wobble), timbral low notes and high smorzando teeth tones wobbling between partials

Cluster 2
x 1-3

8a 1 5 10 12a

mp-f stable multiphonics (as quiet as possible)

play either as **A** or **B** or morph between the two — **continuously reorder avoiding close repetition/looping**
eecs track speed

A slow swells w/ occasional small pockets of faster change + accent

e.g. c. 1-2'' (i)

B v. slow swells w/ occasional extremely long notes (till eecs responds)

e.g. c. 2-8'' (i) (i) (i)

Part II

Division
x 3+

373 *f* stable multiphonics
6
349
351

statement

(+)

1-3 multiphonics pure/strong
prefer to end the statement section low (esp. on C⁴)

e.g.

play as **statement** + optionally **A**, **B** or **C**
elems complete harmonic field with added filtering
each instance a surprise

dissolve

(keep multiphonic static or change infrequently)

A dissolve into noise (+ constrictions) through unstable lip and key trilling/wobble

e.g.

B switch between multiphonics and high tones w/ optional breath noise

e.g.

C very slow changes between stable multiphonics

e.g.

Centre

Loops
x 2+

57 *p-mp* multiphonics or *pp* single notes
always as clean as possible
62
242
50
104
108
111
110
109
112
pp-mp ethereal and floating, interspersed with noise bursts
allow moments of stability but mostly underblown with pitch focus inflections

(+)

75
60
67
68
mp-mf (underblow if needed) messy and gestural, pushing against the established texture
use within loops but also to break looped patterns

play as the core material + techniques from **Displace**
use techniques to inflect individual notes/multiphonics
elems will add multiphonics to the core set from **Loops**

play as **sustain + optional dissolve** as below
pitch/multiphonic ad lib.
use ideas individually or in combination
elems doubles and then tracks ending

A dissolve into noise

e.g.

B upwards gliss

e.g.

8a
mf-f stable
ground the harmony

the core material should be short loops from the two upper core harmonic blocks
alternatively play freely using only the first block
in either case use the lower displacement and grounding options to create interest
elems tracks individual ideas

make loops from 1-3 multiphonics from the first block followed by 0-3 multiphonics from the second
loops should have a loose sense of pulse often emphasizing a short-long rhythmic pattern
repeat loops **several times** before developing mostly slowly (small additions / switching out short segments)
keep loops as consistent as possible, even when using inflections

e.g.

Centre

(Loops)
(Division)

Centre
x 4+

327 135 306 36 117

pp-mf vary between focused/stable and fragile/liminal (underblown where needed)

play primarily as multiphonics in **Origin** (+ colour trills ad lib.)
as multiphonics are added over time introduce techniques as in **Displace**
vary the level of stability and focus (in terms of number of multiphonics)

Loops

ppp-p dark and noisy fragments of broken sound

play as in glissandi/microtones in **Origin**
break into breath noise ad lib.
to start focus on circled pitches
widen the pitch ranges over time

intersperse multiphonic and glissandi/microtones into varied phrases
elec tracks speed/levels of activity/attack points/space and follow changes of section/idea
increasing blur the distinction between glissandi/microtones and multiphonics
create strong moments of focus, but also explore other materials in **Part II** as indicated
each time through try to make something new

Press
x 1-3

334 331 292 328 339 (+) 37 7

mp-f pushing against the established harmony (keep pitch high)
mf refocussing the harmony

play the **first block** using **A** and **B** and the **second block as clean sustains emphasizing low partials**
elec double and track activity

A rearticulation with changing pitch focus each attack (and sometimes within attacks)

vary speed/angularity ad lib.

e.g.

B add gliss/breaks with noise to the end of sustains

e.g.

Extend
x 1+

113 114 200 (+) 200 352 1 37 36

mp flickering and unstable, exploring the edges/breaks in the sound
mf-f strong + focussed, emphasizing low pitches

play using the ideas below freely combined
elec track which blocks are in play and levels of activity and fill in harmony
use briefly as a route elsewhere or a field to inhabit

A stable sustains with **either block** (+ noise bursts for **second block** only)

e.g.

B rapid flickering pitch selection with **first block** (+ occasionally stable moments)

e.g.

C sustains + wavering pitch focus + noise bursts with **second block**

e.g.

Transition

(Extend)

Transition x 1

136 118
mf-f strong sustains

40 106 107
mf stable but dissonant slabs of sound enmeshed within the texture

play as *sustains* (+ *flz. ad lib.*) or **A** and **B** as relevant to the block
*elec*s fill in harmony

A first block - sustains, each one with a crescendo, varying speed of beating ad lib.

e.g.

B second block - sustains with flickering from underblowing

e.g.

→ Closing

Block 1 x 1-3

362 88 89 44 45 65 70
mp-mf stable / angular sound complexes (blend into the texture)

play with either **A** or **B** or move between them (both + *flz. ad lib.*) — *move slowly between groups, focussing on just a few fingerings at a time*
*elec*s track activity and fill in the missing harmony

A long sustains

e.g.

B obsessive angular rearticulated patterns

e.g.

Block 2 x 1-3

22 23 26 366 48 53
mf stable but dissonant slabs of sound

p-mp within the texture (underblow if needed)

play using any combination of **A**, **B** and **C** to create a dense texture
*elec*s fill out texture (filtering materials from the second block)

A first block - long sustains + flickering trill / *flz. ad lib.*

e.g.

B second block - moderate to slowly varying pitch focus, maintaining multiphonics but emphasizing higher partials

e.g.

C second block - quiet swells (allowing underblowing at the ends of each swell)

e.g.

Closing

Coda

13a 12a
mf-f strong low + high partials

first time through remain suspended here for a long time

(+) 74 361 204 68 99 201
mp-mf constant and well-blended

(+) 264 327
mf-f disrupting the flow

(+) 18 26 357 359
p-mp refocussing on a new fundamental

(+) 14 27 30
pp-mp quietly displacing the stability

starting with only the first block, loop around the material, each time progressing as far as before or further through the blocks
 aim to play some multiphonics from each block, but not necessarily all, each time
 when moving back to loop you can return to the first block or something further on ad lib.
 play the final block only on the last repeat
 eecs track progress and shadow the harmony

play as **sustains** or using the ideas below as relevant
 eecs doubles and fills in the harmony, tracking progress

- A** dynamic swells (where marked *)
- B** free pitch focus and/or selection (where marked **)
- C** teeth modulation (where marked ***)
- D** specific notes selections (as notated)

gradually more and more still and fragile