DISSECTING THE MOLECULAR MECHANISM UNDERLINING THE INTERACTIONS WITH THE AUTOIMMUNE REGULATOR PROTEIN

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ABSTRACT

Autoimmune Polyendocrine Syndrome type 1 (APS-1) is an inherited autosomal disorder. The most common clinical features of the disease include primary adrenal insufficiency (Addison's disease), hypoparathyroidism (HP), and chronic mucocutaneous candidiasis (CMC).

APS-1 is caused by mutations in the autosomal regulator gene (AIRE). AIRE facilitates central tolerance by promoting the expression of peripheral tissue antigens (PTAs) in medullary thymic epithelial cells (mTECs), leading to the deletion of self-reactive thymocytes. It interacts with several proteins to play its role in transcription elongation. We therefore used the plant homeodomain 1 (PHD1) domain of the Autoimmune regulator gene (AIRE) to detect proteins interacting with it using a yeast-two-hybrid (Y2H) system. The latter allowed us to identify six potential partners of AIRE: Proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA), ATPase Na+/K+ Transporting Subunit Beta 1 (ATP1B1), NPC intracellular cholesterol transporter 2 (NPC2), Phosphoglucomutase-1 (PGM1), RING finger-2 (RNF2), and Syntaxin-8 (STX8). PCNA is a protein that is involved in transcription and had previously been identified by another group as interacting with AIRE, which validated our screening.

The second part of the study involved characterising the effect of APS-1 mutations on AIRE, mainly those involving its caspase activation and recruitment (CARD) and SAND (named after **S**p100, **A**IRE-1, **N**ucP41/75, **D**EAF-1) domains. Our aim was to establish a correlation between AIRE-protein interaction and APS-1 mutations. First, we showed that AIRE-CARD interacts with Bromodomain-containing protein 4 (BRD4)- Death-associated protein 6 (DAXX)- Protein inhibitor of activated STAT1 (PIAS1) via co-IP and have demonstrated that these interactions are not affected by the APS-1 T16M, L29P, L93R mutations.

We then analysed the G228W mutation in the SAND domain. This is the only known APS-1 mutation with a dominant negative mode of inheritance. We therefore measured the effect of G228W mutation on the interaction of SAND with its partner, the nuclear phosphoprotein 63 (P63). The SAND-P252L

mutation was used as a control as it is transmitted under a recessive mode of inheritance. We showed that the SAND mutant, G228W, has stronger interaction with P63 than the wild-type(wt)SAND, suggesting that SAND G228W is strong competitor of the wt-SAND for P63, and thereby affects AIRE function. In contrast, the mutant SAND-P252L and the wt-SAND both seem to interact with P63 to the same degree.

To further characterise these interactions, we measured the effect of SAND-G228W on P63 interaction using the mammalian-2-hybrid system. The interaction of wt-SAND showed a significantly higher transcription activity than mutant G228W, suggesting that the mutated form was hampering AIRE function, and hence, reducing its transcriptional activation. This result is in keeping with the theory of dominant negative inheritance effect, by which the strong affinity of G228W protein to P63 impairs the formation of the functional complexes required for transactivation. This justifies the mild phenotype that we can see in APS-1 patients bearing the G228W mutant, as it competes but does not completely prevent the wild type from interacting with P63. Moreover, when the functional activity of the interaction of p63 with AIRE was examined, a significantly higher interaction was observed between AIRE and p63 than between P63 and the SAND domain on its own, suggesting that other domains of AIRE have a role in strengthening the interaction with the protein p63. Hence, our data fit well with the unique dominant negative mode of inheritance in APS-1.

In conclusion, by understanding how AIRE operates as a multiprotein complex, we will be able to further appreciate the relationship between AIRE gene malfunction and the breakdown of self-tolerance, which promises to help unravel the pathogenesis not only of APS-1 but also of other types of autoimmune disease.

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"All life is an experiment. The more experiments you make the better." Ralph Waldo Emerson

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Aba	Aureobasidin A
AD	Activation domain
-Ade	Adenine deficient
AD	Addison's disease
AF	Adrenocortical failure
AIRE	Autoimmune regulator
ALPS	Autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome
Amp	Ampicillin
APC	Antigen presenting cell
APS-1	Autoimmune polyendoicrnopathy syndrome Type I
ATF7ip	Activating Transciption Factor 7- interacting protein
ATP1B1	ATPase Sodium/potassium transporting subunit beta 1
BCR	B cell receptor
BRD4	Bromodomain-containing protein 4
CARD	Caspase recruitment domain
СВР	Cyclic AMP response element-binding protein
CD40L	p450
CHRNA1	Acetylcholine receptor gene
CLP	Common lymphoid progenitor

CMC	Chronic mucocutaneous candidiasis
Co-IP	Coimmunoprecipitation
COS-1	African green monkey kidney cells
cTEC	Cortical thymic epithelial cell
CTLA-4	Ctotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4
CYP17A1	Steroid 17α-monooxygenase
CYP21A1	Steroid 21-monooxygenase
DAMPS	Danger-associated pattern
DAXX	Death domain-associated protein 6
DBD	DNA-binding domain
DC	Dendritic cells
-DDO	Leucine and tryptophan deficient
Direct-IP	Direct immunoprecepitation
DMEM	Dulbecco's Minimum Essential Medium
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic acid
DNA-PK	DNA-dependent protein kinase
FEZF2	FEZ Family Zinc Finger 2
FOxN1	Forkhead box N1
FOxP3	Forkhead box P3
Foxp3 ^{sf}	Scurfy mutation of the FoxP3 gene
G-1-P	Glucose 1-phosphate

G-6-P	Glucose 6-phosphate
GAD65	Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65
H3K4	Histone 3 lysine 4
H/K ATPase	Gastric hydrogen potassium ATPase
HIPK2	Homeodomain-interacting protein kinase 2
-His	Histidine deficient
HLA	Human leukocyte antigen
HP	Hypoparathyroidism
HRP	Horseradish peroxidase
IFN-α	Human type I interferons(alpha)
IFN-ω	Human type I interferons (omega)
IL-17	Interleukin-17
IL-22	Interleukin-22
IPEX	Immune-dysregulation polyendocrinopathy enteropathy X-linked
IRAK1	Interleukin 1 Receptor Associated Kinase 1
IRBP	Interphotoreceptor retinoid-binding protein
kd	Equilibrium dissociation constant
LAR II	Luciferase assay reagent II
LB	Lysogeny broth
LDB3	LIM-domain binding protein 3
-Leu	Leucine deficient

LiAc	Lithium acetate
LXXL	L is leucine and x is any amino acid
Kan	Kanamycin
M2H	Mammalin-2-hybrid
MBP	Myelin basic protein
MHC II	Major histocompatibility complex class II
mRNA	Messenger RNA
MS	Multiple Sclerosis
mTECS	Medullary thymic epithelial cells
NALP5	NACHT-, LRR- and PYD-containing protein 5
(NH2)	Amine group
NHS ester	N-hydroxysuccinimide ester
NF-ĸB	Nuclear factor kappa-light-chain-enhancer of activated B cells
NK	Natural killer
NLS	Nuclear localisation signal
NPC2	Niemann-Pick type C2
P450c17	17α-hydroxylase/17,20-lyase
P450cSCC	Cholesterol side-chain cleavage enzyme
PAMPS	Pathogen associated molecular pattern
PBS	Phosphate-buffered saline
PCNA	Proliferating cell nuclear antigen

- PGM1 Phosphoglucomutase 1
- PHD Plant homeodomain
- PIAS1 Protein inhibitor of activated STAT 1
- PPI Protein-protein interaction
- PRR Proline rich region
- PRR Pattern recognition receptor
- P-TEFb Positive transcription elongation factor b
- RA Rheumatoid Arthritis
- RANK Receptor activator of nuclear factor K
- RelB Transcription factor RelB
- RING Really interesting new gene
- RNA pol 2 RNA polymerase 2
- RNF-2 RING finger-2
- ROS Reactive oxygen species
- PGM1 Phosphoglucomutase 1
- PNGase F Peptide:N-glycosidase F
- -QDO Adenine, histidine, tryptophan and leucine deficient
- SAND Sp100, AIRE-1, NucP41/75, DEAF-1
- SD Synthetically defined
- SDS-PAGE Sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis
- SLE Systemic lupus erythematosus

STX8	Syntaxin 8
TAE	Tris-acetic acid-EDTA
TBS	Tris-buffered saline (TBS)
TE/LiAC	TE buffer/lithium acetate
TCR	T cell receptor
Tconv	Conventional T cels
TFIIB	Transcription factor IIB
TGFβ	Transforming growth factor beta
Th1	T helper type 1
Th2	T helper type 2
TRAF6	Tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR)-associated factor 6
Treg	Regulatory T cells
TNF-α	Tumor necrosis factor α
TOP2A	Topoisomerase IIA
-Trp	Tryptophan deficient
X-α-gal	5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-α-D-galactopyranoside
XCL1	X-C motif chemokine ligand 1
Y2H	Yeast-2-Hybrid
YPD	Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose
YPDA	Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose + Adenine

Chapter 1 Introduction

1. Introduction

1.1 Immunological tolerance

The mammalian immune system has evolved to give protection against a hugely varied range of pathogens and is divided, according to its nature of response, into adaptive and innate. The innate response is the first line of defence that occurs when a foreign entity is encountered (Delves and Roitt, 2000), consisting of cellular components as well as physical and chemical barriers. Initially, mucosal and skin surfaces produce anti-microbial agents and a protective shield. If these barriers are disturbed, however, the cellular components such as basophils, neutrophils, eosinophils, natural killer (NK) cells, macrophages, monocytes and dendritic cells (DCs), are recruited to the affected area to limit the entry of pathogens. The recruitment of these cellular components occurs through the expression of pattern recognition receptors (PRR). These receptors either detect conserved pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPS) or danger-associated molecular patterns (DAMPS), both indicators of cellular damage. PRRs have numerous roles, ranging from their opsonisation of invading particles, to their function in the stimulation of complement pathways, cellular death and inflammation (Akira et al., 2006, Iwasaki and Medzhitov, 2010, Vivier and Medzhitov, 2016). After infection, phagocytes including the neutrophils, macrophages, and monocytes, are the first recruited cellular components. These cells use their PRRs to detect signals that orchestrate with cytokines and chemokines to help attract them to the infected tissues. After entry, neutrophils adhere in aggregates to separate the local site and the pathogen (Lämmermann et al., 2013, Lämmermann, 2016). Furthermore, monocytes are attracted to the infected tissue, where they

mature into either DCs or macrophages. Neutrophils and macrophages share known mechanisms, such as the production of cytokines and the destruction of pathogens, either by phagocytosis or via the production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) or lytic granules (Segal, 2004, Lämmermann, 2016). Triggering of DCs at infection sites leads to the production of cytokines, which, together with those generated by neutrophils and macrophages, functions to minimise the spread of pathogens and produce cells of the adaptive immune system (Moretta, 2002, Chiesa et al., 2005).

Moreover, DC activation encourages their maturation into antigen presenting cells (APCs) that can prime T lymphocytes (T cells); therefore, allowing them to be central correspondents between innate and adaptive immunity. Nevertheless, despite the cells of the innate immune system being protective against numerous foreign substances, they are limited due to the nature of their germline-encoded and non-clonal distribution of receptors. This, in turn, minimises their pathogen recognition and thus limits their ability to protect against an evolving pathogen.

In contrast, the adaptive response is initiated to a specific pathogen that causes an immunological memory. Different cell types that evolve from such a response stem from a pluripotent lymphoid progenitor; namely, B cells and T cells. Each cell retains unique receptors for a particular antigen. Their unique antigen-specificity is a consequence of their generation of highly diverse and clonally distributed receptors: the B cell receptor (BCR) and T cell receptor (TCR) respectively. These antigen receptors, however, are not associated with germline-encoded sequences (Bonilla and Oettgen, 2010) but are produced somatically or through gene shuffling processes that occur during their

activation and development. Even though B and T cells are both stemmed from hematopoietic stem cells in the bone marrow, their later development appears in different locations (Kondo et al., 1997). The development of B cells initiates and continues in the bone marrow, whereas the development of T cell requires common lymphoid progenitor (CLP) cells to leave the bone marrow and travel to the thymus. The remaining sections of this chapter focus on T cells due to the focus of this thesis being on *AIRE* gene expression.

Naive T cells follow a series of events as soon as TCR is expressed on the surface of the cell. Primarily, the antigen recognition in TCR is tested against molecules in the thymus (Goodnow et al., 2005). Sequentially, self-antigens are presented to the major histocompatibility complex class II (MHCII). Only lymphocytes that adhere with low affinity to self-antigens via their receptors escape apoptosis. This process is known as positive selection (Vrisekoop et al., 2014). Positive selection takes place in the cortex and is distinguished by a distinctive subset of APCs known as cortical thymic epithelial cells (cTECs). Throughout positive selection, the vast majority of the thymocytes - around 90% – bind with weak affinity to cTECs, and hence fail to reach TCR signaling requests. They are consequently eliminated by neglect (Klein et al., 2014). Developing T cells that interact with cTECs, and hence reach the TCR signaling requirement, are positively selected. These then travel to the medulla where negative selection events operate. In the medulla, thymocytes come across a unique and more heterogeneous subset of APCs, including the medullary thymic epithelial cells (mTEC) and DCs. Throughout negative selection, thymocytes that bind with high affinity to self-antigens are removed by clonal deletion; a process that includes cell death via apoptosis. It should be noted

that negative selection is crucial in overcoming self-reacting lymphocytes from damaging their own tissue (Žumer et al., 2013). Besides clonal deletion, very high TCR signalling may also result in thymic differentiation into regulatory T cells (Tregs) (Fu et al., 2014). Tregs are discussed in detail in Section 1.3.5.

There are also other molecules that can enhance the perceived TCR signal strength upon thymic selection. For instance, extremely high signalling can be adjusted either by the up-regulation of negative modulators of TCR signalling, such as CD5, (Tarakhovsky et al., 1995, Azzam et al., 1998); (Mandl et al., 2013);(Persaud et al., 2014, Mujal and Krummel, 2015) or through the down-regulation of positive regulators of signalling such as CD4/CD8 (Fu et al., 2014).

1.1.2 Autoimmunity and autoimmune disease

Autoimmune disease was re-defined by Rose and Bona in 1993 to involve the following three classifications: 1) direct evidence that an infection can be reproduced in a healthy individual or animal by the transmission of autoantibodies – the immunoglobulins that are generated in response to an autoantigen – or antigen-specific T cells; 2) indirect evidence that an autoimmune disease can be triggered by immunisation with a target autoantigen or by taking autoantibodies from an autoimmune animal model; and 3) circumstantial indirect evidence of disease where autoantibodies are taken from the major target tissue of the individuals infected by disease (Witebsky et al., 1957).

In clinical terms, autoimmune diseases are divided into two major classifications: organ-specific, and non-organ-specific or systemic autoimmune disease. Organ-specific diseases can be initiated by direct cell damage as with type-1 diabetes, where an autoimmune attack is trafficked towards the β-cells

of the pancreas, leading to a decrease in insulin levels and thus high blood glucose levels (Lernmark and Larsson, 2013). Organ-specific disease can also be triggered by obstructing autoantibodies, as with Myasthenia Gravis, where antibodies hinder the acetylcholine receptors that are situated on the muscles, blocking the binding of acetylcholine and resulting in weakened skeletal muscles (Fridkis-Hareli, 2008, Atassi and Casali, 2008). Hence, cells destruction can occur either directly by T cells or via prolonged autoantibody reactions through T cells (Fujio et al., 2012). Destruction can also occur via both pathways (Betterle et al., 2002, Atassi and Casali, 2008). On the other hand, systemic autoimmune disease denotes when disease is spread across the entire body, such as with systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), rheumatoid arthritis (RA), and scleroderma. In these cases, the autoimmune response targets many organs and antigens as a result of self-reactive B and self-reactive T cells (Kindt et al., 2007); (Dzhagalov et al., 2013).

1.1.3 Etiology of autoimmune disease

The understanding of autoimmune diseases has evolved over the past century. That said, the mechanism leading to autoimmune disease is extremely complex. Various genetic factors contribute to the consequent vulnerability in most autoimmune diseases. Normally, grouping of numerous diseases and coassociation of autoimmune disease is observed in families. Furthermore, the rate of concordance in autoimmune disease is greater in monozygotic twins than in dizygotic twins (Klein and Sato, 2000). Most autoimmune diseases are polygenic, whereby numerous susceptibility genes act synergistically in the generation of autoimmunity. Most autoimmune diseases are also linked to human leukocyte antigens (HLA). The highest correlation is observed with the MHC II, However, some HLA alleles can enhance protection from autoimmune disease even when other susceptibility genes exist (Davidson and Diamond, 2001). HLA is reviewed in detail in Section 1.2.1.3. Moreover, there are susceptibility genes that function on immune cells and thereby regulate the overall immune reaction such as in the polymorphism of the CTLA-4 gene. This is crucial for down-regulation of T cell activation, which is linked with type-1 diabetes and celiac disease (Holopainen et al., 1999); Marrack et al., 2001).

On the other hand, a small number of autoimmune diseases are caused by mutations in a single gene. Thus far, the most categorised monogenic autoimmune diseases are autoimmune polyendocrine syndrome type I (APS I), autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome (ALPS) and immune-dysregulation polyendocrinopathy enteropathy X-linked (IPEX) (Davidson and Diamond, 2001). APS-1 is an autosomal recessive disorder caused by mutations in the autosomal regulator (AIRE) gene. ALPS is an autosomal-dominant inherited disease where deficiencies in the Fas protein lead to hyperproliferation of lymphocytes due to its incapability to trigger apoptosis (Rieux-Laucat et al., 1995). IPEX develops due to mutations in the Forkhead/winged helix transcription factor (FOXP3) gene: a gene that is responsible for the regulation of Tregs (Bennett et al., 2001). It is crucial to note though that patients developing an identical disease in this group of monogenic autoimmune diseases are likely to exhibit variations in the spectrum and severity of disease. Thus, it is common that relatives with an identical mutation show differences in clinical manifestations (Davidson and Diamond, 2001; Marrack et al., 2001).

Environmental factors and other genes can also contribute to the aetiology of autoimmune diseases. The trigger of many autoimmune diseases has been linked to infectious pathogens, such as viruses and bacteria, which might occur via alternative mechanisms; for instance, molecular mimicry and the secretion of sequestered antigens (Sfriso et al., 2010, Costenbader et al., 2012). Molecular mimicry occurs when an epitope resembling that antigen causes cross-reaction. For instance, the cross-reaction between cardiac proteins and streptococcal leads to rheumatic fever and cross-reactivity between the protein 2C of the coxsackie B virus and a peptide from the glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD65) and results in the initiation of type-1 diabetes (Kukreja and Maclaren, 2000; Cunningham, 2019). Antigens that are secured from immune recognition, as in the eye (immune privileged locations), can be generated throughout organ destruction and can encounter T cells, leading to restimulation and a resultant strong autoimmune response (Kindt et al., 2007, Caspi, 2008). Furthermore, stochastic events, somatic mutations, T and B cell receptor recombination, and the level of cell death may explain the variabilities in disease spectrum among monozygotic twins bearing an identical autoimmune defect (Germain, 2001; Mackay, 2005).

There are also non-genetic causes that can lead to autoimmunity, such as the stress of diseases, which can cause lymphopenia – a reduction in the number of lymphocytes. To balance this situation, the immune system switches on a homeostatic proliferation of cells, resulting in skewed lymphocyte repertoire. This would, for instance, support the development of autoreactive T cells (Ernst et al., 1999);(Sprent and Surh, 2002). Added to this, the susceptibility of disease between males and females varies in autoimmune diseases. To be more specific, the frequency of SLE occurrence is approximately 71-90% greater in women than in men. Both physiological and genetic variations also have an

impact on this predisposition. In SLE, for example, X-linked genes such as the Interleukin 1 Receptor Associated Kinase 1 (IRAK1) and CD40 ligand (CD40L) are overexpressed in women as a result of incomplete X inactivation (Tiniakou et al., 2013). Finally, female hormones can also affect the susceptibility of disease, as oestrogen supports the persistence of auto-reactive T cells (Pennell et al., 2012). The danger model is also another recognition model in the immune system, where APC is triggered only via danger signals from infected cells, and hence allows the body to distinguish between normal and harmful cells (Matzinger, 1994); (Matzinger, 2002).

1.1.4 Autoantigens and autoantibodies

The autoantigens acknowledged by the immune system to cause damage to tissues and organs are only identified for a small portion of all autoimmune diseases. This is due to the variations in B and T cell responses, as diseases develop such that the reaction relies on another autoantigen than the targeted one. This is known as epitope spreading (Davidson and Diamond, 2001). In addition, the autoimmune destruction does not always occur at all of the autoantigen sites since both autoantibodies and lymphocytes participate in destruction (Lernmark, 2001). Amongst the autoimmune diseases for which the autoantigen is identified and linked with disease are these that target the neuromuscular junction, such as in the voltage-gated calcium channels in Isaac's disease. The autoantigen glutamic acid decarboxylase (GAD) is a well-known antigen that is highly correlated with myelin basic protein (MBP) in multiple sclerosis (MS) and fibrinogen in RA and type-1 diabetes (Hayter and Cook, 2012, Lernmark, 2001).

Although autoantibodies are targeted towards the self, they class switch from IgM to IgG. This is because the concentration of antigen changes as the cells differentiate, demonstrating an elevated specificity. They hence experience affinity maturation as with normal antibodies (Plotz, 2003, Omori et al., 2006). Autoantibodies in Grave's disease, for example, affect the thyroid's cell physiology such that they do not react with desmoglein I in *Pemphigus Vulgaris* (PV). This triggers proteases, causing blistering (Davidson and Diamond, 2001). In-spite of the complications of locating the exact autoantibodies to the correct autoantigen, and thereby the disease, autoantibodies have been proven to be a vital tool for the prediction and characterisation of some autoimmune diseases. For example, autoantibodies for type-1 diabetes and thyroiditis can be identified well in advance of tissue destruction occurring. Atrophic gastritis is another disease that may have different causes, yet the autoantibodies' detection of H/K ATPase defines the manifestation as autoimmune gastritis (Lernmark and Larsson, 2013).

1.2 Autoimmune polyendocrine syndromes

Autoimmune polyendocrine syndromes are a group of rare autoimmune diseases with endocrine signs. The syndromes are classified into four groups (APS I-IV) (Eisenbarth and Gottlieb, 2004, Neufeld et al., 1981). Autoimmune polyendocrine syndromes (APS) are also a group of rare autoimmune diseases (Eisenbarth & Gottlieb 2004). The autoimmune polyendocrine syndromes are APS-1, -2, -3 and -4 (Brun, 1982); (Obermayer-Straub and Manns, 1998);(Betterle et al., 2002); Betterle & Zanchetta, 2003). They are associated with each other as well as with other organ-specific autoimmune disorders (Neufeld et al., 1981); (Riley, 1992). APS-1 and APS-2 have a common clinical

phenotype feature yet vary in their occurrence, inheritance, and onset (Eisenbarth and Gottlieb, 2004). APS-2 is a polygenic disease that is a mixture of Addison's disease with autoimmune thyroid disease and/or type-1 diabetes. Individuals do not exhibit candidiasis or hypoparathyroidism, and the onset is at adulthood with a complex aetiology (Bennett et al., 1964); Obermayer-Straub & Manns, 1998; (Michels and Eisenbarth, 2009, Obermayer-Straub and Manns, 1998). In addition, APS-2 and isolated Addison's disease show strong association with the MHC locus (HLA-DR3 and DR4 haplotypes), and both diseases are more common in females (Lebovitz, 2013). APS-3 is a heterogenous disease with autoimmune thyroid disease and at least one other autoimmune disorder, excluding Addison's disease (Neufeld et al., 1981, Obermayer-Straub and Manns, 1998). Finally, APS-4 is a group of all the clinical associations not included in the other APS subtypes, such as the presence of type-1 diabetes with hypogonidism, coeliac disease and chronic gastritis (Betterle & Zanchetta, 2003). Of the four, only APS-1 is a monogenic disorder and is further reviewed in the following section.

1.2.1 Autoimmune Polyendocrine Syndrome type 1 (APS-1) disease

1.2.1.1 Clinical phenotype of APS-1

Autoimmune Polyendocrine Syndrome type-1 (APS-1) is an inherited autosomal disorder caused by mutation of the *AIRE* gene. The most common clinical features of the disease are primary adrenal insufficiency (Addison's disease), hypoparathyroidism (HP), and chronic mucocutaneous candidiasis (CMC). APS-1 seems to occur worldwide but is more dominant in geneticallyisolated populations such as in Finns, Sardinians, and Iranian Jews (Bratanic et al., 2015, Perheentupa, 2006). A minimum of two of the clinical manifestations should arise to confirm the diagnosis of APS-1 (Podkrajšek et al., 2008), and diagnosis of APS-1 via DNA analysis is reinforced via the identification of the mutation. Interestingly, a study was carried out with Italian patients stated that the mean diagnostic delay was ten years from symptom initiation until genetically-confirmed APS-1 (Mazza et al., 2011). In addition, it has been mentioned that the existence of auto-antibodies initiated against interferons of type-1 could be utilised as a molecular diagnostic tool to confirm APS-1 (Meloni et al., 2008).

Less common clinical features include ectodermal dystrophy and endocrine deficiencies. Furthermore, autoimmune respiratory illnesses are correlated with APS-1 disease (De Luca et al., 2008), and ectodermal dystrophy occurs as nail dystrophy, vitiligo, alopecia, and enamel hypoplasia (Kisand et al., 2011). The components of ectodermal dystrophy that arise in APS-1, such as enamel and nail dystrophy, are the result of chronic infections (Collins et al., 2006, Bratland et al., 2013). Intestinal malabsorption is another manifestation that occurs in the gastrointestinal tract (Sonal et al., 2012). Other autoimmune symptoms involve pernicious anaemia, which is more frequent in adults. Finally, it has been noted that oesophageal and oral carcinoma are more prevalent in adults due to chronic inflammation in the mucosa as a result of *Candida* infection rather than lack of AIRE (Rautemaa et al., 2007);(Böckle et al., 2010) . All the abovementioned clinical features that occur in APS-1 patients are summarised based on their type in *Table 1*.

Disease component	Prevalence	Age of Onset	References						
Nonendocrine									
Enamel hypoplasia	71-79%	Childhood to puberty	(Kisand et al., 2011)						
Nail Dystrophy	52%		(Collins et al., 2006) (Kisand et al., 2011)						
Alopecia	14-38%	Puberty to Adulthood	(Perheentupa, 2006) (Wolff et al., 2007)						
Vitiligo	5-14%	Puberty to Adulthood	(Kisand et al., 2011) (Mazza et al., 2011)						
Intestinal malabsorption	21%	Childhood to Adulthood	(Podkrajsek et al., 2008)						
Autoimmune hepatitis	11-20%	Puberty to Adulthood	(Perheentupa, 2006)						
Pernicious Anaemia	10-17%	Adulthood	(Bruserud et al., 2016)						
Keratitis	14%	Childhood to Puberty	(Perheentupa, 2006)						
Oesophageal and oral	11%	Adulthood	(Bockle et al., 2010)						
carcinoma			(Rautemaa et al., 2007)						
Arthralgia with Fever	13%	Childhood	(Podkrajsek et al., 2008)						
Endocrine									
Disease component	Prevalence	Age of Onset	References						
Hypoparathyroidism	83-95%	Infancy to childhood	(Kisand et al., 2011) (Meloni et al., 2012)						
Mucotaneous Candiasis	76-100%	Infancy to childhood	(Perheentupa, 2006) (Kisand et al., 2011) (Meloni et al., 2012)						
Gonadal failure	13-36%	Puberty to Adulthood	(Kisand et al., 2011)						
Type 1 diabetes	12%	Adulthood	(Proust-Lemoine et al., 2010)						
Hypothyroidism	4%	Childhood	(Proust-Lemoine et al., 2010)						
Addison disease	61-72%	Childhood	(Meloni et al., 2012) (Perheentupa, 2006)						

Table 1. Non-endocrine and endocrine clinical manifestations that occur inAPS-1 patients

1.2.1.2 The impact of autoantibodies on APS-1

Deficiencies in self-tolerance for patients diagnosed with APS-1 result in the secretion of antibodies targeted to self-antigens (Eisenbarth and Gottlieb, 2004). Importantly, the identification of autoantibodies in APS-1 is a crucial marker for identifying autoimmune clinical features, and therefore enhances diagnosis. Most autoantibodies are tissue-specific and are directed to intracellular enzymes, such as GAD65, which is located in the pancreatic islet (Klemetti et al., 2000). NACHT-, LRR- and PYD-containing protein 5 (NALP5) is another autoantigen located in the parathyroid, and 49% of APS-1 patients that express hypoparathyroid symptoms exhibit autoantibodies to NALP5 (Alimohammadi et al., 2008). Levels of autoantibodies in APS-1 vary according to different autoimmune diseases. In type 1-diabetes patients, for example, they are low (Eisenbarth and Gottlieb, 2004). On the other hand, APS-1 patients with thymomas have a relatively increased titre of immunoglobulin G autoantibodies, neutralising type-1 interferon-alpha (IFN- α) and interferon-omega (IFN- ω) (Meager et al., 2006; Kisand et al., 2008). In CMC, autoantibodies targeted to the cytokines; interleukin-22(IL-22) and interleukin (IL-17) initiate the disease in APS-1 patients. This is because large amounts of autoantibodies targeted against IL-22 and IL-17 exist in patient serums (Puel et al., 2010, Liang et al., 2006). This result reinforces the fact that patients diagnosed with APS-1 secrete more IL-17 than healthy individuals in response to Candida (Ahlgren et al., 2011) Another study discovered dominant and autosomal recessive mutations in the IL-17 gene in CMC individuals not diagnosed with APS-1 (Puel et al., 2011). This highlights the fact that IL-17 is not necessarily linked with APS-1. Another interesting finding is that the secretion of IL-22 cytokine is lower in individuals with CMC compared to normal individuals, even when the former have been diagnosed with APS-1 (Kisand et al., 2011) Moreover, gonadal deficiency is highly correlated with autoantibodies targeted to the antigens 17α -hydroxylase/17,20-lyase (P450c17) and the cholesterol side-chain cleavage enzyme (P450cSCC) (Peterson and Peltonen, 2005). *Table 2* below presents a summary of the autoantibodies in APS-1 patients and their association with different clinical manifestations.

Clinical Manifestation	Targeted Antigen	Prevalence %	No. of affected patients	Reference
Adrenal Insufficiency	Cytochrome P450 21 Cytochrome P450 SCC	66 52	7/11 47/90	(Peterson & Peltonen, 2005) (Söderberg et al., 2004) (Wolff et al., 2007)
Mucotaneous Candiasis	IL-17 IL-22	47 47	33/70 33/70	Puel et al 2010
Autoimmune diabetes	Glutamate decarboxylase 65 Tyrosine phosphatase like protein IA-2	37 7	33/90 6/90	(Klemetti et al., 2000) (Wolff et al., 2007) (Söderbergh et al., 2004) (Meloni et al., 2012) (Proust-Lemoine et al., 2010)
Hypogonadism	Cytochrome P450 17 Cytochrome P450 SCC	44 43	5/11 12/29	(Söderbergh et al., 2004) (Wolff et al., 2007)
Alopecia	Tyrosine Hydroxylase	40	36/90	(Kisand et al., 2011) (Heino et al., 2000) (Söderbergh et al., 2004) (Meager et al., 2006)
Intestinal dysfunction	Tryptophan Hydroxylase	75	15/20	(Söderbergh et al., 2004) (Pra et al., 2004)
Respiratory Symptoms	Potassium Channel Regulator	7	7/102	(Alimohammadi et al., 2009)
Hypoparathyroidism	NACHTleucine-rich-repeat protein 5	49	36/87	(Alimohammadi et al., 2008)

 Table 2. The association of APS-1 autoantibodies to specific disease

 components

1.2.1.3 HLA/APS-1 association

As previously mentioned, human leukocyte antigen (HLA) genes are by far the most reliable genetic contribution to autoimmune disease, with almost every specific HLA antigen being associated with a certain autoimmune disease (Gough and Simmonds, 2007). Many MHC molecules can bind and hence display different peptides. For instance, the adaptive immune systems of different humans may identify and react against different antigens, albeit from an identical pathogen (van Lith et al., 2010). The MHC consists of three main loci encoding MHC classical I genes (A, B and C) and three types of genes that encode for MHC class II (DR, DP, DQ). There are also a number of MHC II chaperone genes (DO β , DO α and DM) that are crucial in selection of epitope for attachment of peptide to MHC II (van Lith et al., 2010). Moreover, the number of loci allows for diversity among humans, and thus MHC is extremely polymorphic. Therefore, it is unlikely for unrelated humans to have an identical HLA genotype. The heterogeneity is, therefore, vital for humans and for the health of the species in terms of combating and resisting infections (Sommer, 2005). In-spite of the manner in which HLA diversity is preserved, HLA genes have a substantial effect on influencing immune responses. The antigens that are known to trigger autoimmunity are guite restricted. They are displayed rarely at immune-privileged sites or T cells and are eliminated during thymic development. Specific MHC molecules may also adhere weakly to an autoimmune-associated antigens, resulting in positive selection (Gough and Simmonds, 2007). Furthermore, specific MHC molecules can have a weak ability to generate Tregs through thymic selection, hence reducing the potency for peripheral tolerance mechanisms (Gough and Simmonds, 2007). The T cells in the periphery also interact with a large number of self-antigens, and the

content of the HLA-bound antigen pool presented via APC is essential in preventing autoimmunity. Thus, HLA shown via the thymus delineate the HLA-associated antigen repertoire that the T cells may encounter at the periphery that includes peptides originating from peripheral tissue antigen (PTA) (Bunnell et al., 2002). In terms of the correlation between HLA and APS-1, the phenotypic variation among APS-1 patients is difficult to explain by variations in the allele of the *AIRE* gene, despite the emergence of various APS-1 causing mutations.

Variations in phenotypes of APS-1 Finnish patients who have homozygous mutation as well as phenotypic variations among siblings reflect the existence of other environmental and/or genetic factors that affect the disease phenotype. Indeed, the correlation of the genotype-phenotype can only be considered reliable after long-term monitoring of APS-1 patients and by separating them based on their HLA haplotypes or via any other genetic causes (Gylling et al., 2000). It has also been noted that some APS-1 diseases are associated with certain haplotypes of HLA. For instance, a research group established that HLA DRB1*03 is correlated with Addison's disease, and DRB1*04 -DQB1*0302 is associated with alopecia areata. HLA-DRB1*15DQB1*0602, however, is negatively-associated with type-1 diabetes (Halonen et al., 2002). Another research group established an identical protective effect for type-1 diabetes in the DRB1*0602 haplotype in Finnish APS-1 patients (Gylling et al., 2000). Furthermore, patients that do not have the R257X allele exhibit a low rate of mucocutaneous candidiasis (Halonen et al., 2002). Moreover, patients with a missense mutation of G228W that acts in a dominant manner show an increased rate of thyroiditis (Cetani et al., 2001). Another related finding is that

the APS-1 phenotype in Iranian Jews is milder than in Finnish populations. The former commonly manifest hypoparathyroidism yet are rarely diagnosed with ectodermal dystrophy and mucocutaneous candidiasis (Zlotogora and Shapiro, 1992). Y85C, the most frequent mutation associated with Iranian Jews, does not have an impact on the subcellular localisation of the AIRE protein and hence helps preserve AIRE's transcriptional activity. Hence, as the AIRE protein is only slightly affected, this might justify the milder phenotype exhibited by Iranian Jews (Björses et al., 2000). As with type 1A diabetes, Addison's disease can also be categorised into phases of disease progression. Individuals that are predisposed genetically exhibit autoantibodies against the enzyme 21-hydroxylase and ultimately lose the ability to generate cortisol. As discussed earlier, susceptibility is deliberated via the genes that encode MHC class II, and as with type 1A diabetes, there is a high correlation with the DR3 haplotype (Michels and Eisenbarth, 2009).
1.2.1.4 Mouse model for APS-1

APS-1 is known by the complex interaction of immune cells within the thymus. In order to generate an experimental model of APS-1, the mouse homologue Aire was cloned and characterised (Ramsey, 2002). In fact, experiments on vivo mouse models have significantly enhanced the understanding of the molecular mechanisms that lead to autoimmunity in APS-1 patients (Pereira et al., 2005). Genomic sequencing indicated that the 545 amino acid human AIRE proteins are 71% identical with the 552 amino acid mouse Aire proteins, signifying that both proteins are conserved between the species (Blechschmidt et al., 1999, Mittaz et al., 1999).

It has been reported that the background strain affects the nature of autoimmunity in Aire-deficient mice (Jiang et al., 2005). Numerous Aire-deficient mice on dissimilar genetic backgrounds have been studied, and the six strains identified by five different research groups are summarised in *Table* 3 (Anderson et al., 2002); (Ramsey, 2002, Jiang et al., 2005, Kuroda et al., 2005); (Hubert et al., 2009). Two groups generated an Aire knockout (KO) mouse on a C57BL/6 background. Ramsey's group represented a human equivalent mutation, R257X, in this mouse strain to mimic human APS-1 disease (Ramsey, 2002). The insertion of the Neo-cassette in exon 6 resulted in the early termination of Aire polypeptides in the SAND domain. Anderson's group, however, generated Aire KO mice via omitting exon 2 (Anderson et al., 2002). Both mice exhibited normal Aire gene transcript levels, yet sequence analysis confirmed that these transcripts do not result in functional protein due to the frame shift deletions in both Aire copies. Kuroda's group developed another Aire KO mouse by generating a gene-targeting vector via deleting

exons 5 to 12 by inserting a Neo cassette (Kuroda et al., 2005). This led to the deletion of crucial functional Aire domains, including SAND, PHD-1 and PHD-2. Hubert's group generated an Aire KO mouse with a disrupted PHD-1 domain at exon 8, reflecting the 13-bp deletion of human APS-1 patients (Hubert et al 2009). Niki's group had demonstrated that abrogation of Aire in NOD mice modulated the autoimmune phenotypes of NOD mice, suggesting that Aire and/or Aire+ cells in NOD mice are functionally competent (Niki, 2006).

All Aire KO mice had normal morphology in their thymic compartments, suggesting that absence of Aire does not affect thymic morphology. The expression of Aire protein, however, was aborted, either due to lack of expression or a truncated expression due to premature Aire (Anderson et al., 2002);(Ramsey, 2002, Kuroda et al., 2005); (Hubert et al., 2009). In addition, all Aire KO mouse strains lived to the expected age as their wild-type littermates, apart from the NOD mice, for whom the disease developed more rapidly, thus only enabling them to survive for up to 15 weeks compared to approximately 2 years for mice in captivity (Jiang et al., 2005). Furthermore, apart from the mice engineered by Kuroda's group, these groups reported spontaneous infiltration to multiple tissues, production of autoantibodies and infertility that accelerated with age. To be more specific, these mice were fertile, yet generated progenies only occasionally (Kuroda et al 2005).

Autoimmunity targeting multiple organs is an effect of the human APS-1 phenotype, yet these lymphocytic infiltrations never progress into any of the diagnostic classical triad: Chronic Mucocutaneous Candidiasis, Hypoparathyroidism and Addison's disease. It is well known that APS-1 has a stochastic element; hence, a difference in phenotypes among human twins (Li

et al., 2017). In addition, this might be due to the specificity of PTA, which is only regulated by human AIRE, such as the steroid 17α -monooxygenase (Cyp17a1) and the steroid 21-monooxygenase (Cyp21a1), in the adrenal cortex and not via Aire in mTEC of mice. This would explain the low pathological destruction caused by multiple antibodies and self-reactive T cells. Moreover, the capability of autoantigens to be taken up by APC for MHC binding limits the array of potential targets. Thus, MHC plays a major role in controlling the targetorgan specificity (Kuroda et al., 2005). This suggests that constraints on MHC specificity, peripheral tolerance, and antigen handling can control the damage resulting from autoimmunity (Jiang et al., 2005). Epigenetics and differences in environment may also contribute to the phenotypic variations between humans and mice (Li et al., 2017).

To further investigate the effect of genetic variations on the phenotypic differences between human APS-1 patients, Jiang and colleagues backcrossed C57BL/6J, NOD/LtJ, BALB/cJ, and SJL/J backgrounds mice to Aire-deficient mice engineered by (Anderson et al., 2002, Jiang et al., 2005) [see *Table 3*]. Aire-deficient mice displayed lymphocytic infiltrates and autoimmune endocrine destruction with minor differences in the pathology generated between the different strains. Moreover, their study established that differences in genetic background have an impact on the overall disease intensity, which varies from mild as in the C57BL/6J background to more severe in the *Aire* NOD/LtJ background mouse, where it developed elevated autoantibody production and pneumonitis (Jiang et al., 2005).

However, it is important to highlight that contradictory evidence has caused debate over whether an Aire KO mouse is an ideal candidate for the study of

human APS-1 disease (Pöntynen et al., 2006, Kekäläinen et al., 2007). For instance, a study by (Pöntynen et al., 2006) revealed that an Aire KO mouse failed to generate autoantibodies identical to those in APS-1 patients. These results were observed in the C57BL/6 mouse (Hubert et al 2009). On the other hand, trials by (Kuroda et al., 2005) and (Jiang et al., 2005) on different mice strains showed that the genetic background is highly correlated with disease manifestations. This is possibly because Aire KO mice exhibit the same defects in self-tolerance, yet the clinical manifestations are against diverse targets. Take as an example candidiasis infection, in which there is a tendency for *Candida* to affect subclinical damage areas, potentially leading to the eventual causation of CMC in APS-1 patients. Therefore, the source of APS-1 could be initiated by the development of its clinical manifestations (Guo et al., 2018). As previously mentioned, Aire KO mice do not exhibit candidiasis. This might be due to the monitoring of the mice under aseptic conditions (Ramsey, 2002). These conclusions reflect the potentially vital role of environmental factors, such as acquirement of infections, on the impact on the immune responses in Aire KO mice (Hubert et al 2009). Finally, a recent study has reported that the gene expression profile is not similar in a two genetically identical wild-type(wt) mice whose mTECs were investigated via microarray profiling. This has shown the inter-individual variability in tolerance in mice (Meredith et al., 2015). Another study has described a similar observation from gene expression profiling of wt mTECs from two thymic lobes of the same mouse, in which they exhibited higher variability in Aire-dependent gene expression rather in Aireindependent expression (Venanzi et al., 2008). This diversity might assist in identifying the cause of the variations seen in clinical manifestations among

APS-1 patients. Thus, variations in genetic backgrounds have been observed in mice just as clinical manifestation can vary between APS-1 patients (Ahonen et al., 1990); (Ishii et al., 2000). Consequently, the Aire KO phenotype is categorised by the existence of various autoantibodies against non-endocrine and endocrine organs, as with APS-1 patients. Hence, it is possible to confidently conclude that Aire-deficient mice can be used to mimic the APS-1 phenotype and are a suitable model for APS-1 (Jiang et al 2005). Aside from the mouse models, Lovewell et al. (2018) established a recombinant AIRE expression variant of the human cell line TEC 1A3(TEC 1A3 AIREhi) to study genes that are regulated by AIRE. They were able to identify a large number of AIRE-dependent genes including STAT1. The AIRE-dependent expression in this model with murine datasheets elucidated 447 conserved genes, which demonstrates that only a relatively small number of genes are regulated by AIRE, as this number had previously been thought to be more than a thousand (Lovewell et al., 2018). This suggests a variation among the set of AIREregulated genes between mice and humans, meaning it is less inclusive than the mouse models. Using this model, they also observed that STAT1 is not phosphorylated, and that the expression profile of gene expression regulated by AIRE was not affected when TEC 1A3 AIREhi cells were treated with STAT1 phosphorylation inhibitors. Furthermore, TEC 1A3 AIREhi cells treated with STAT1 shRNA did not cause any variation in the expression of the downstream genes of unphosphorylated STAT1. This suggests that these genes were directly regulated via AIRE, not the unphosphorylated STAT1. The advantages of using such a model is that inhibitors and activators can be used to identify specific functions of a mechanism (Lovewell et al., 2018).

Mouse strain	Design	Autoantibodies(%of affected)	Tissue infiltration (%)	Reference
C57BL/6J	Neo cassette insertion on exon 6	Liver (20%) Testis (54%) Pancreas (47%) Adrenal (20%)	Liver (50%)	(Ramsey et al., 2002)
C57BL/6J	Cre-lox mediated deletion exon 2	Eyes (84%) Salivary gland (10%) Ovary (16%)	Eyes (67%) Stomach (9%) Salivary gland (100%) Lung prostate (100%)	(Anderson et al., 2002)
NOD/Shi Jic	Backcrossed with AIRE-/- C57BL/6	Pancreas (100%) Stomach (100%) Kidney (100%) Liver (100%)	Pancreas (81%) Liver (92%) Lung (96%)	(Niki et al., 2005)
C57BL/6J	Cre-lox mediated deletion of exon 8	Testis (50%) Lung (75%) Salivary gland (100%) Liver (75%) Eyes (75%) Pancreas (100%)	Eyes(80%) Parotid gland(80%) Subligual gland(40%)	(Hubert et al., 2009)
NOD/LTJ	Backcrossed with <i>AIRE-/-</i> C57BL/6	Pancreas (100%) Eyes (100%) Salivary gland (100%) Stomach (67%) Ovary (33%)	Eyes (93%) Stomach (87%) Salivary gland (100%) Lung (100%) Liver (86%) Prostate (100%) Ovary (88%) Pancreas (100%) Thyroid (54%)	(Jiang et al., 2005)
BALB/cJ	Backcrossed with AIRE -/- c57BL/6	Eyes (33%) Stomach (100%)	Eyes (80%) Stomach (100%) Salivary gland (20%) Lung (50%) Liver (40%) Prostate (100%) Ovary (100%)	(Jiang et al., 2005)

Table 3: Aire knockout mouse models

1.3 Autoimmune regulator gene (AIRE)

1.3.1 Structure and properties of AIRE

The AIRE gene in humans is located on chromosome 21g22.3 and has 14 exons covering 11.9 kb of the total genomic DNA, encoding a 57.7 kDa protein (Vogel et al., 2002). AIRE controls a variety of genes in different cells. In mTECs, it is primarily localised in the nucleus, where it is condensed in nuclear bodies proximal to nuclear speckles (Abramson et al., 2010). In addition, it is located in the cytoplasm as well as in the nucleoplasm. The nature of AIRE's nuclear distribution is central to its functional domains, emphasising the role of AIRE in regulating transcription (Halonen et al., 2001). The product of the AIRE gene is a nuclear protein that is 545 amino acids in length [see Figure 1]. It has five functional domains; namely, the caspase-recruitment domain (CARD), the putative DNA-binding domain (SAND), two plant homeodomain zinc fingers (PHD), four nuclear-receptor binding motifs, and a proline-rich region (PRR) (Perniola and Musco, 2014). AIRE also functions as a chromatin-binding protein (Mathis and Benoist, 2009). Autosomal-recessive missense mutations primarily occur within the CARD domain. The CARD domain exist in pro-apoptotic proteins and is included in the oligomerisation of AIRE (Hofmann et al.). The NLS is distinguished by the existence of importin- α as it binds to importin- β to facilitate the cycle of nuclear translocation (Pemberton and Paschal, 2005). The SAND domain plays a critical role in interacting with ATF7ip (Activating Transcription Factor 7-interacting protein) -associating Aire with further epigenetic processes (Ilmarinen et al., 2005, Waterfield et al., 2014). Mutations in the SAND domain have been observed in a dominant manner and the most frequent phenotype manifested in APS-1 patients is thyroiditis (Cetani et al., 2001). The PHD domain is located within the C-terminus, which is divided by the PRR. The Zinc fingers, situated in the PHD domain are cysteine-rich domains that act as scanners for the epigenetic marker-specific modifications in histones (Musselman and Kutateladze, 2011). To be more specific, the PHD1 domain identifies the unmethylated lysine 4 H3 histones (H3K4), and therefore stimulates chromatin and orchestrates gene transcription via expressing PTA in mTECs (Org et al., 2008). The PHD2 domain interacts with protein partners that are included in regulating transcription and chromatin binding. Moreover, it maintains the mTEC transcriptome (Yang et al., 2013). Protein-protein interaction occurs in the four LXXLL motifs, which also contributes to *AIRE* gene transcription. The DNA binding activity is localised in the LXXLL motifs (Plevin et al., 2005).



Figure 1: Illustration of the functional domains of human *AIRE* **protein.** The CARD is responsible for homo-oligomerisation, inducing apoptosis, and the generation of AIRE nuclear bodies. The nuclear NLS is believed to be required for nuclear import. The SAND domain regulates the nuclear localisation and homomultimerisation of AIRE. In addition, it facilitates protein-protein interaction. PHD1 reacts with unmethylated histone H3K4 and shows E3-ubiquitin ligase activity. It has four LXXLL motifs that exist in transcriptional proteins and in proteins included in transcription in the PRR. Figure 1 redrawn from (Mathis and Benoist, 2009) using PowerPoint.

As proof that AIRE is a transcriptional regulator, a number of AIRE's molecular partners have been identified. They are classified into four functional classes: transcription, pre messenger ribonucleic acid (mRNA) processing, nuclear transport, and chromatin binding/structure. AIRE influences pre-mRNA processing, and this could possibly justify the efficiency of PTA expression in AIRE-expressing mTECs. The fully spliced RNA is thus stable and translation can be active for a prolonged period of time (Abramson et al., 2010). This facilitates the thymic display of peripheral tissue antigens, promoting selftolerance and consequently avoiding organ-specific autoimmunity (Koh et al., 2008). The cyclic AMP response element-binding protein (CBP) is a protein partner that functions as a transcriptional coactivator, as it is involved in intrinsic histone acetyltransferase activity. To emphasise, it communicates with transcription factors, adjusting the intrinsic histone acetyltransferase to be proximal to specific locations of the gene promoter in order to facilitate the modifications in chromatin necessary to carry out transcription.

It has been reported that CBP interacts with numerous transcription factors, altering its function, including its role as a nuclear hormone receptor. The fact that CBP acts as a coactivator to transcription factors has been discovered due to its linkage with transcription machinery, including Transcription factor IIB (TFIIB) and RNA helicase A (Liiv et al., 2008). Furthermore, it has been hypothesised that the acetylation of AIRE is facilitated by the overexpression of CBP and its homologue p300. Finally, acetylation occurs within the SAND domain and the nuclear localisation signal (Saare et al., 2012). The nuclear phosphoprotein 63, p63, is another protein partner that functions in controlling cell proliferation and apoptosis. The interaction depends on the SAND domain

of AIRE. In mTECS, the interaction of AIRE-p63 interaction defines the level of transcription of the gene encoding the MHCII transactivator (CIITA), which is crucial for the transcriptional activity of the MHCII promoter (Perniola and Musco, 2014).

A Yeast two-hybrid (Y2H) screen was used to detect another protein partner known as Death-associated protein 6 (DAXX), a novel protein that interacts with the AIRE protein. DAXX is an adaptor protein that is included in both regulation of the transcription pathway and apoptosis. In terms of regulating apoptosis, DAXX acts as a pro-apoptotic protein, as it activates upstream of the Jun Nuclear Kinase (JNK) (Meloni et al., 2010). The Y2H system was also utilised to identify another protein partner: homeodomain-interacting protein kinase 2(HIPK2). Co-transfection has revealed that HIPK2 is colocalised with AIRE in nuclear domains. Moreover, it has been noted that it phosphorylates AIRE and represses its transcription coregulator activity. Furthermore, it controls the promiscuous gene expression and the development of mTECs (Rattay et al., 2015). The protein inhibitor of activated STAT 1 (PIAS1) localised in the nuclear bodies is also a partner that acts as a transcriptional co-regulator.

The interaction of PIAS1 with AIRE has been analysed in vitro and by a confocal microscope. The interaction primarily occurs via nuclear matrix components and is associated with the transcriptional events that are dependent on AIRE. As with PIAS1, they concurrently trigger the human insulin promoter, a target AIRE gene, so they interact to control the activities of AIRE target genes (Ilmarinen et al., 2008). DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) is another interacting partner with AIRE. It phosphorylates AIRE at two different positions – Ser156 and Thr68 – therefore enhancing AIRE's transactivation ability (Liiv

et al., 2008). Moreover, the multiacetylation of AIRE-CARD facilitates the production of Bromodomain-containing protein 4 (BRD4) which attracts the positive transcription elongation factor-b (P-TEFb) and therefore stimulates transcriptional elongation. As a result, P-TEFb complex is recruited to RNA polymerase II, allowing the conversion of RNA polymerase II to the elongation form. This therefore activates gene expression (Peterson et al., 2008, Yoshida et al., 2015).



Figure 2. AIRE protein partners. AIRE has a role in the transcriptional elongation via binding to numerous protein partners. The binding of AIRE to DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) and to the protein inhibitor of activated STAT-1(PIAS1) facilitates its transcriptional activity. DNA-PK phosphorylate AIRE is present at two sites, and as it binds to the nuclear matrix, it collaborates with AIRE to form chromatin loops (Liiv et al., 2008). AIRE then binds with CBP (cyclic AMP response element-binding protein). This acetylates histone tail residues, promoting AIRE's access to DNA and chromatin (Saare et al., 2012). Lastly, AIRE binds to the positive transcription elongation factor-b (P-TEFb), which in turn phosphorylates the serine residues of RNA polymerase II, converting it to the elongating form. Therefore, gene expression is activated (Oven et al., 2007). Diagram inspired by (Peterson et al., 2008) and created using Adobe lillustrator.

1.3.2 AIRE expression and its impact on thymic (mTEC) development

As previously mentioned, AIRE is prominently expressed in the thymic medulla, particularly in mTECs (Nagamine et al., 1997); (Gillard et al., 2007). It is also expressed in a relatively low amount in DCs in humans (Gotter et al., 2004, Zuklys et al., 2000). Thymic medullary compartments were analysed in AIREdeficient mice. Consequently, mTECs stained negative for the marker Ulex europaeus agglutinin 1 evidenced the absence of immature mTECs (Gillard et al., 2007). Note that it is the terminally-differentiated mTECs that express Aire (Matsumoto, 2011). It was also reported that the distribution of the thymus of clinically generated Aire-deficient mice is mainly in the centre of the medulla, not in the cortico-medullary junction, as compared to the Aire-expressed thymus in wild-type mice. Furthermore, the Aire-deficient thymus lacks the thymic corpuscles; hence, its expression is vital for the growth of the normal thymus (Yano et al., 2008). In contrast, it has been stated that components of the tight junctions claudin-4 and claudin-3 are normally localised in Aireexpressing mTECs, but their expression is independent of Aire. As the thymus develops, the positive cells of claudin-4 and claudin-3 act as progenitors for cells that express Aire, confirming that Aire-expressing cells follows a unique differentiation pathway (Hamazaki et al., 2007). In addition, in Aire-deficient mice, the growth of thymocytes seizes at the final stages of its differentiation (Li et al., 2007), whilst peripheral T cells appear to be normal in mice lacking the Aire gene. Hence, defects in the Aire gene do not have an effect on nonself-antigens that recognise the TCR lineage. Actually, Aire follows a specific selection process, ensuring that balance is maintained in both central and peripheral T cells (Kedzierska et al., 2010). Analysis of the thymus-derived invariant natural killer T cells (iNKT cells) in APS-1 patients and Aire-deficient mice revealed that it was reduced in both patients and mice yet only dysfunctional in mice (Lindh et al., 2010). Defects in Aire result in the reduction of the Scurfy mutation of the FoxP3 gene (Foxp3^{sf}) in the thymus, affecting the function of the regulatory T cells (Aricha et al., 2011, Chen et al., 2005). Another study emphasised that the production of the X-C motif chemokine ligand 1 (XCL1) by *Aire* facilitates the migration of thymic DCs to the medulla, and thus facilitates the regulation of T cell development (Lei et al., 2011).

1.3.3 Peripheral tissue restricted antigens

Micro array analysis of mTECs from Aire-deficient and Aire-expressed mice has revealed that PTA expression depends on the sufficiency of Aire (Anderson et al., 2002, Kont et al., 2008). It has also been discovered that in Aire-deficient mice, PTA is the target for autoimmune reactions (Kuroda et al., 2005, Ramsey, 2002). The expression of PTA and the clonal deletion of thymocytes that reacts with antigens occurs in negative selection (Liston et al., 2003) [see Figure 3]. However, defects in Aire expression do not have any effects on the expression of ovalbumin but result in the evasion of the ovalbumin T cell clones to the periphery, leading to autoimmune diabetes (Myers et al., 2000). Hence, Aire has an effect on the depletion of clonal T cells. As mentioned, defects in Aire have an impact on regulating specific genes, such as those linked with the processing and homing of antigens including cytokines (Anderson et al.). The use of systemic H-2K promoters in transgenic models has indicated that lack of Aire gene has no impact on the deletion of the antigenspecific T cells (Liston, 2004). Moreover, deletion of such cells regulated by the thyroglobulin promoter was eradicated in Aire heterozygous mice. The T cells eventually migrated to the periphery, causing no disease. In the thymus, lack of the Aire gene and hence the loss of PTA expression could also have an effect on the function of peripheral tolerance (Kuroda et al., 2005). mTECS expressing Aire multiply rapidly in a way that enhances the expression of PTA. This therefore reduces the possibility of the DCs in the thymus engulfing the apoptotic cells, cross-presenting the PTA for apoptosis (Gallegos and Bevan, 2004). It has also been noted that Aire is responsible for the circulation of the DCs to the medulla in the thymus as well as the shift of the antigens from the mTECs to the DCs in the thymus (Hubert et al., 2011).

DCs can carry self and non-self-antigens during its migration to the thymus. As mentioned, the transfer of antigens to the DCs is dependent on Aire, emphasising the function of Aire in negative selection (Derbinski and Kyewski, 2010). In humans, it has been reported that AIRE affects the acetylcholine receptor gene CHRNA1's expression in the thymus. This gene is the central target for autoantibodies in myasthenia gravis (Giraud et al., 2007, Berrih-Aknin, 2016). Expression of Aire in monocyte's up-regulated compounds is involved in cytokine signalling and cell adhesion, implying that this expression is essential for DC homing. Moreover, DCs in Aire-deficient mice and APS-1 patients activate a relatively significant amount of T cell hybridomas (Ramsey et al., 2006). In APS-1 patients, DCs originating from monocytes secrete a high rate of tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α) as well as express more CD86, a co-stimulatory factor, with no prior stimulation (Ryan et al., 2008). Another group claimed that APS-1 patients produce reduced levels of cytokines in response to microbial stimuli, emphasising that DCs strive to fully mature without the expression of AIRE (Sillanpää et al., 2004). In addition, APS-1 patients exhibit immunodeficiency to Candida spp as a consequence of defects

in AIRE signaling pathway in DCs (Brännström et al., 2006). Defects in the functioning of DCs arise from monocytes in APS-1 patients as they exhibit a delay in the receptor-mediated endocytosis of *Candida* antigens, resulting in the decreased activation of the intracellular signaling pathway. In innate immunity signalling, defects in AIRE seem to be restricted to DCs (Hong et al., 2009).



Clonally deleted thymocyte

Figure 3. Autoimmune Regulator Protein (*AIRE*) regulates promiscuous antigen expression and induces Central Tolerance. AIRE controls the expression of peripheral tissue antigens (PTAs). PTA in the medullary thymic epithelial cells (mTECs) is bound onto MHC molecules for direct antigen presentation. mTECs die via apoptosis as soon as PTA and AIRE are activated. This results in the uptake of PTA for indirect antigen presentation by dendritic cells (DCs). Developing lymphocytes percolate via the medulla, and if the T cell receptors (TCR) sense the MHC: PTA complexes at the suitable affinity/avidity level, they are deleted by clonal deletion. Figure 3 adapted from (Mathis and Benoist, 2009) using Adobe Illustrator.

1.3.4 Regulation of AIRE Expression

In immature mTECs, up-regulation of AIRE is coordinated via the Cluster of differentiation 40 (CD40) protein and the receptor activator of nuclear factor k B (RANK).The three-dimentional meshwork of the mTECs, regulated by an epithelial cell-autonomous gene forkhead box N1 (FoxN1), is central for Aire expression in cells (Akiyama et al. 2008).

Mutations in the FoxN1 gene affect the differentiation of such cells, resulting in two-dimensional structure mTECS. This in turn reduces the expression of AIRE (Guo et al., 2011). Expression of Aire in mTECS follows a distinctive lineage that arises during the development of the thymus, emphasising the fact that mature lymphocytes are not required for AIRE expression (White et al., 2010). Tolerance loss in the Aire-dependent antigens interphotoreceptor retinoidbinding protein (IRBP) (eye antigen) and mucin 6 (stomach antigen) have also been described in Aire-deficient mice. In the thymus, lack of expression of such antigens leads to autoimmunity against the stomach and the eyes, delineating a correlation between the expression of PTA triggered by Aire and autoimmunity in Aire-deficient mice due to the initiation of harmful antibodies that targets these antigens (DeVoss et al., 2006); Gavanescu et al., 2007). In line with the evidence of PTA expression regulated by AIRE, another group demonstrated that expression of proinsulin in the epithelium of the thymus is associated with the amount of functional Aire alleles (Liston, 2004). Moreover, defects in the genes; Nuclear factor kappa-light-chain-enhancer of activated B cells (NFkB), Transcription factor RelB (Relb), and Tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR)-associated factor 6 (TRAF6) that are included in the expression of AIRE gene have given some insight in terms of defining the

pathways that are crucial in regulating *AIRE*, and hence the initiation of autoimmunity (Li et al., 2007). Another study has established a direct association among the expression of insulin and AIRE in the thymus, reflecting the regulation of insulin expression by AIRE, which therefore has an impact on T1D (Sabater et al., 2005).

1.3.5 Effect of AIRE on Treg development

The termination of immune reactions facilitated by regulatory T cells is essential for maintaining tolerance in the periphery (Cobbold et al., 2003). Regulatory T (Treg) cells primarily represent CD24⁺CD25⁺ with the potential to supress autoimmunity. Other T cells involving T helper type 1 (Th1) and T helper type 2 (Th2) mediate regulatory factors by producing specific cytokines (O'Garra and Vieira, 2004). There is also another type of regulatory T cell that is involved in the secretion of Interleukin (IL) 10 as well as the transforming growth factor beta (TGF β) (Oida et al., 2003). The expression Foxp3 Treg cells is thought to be generated by AIRE/Aire (Malchow et al., 2016). There is also a body of evidence suggesting that Aire-dependent promiscuous gene expression can induce both clonal deletion and Treg cell development in the thymus. Malchow et al. (2016) concluded that Aire promotes immune tolerance by associating these mechanisms, which involves eliminating self-reactive clonotypes from the Tconv cell compartment and promoting the differentiation of these cells into the Foxp3+Treg cells. In this study, upon dysregulation of the former process in Aire-deficient mice, the T cell clonotype that usually differentiates into Treg cells is switched into Tconv cells, directing the self-reactive T cell to enter the prostate. These type of T cells are referred to as rogue cells, which are Treg

cell-biased clonotypes that "go rogue" in the absence of Aire (Metzger and Anderson, 2011); (Malchow et al., 2016).

Moreover, organ-specific autoimmunity generated via continuous ablation of Tregs determines that the T cell pool consists of self-reactive T cells with the potential of being pathogenic, further reflecting the incomplete process of immune tolerance (Kim et al., 2007). (Malchow et al., 2016) also hypothesised that Aire-deficient mice gain autoimmunity as a result of functional deficiency in the compartment of Treg cells, which is possibly due to the absence of TRAreactive specificities. In line with this notion, (Yang et al., 2015) further showed that the relocation of perinatally-tagged Treg cells from Aire-efficient donors serves as protection from autoimmunity, whilst shifting Tregs from Aire-deficient mice does not prevent autoimmunity. Thus, the potency of developing autoimmunity in an Aire-deficient setting is linked with the generation of rogue cells in the compartment of Tconv cells. Recently, (Takaba et al., 2015) established an essential role for Fezf2 in immune tolerance. Fezf2 is a transcription factor that is induced by mTECs and promotes the promiscuous expression of PTA that is independent of Aire. Moreover, Fezf2-deficient mice display lowered fractions of Tregs in the thymus and exhibit organ-specific autoimmunity revealed by infiltration of immune cells autoantibodies in serum. Therefore, rogue cells could also initiate organ-specific autoimmunity in Fezf2deficient mice (Takaba et al., 2015).

The hypothesis and the aim of the study are outlined in the following section.

1.4 Hypotheses:

AIRE is involved in several cellular and molecular mechanisms and, as such, our hypothesis is that AIRE interacts with several proteins that have not yet been identified. Our second hypothesis is that APS-1 mutations are associated with APS-1 features, and therefore, it is possible to establish a relationship between AIRE interactions and APS-1 phenotypes.

1.5 Aims and objectives:

Given the hypotheses presented above, this thesis has the following aims and objectives.

1) Identification of new partners of AIRE.

This will be done by screening the AIRE-PHD1 protein against the universal normalised-human cDNA library in yeast-two-hybrid assay to identify proteins interacting with AIRE.

 To establish a correlation between APS1 AIRE mutations and AIRE interactions.

This will be done by analysing the effect of APS1 mutations that are in AIRE, CARD and SAND domains that interact with known proteins.

Chapter 2 Materials and methods

2. Materials and Methods

2.1 Materials

2.1.1 Solutions

TAE- 0.04M Tris-acetate (Sigma).0.001M EDTA (Sigma)

1.0% agarose gel – 1.0 % (w/v) agarose (Bioline) in TAE buffer,0.5µg/ml ethidium bromide (Sigma)

1.1XTE/LiAc – 1X Tris-EDTA (TE buffer, 10mM Tris and 1mM EDTA), 0.11M lithium acetate (Clontech)

Aureobasidin A solution (Aba) – 0.05 %(w/v) Aureobasidin A (Clontech) in absolute ethanol (Fisher Scientific)

X- α -Gal solution – 2% 5-Bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl- α -D-galactopyranoside

(Clontech) in dimethylformamide (Fisher Scientific)

Running buffer - 25mM Tris Base (Sigma), 250mM Glycine (Sigma),

0.1%SDS (Sigma)

Separating Buffer – 1.5M Tris (Sigma), pH 8.8

Stacking Buffer – 0.5M Tris (Sigma), pH 6.8

Separating gel – water, 30% Acrylamide (Protogel), Separating Buffer, 10% SDS (Sigma), 10% APS(Sigma), TEMED(Sigma)

Stacking gel – water, 30% Acrylamide (Protogel), Stacking Buffer, 10% SDS (Sigma), 10% APS (Sigma), TEMED (Sigma)

Tris-buffered saline (TBS) – 50mM Tris-Base, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl

Anti-HA Magnetic Beads- Pierce[™] Anti-HA Magnetic Beads (Thermofisher)

Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) - 100 mM sodium phosphate; 9.0% NaCl; pH 6.8 (Sigma)

Dual-Luciferase Reporter Assay System- Luciferase Assay Buffer 2 (Promega), Luciferase Assay Substrate (Promega), Stop & Glo Buffer (Promega), Stop & Glo Substrate (Promega), Passive Lysis Buffer (Promega)

BCA assay components – BCA Reagent A, BCA Reagent B, and Albumin Standard Ampules (2 mg/ml)

2.1.2 Bacteria and Yeast media:

LB agar and broth - 35g of LB agar powder (Sigma) or 20g of LB broth powder in 1L of H2O, supplemented with either 50µg/ml Kanamycin Monosulfate or 100µg/ml Ampicillin (Sigma) after autoclave.

2.1.3 Yeast media recipes:

2X YPDA, YPDA, 0.5X YPDA agar and broth.10g, 5g, or 2.5 g of YPD (Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose) (Sigma) per litre of H2O supplemented with 0.2% of adenine hemisulfate (Sigma) giving YPDA, pH 6.5. For YPDA (Yeast Extract Peptone Dextrose + Adenine) agar, including 2 %(w/v) of bacteriological agar. Synthetically defined (SD) dropout medium – 6.8g of yeast nitrogen base without amino acids (Sigma), 2% (w/v) of D-glucose (AnalaR), 0.2% adenine hemisulfate (Sigma), pH 5.8. For SD agar, including 2% (w/v) of bacteriological agar *[see Table 4].*

Supplement Selectivity	ty
Without tryptophan(-Trp)pGBKT7 in Y2	2H Gold
Diploid mated	with pGBKT7
Without leucine(-Leu) pGADT7 in Y	187
Diploid mated	with pGADT7
Without tryptophan and leucine Diploid contai	ning pGBKT7 + pGADT7
(-DDO) pGBKT7 in Y2	2H Gold
pGADT7 in Y	187
Without adenine, histidine, tryptophan and leucine(- Diploid contai	ning pGBKT7 + pGADT7
QDO)	2H Gold
	107
pGAD17 in Y	187
-Trp pGBK17 that	activate MEL1 reporter gene
+ X-α-gal	
-Leu pGADT7 that	activate MEL1 reporter gene
+ X-α-gal	
-Trp pGBKT7 that	auto-activate AUR1-C and MEL1 reporter
+X-α-gal genes	
+Aba Diploids that a	activate ALIR1-C and MEL1 reporter
denes	
+X-α-gal	
+Aba	
-QDO Diploids that a	activate, HIS3, ADE2 , AUR1-C, and
+ X-α-gal MEL1 reporte	rgenes
+ Aba	

Table 4: A list of all the synthetic drop-out medium supplements used in the study.

2.1.4 Plasmids

Plasmid	Company
pGBKT7	Clontech
pGADT7	Clontech
pcDNA5/FRT	thermofisher
pBIND	Promega
pACT	Promega
pG5Luc	Promega
pCMV3-TP63-HA	Stratech
pCMV3-DAXX-HA	Stratech
pCMV3-PIAS1-HA	Stratech
pCMV3-BRD4-HA	Stratech
pCMV3-AIRE-CMYC	Stratech

Table 5: A list of the all the plasmids that were used in this research.

2.2 Methods

2.2.1 Nucleic acid techniques

2.2.1.1 Amplification of insert

The cDNA was amplified from a previously cloned cDNA template using High Fidelity Taq DNA polymerase (Thermo fisher) following the manufacturers protocol. Reactions were incubated in a PCR thermal cycler under the following program: initial denaturation for 2 minutes at 94°C followed by 35 cycles of 30 seconds at 94°C (denaturation), then 30 seconds at an annealing temperature *[see Table 6]* and at 72°C (extension) for 1 min/kb. Reactions were later visualised on 1% (w/v) agarose gel, the product was then excised and purified using QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen). Primers used in amplification are listed in Table 7.

cDNA (Insert)	Temperature
PHD1	63
PHD1	66
SAND (600bp)	65
SAND (300 bp)	65
CARD	63
AIRE	66
fp63	55
tp63	62
PCNA	63
ΑΤΡ1β1	62
NPC2	63
STX8	63
RNF2	63
PGM1	63

Table 6: The annealing temperatures for the amplified cDNA inserts used in the study.

Primer	Forward	Reverse
pGBKT7PHD1	5' AGTAAC <u>CCATGG</u> CTCTGGCCCTCCCCAGTGA 3'	5'ATTGTA <u>GTCGAC</u> CTGCACCTCCTGGACTGTTG 3'
pFRTPHD11bp	5°CTCAAG <u>GGATCC</u> CGATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGA 3°	5° CTCGAT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCATTACAGGCAGCTGGAGCACC 3°
FRTprey	5' TGTGAAGGATCC atggagtacccatacgacgtacc 3'	(FRTATP) 5' TTCAGT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TTATCA GCTCTTAACTTCAATTT 3' (FRTNPC2) 5' TTGGAT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCATTAGAGATGAGAAACGATCTG 3' (FRTSTX) 5' TTCTCA <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCAGTTGGTCGGCCAACTGCAA 3' (FRTPGM1) 5' TTGTGA <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TTAGGTGATGACAGTGGGGGCAGTG 3' (FRTRNF2) 5' TTGTGA <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCACTGACCAATTCCAAAGAAA 3' (FRT PCNA) 5' TTCTCA <u>GCGGCCGC</u> CTAAGATCCTTCTTCATCCT 3'
FRTCARD	5' TGTGAA <u>GGATCC</u> ATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGA 3'	5' TGTGAT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCAGAAGCTGTCCAGGATG GGCT 3'
FRTSAND	5' TGTGAG <u>GCTAGC</u> ATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGATC 3'	5' TGTGAT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TCAGGGAACGCTGCCCTGCTG 3'
pBINDSANDG228W2bp	5° GTGAGAACGCGTCAATGAGAGCTGTGGCCATG 3°	5' CTCTTC <u>GGTACC</u> AGGGAACGCTGCCCTGCTG 3'
pBINDAIRE2bp	5° CTCAGTACGCGTCTATGGCGACGGACGC 3°	5° CTGAGT <u>GCGGCCGC</u> TTACAGATCCTCTTCTGAGATG 3°
pACTfp632bp	5' AACAACT <u>GGATCC</u> CTATGAATTTTGAAACTTCA 3'	5 TTCCACGCGGCCGCTCACTCCCCCTCCTCTTTGATGCGC 3
pACTtp632bp	5` AACAACAGGATCCCAATGCAGCATATCTGGGA 3`	5 'TTCCAC GCGGCCGC TCACTCCCCCTCCTCTTTGATGCGC 3'

Table 7: a list representing all the primers used in the project.

2.2.1.2 Restriction digest and ligation of purified samples into a mammalian vector

The plasmid and the purified PCR products were digested using HF-restriction enzymes (NEB) following the manufacturer protocol. Digested products were run on agarose gel to visualise the excise bands that correspond to digested empty plasmid and the digested cDNA insert. All DNA samples were purified using QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen). Each digested-purified insert was ligated to the linearised empty vector at a 3:1 ratio and incubated with T4 DNA ligase and Ligase buffer (Promega).

2.2.1.3 Site-directed mutagenesis

To introduce mutations by replacing one amino acid in the wild type AIRE-CARD and AIRE-SAND, the QuikChange II XL Site-Directed Mutagenesis kit (Agilent Technologies) was used according to the manufacturer's instructions. Primers were designed using the QuickChange Primer Design website. The site-directed mutagenesis method was carried out using a high-fidelity DNA polymerase for mutagenic primer-directed replication of both plasmid strands. Basically, the procedure involved using a supercoiled double-stranded DNA plasmid with an insert of interest and two synthetic oligonucleotide primers including the desired mutation. The primers used were between 25 and 28 bases in length and were generated to anneal to the same sequence on opposite strands of the vector. Both primers included the desired mutation in the middle flanked by sequences complementary to the template sequence.

The primers were extended during temperature cycling by the DNA polymerase. Extension of the primers produced a mutated vector involving nicks. Following temperature cycling, the PCR product was treated with DpnI endonuclease, which is specific for methylated and hemi-methylated DNA and was used to digest the parental DNA template and to select for mutation harbouring synthesised DNA. The nicked plasmid DNA incorporating the desired mutation was then transformed into E. coli XL10 Gold cells *[Table 8]*.

Mutagenic primers	Forward	Reverse
FRTG228W	5'-gaagtgcatccaggttggttgggagttctacac-3'	5'-gtgtagaactcccaaccaacctggatgcacttc-3'
FRTP252L	5'-cagcagcagtggcctgaagcctctggttc-3'	5'-cttggtctccgaagtccggtgacgacgac-3'
FRTT16M	5'- aggctgcaccgcatggagatcgcgg-3'	5'- ccgcgatctccatgcggtgcagcct-3'
FRTL29P	5'- ccttcccactgccgcacgcgctggc-3'	5'- gccagcgcgtgcggcagtgggaagg-3'
FRTL93R	5'- gctatggccggcggcagcccatcct-3'	5'- aggatgggctgccgccggccatagc-3'

Table 8: A list representing the mutagenic primers used in this research.

2.2.1.4 Bacterial cell transformation

All products were then transformed using α-select Gold Efficiency chemically competent E. coli (Bioline) following the manufacture protocol and spread on LB-agar plates including antibiotics. Plasmids were then isolated by QIA quick mini prep (Qiagen) according to the manufacturer's instructions, and the cDNA insert was verified by sequencing.

2.2.2 Yeast-2-Hybrid techniques

2.2.2.1 Yeast cell transformation

Prior to transformation, the DNA concentration of empty pGBKT7 and pGBKT7-PHD1 plasmid solutions clones were quantified using a NanoDrop. Y2HGold and Y187 cells (Clontech) were used to generate competent yeast cells following the protocol in the Yeastmaker[™] Yeast Transformation System2 (Clontech). 100 µl aliquots of 1/10 and 1/100 dilutions were spread on the appropriate SD agar plates.

2.2.2.2 Testing bait (pGBKT7) for auto-activation

100 μ aliquots of 1/10 and 1/100 dilutions of the transformation mixtures pGBKT7 PHD1 were spread on SD/-Trp, SD/-Trp/X- α -gal, and SD/-Trp/ X- α -gal, AbA agar plates and incubated for 3 days at 30°C.

2.2.2.3 Testing bait (pGBKT7) for toxicity

100µl aliquots of 1/10 and 1/100 dilutions of Y2HGold cell bearing the empty pGBKT7 and the Y2HGold transformation mixtures including either pGBKT7 or PHD1 were spread onto SD/-Trp agar plates and incubated for 3 days at 30°C.

2.2.2.4 Two-Hybrid library screening

Mate & Plate libraries are ready-made libraries that are prepared from mRNA obtained from adult human tissue lysates and pre-transformed into MAT α haploid yeast (Y187). They are compatible for mating with the yeast MAT a two-hybrid reporter strain, Y2HGold, to express bait constructs. These libraries look for interactions between a known protein of interest (bait) and their interaction partners (preys) that exist in the cDNA library (Chien et al., 1991).

Prior to screening, kanamycin was added to the Two-Hybrid screening broths at a concentration of 50µg/ml. Library screening was carried out via yeast mating following the protocol in the matchmaker Gold Yeast Two-Hybrid System user manual. pGBKT7-PHD1 AIRE cDNA passed the bait-autoactivation test and hence was screened against the normalised universal human Mate & Plate library.

2.2.2.5 Prey-plasmid segregation

All blue colonies that grew on SD/-QDO/X- α -gal/Aba were individually restreaked on SD/-DDO/X- α -gal agar plates. Single isolated colonies from the previous streaking were further re-streaked on SD/-DDO/X- α -gal to increase the chance of rescuing the positive prey plasmid.

2.2.2.6 Yeast plasmid isolation and transformation

Yeast plasmid was rescued using the Easy Yeast Plasmid Isolation Kit. All products were then transformed using α -select Gold Efficiency chemically competent E. coli (Bioline) and spread on LB-agar plates including ampicillin. The prey plasmid was then isolated by QIA quick mini prep (Qiagen) and the cDNA insert was determined by sequencing.

2.2.3 Protein analysis

2.2.3.1 Cell Line and Cell Culture

Human embryonic kidney 293 (HEK293) cells were used for transfection and biochemical assays. Dulbecco's Minimum Essential Medium (DMEM with 4.5 g/L Glucose, L-glutamine, Lonza) supplemented with 10% Foetal Bovine Serum (FBS, Lonza) was used to culture the cells. Cells were cultured in a 37°C incubator supplemented with 5% CO2. Cells were cultured when reaching 70-90% confluence. Initially, cells were washed with Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline (PBS) and then incubated with Trypsin/EDTA for 5 minutes in a 37°C incubator. A medium was added to the trypsined cells to neutralise their activity. Then, the cells were washed by centrifugation for 5 minutes at 1500 rpm. After discarding the supernatants, the cells were diluted 1:3 up to 1:10 using a fresh complete culture media and transferred to new tissue culture flasks.

2.2.3.2 Transfection of HEK293

The transfection efficiency of the pCMV-GFP was assessed in HEK293 cells (Human Embryonic Kidney Cell Line). In 6-well plates, 4 x10⁵ cells were seeded, and after 24 hours, the cells were transfected with 1 µg of DNA using FuGENE 6[®] (Promega) at a ratio of 3:1 (3 µl of FuGENE6: 1 µg of DNA), according to manufacturer's protocol. 24 hours after transfection, cells were washed with PBS and observed under fluorescence microscope (Leica AF6000LX inverted microscope) for GFP expression. For protein extraction, cells were harvested and lysed in IP buffer.

2.2.3.3 Preparation of Cell Lysates

HEK293 Cells were washed with PBS and pelleted in 1.5 Eppendorf tubes before adding the IP buffer, which consisted of 3M NaCl (Sigma Aldrich), 0.5M

PO4 (Sigma Aldrich), 1% Triton x-100 (Sigma-Aldrich). 1% Nonidet P40 (Sigma Aldrich) was supplemented with 1% Protease Inhibitor Cocktail (Sigma-Aldrich). Briefly, the cell pellet was suspended in 100 µl of IP buffer and rotated and incubated for 30 minutes in a cold room to lyse the cells. The lysates were centrifuged at 18,000g at 4°C for 20 minutes, and then the supernatant containing the protein was separated from cells debris and collected into a labelled 1.5 Eppendorf tube.

2.2.3.4 Protein quantification assay

Bicinchoninic Acid Protein (BCA) assay kit (Thermo Fisher) was used to determine the protein concentration in each sample. As per the manufacturer's guidelines, nine serially diluted protein standards in addition to 10 μ l of 1:3 diluted samples were added individually and in triplicates to the aliquot BCA working reagent. The working reagent was prepared by adding reagent A to reagent B in a 50:1 ratio, then pipetted into a 96-well plate in a quantity of 100 μ l per well. The plate was incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. A microplate spectrophotometer read the absorbed light at 570 nm. The absorbance values were correlated to the protein concentration. According to the standard curve equation produced by plotting the absorbance readings, the unknown protein concentrations were calculated using Microsoft Excel.

2.2.3.5 De-glycolysation test

20µg of glycoprotein was combined with 1 µl of Glycoprotein Denaturing Buffer (10X) and water. The denatured glycoprotein was denatured by heating 100°C for 10 minutes, chilled on ice, and centrifuged for 10 seconds. The following products were added to the glycoprotein: 2 µl GlycoBuffer 2 (10X), 2 µl 10%

NP-40, 6 µl water and 1 µl PNGase F and mixed. The reaction was incubated for 1 hour at 37°C.

2.2.3.6 De-phosphorylation test

The protein sample was combined with water to a volume of 40 μ l followed by 5 μ L of 10X NEBuffer for Protein MetalloPhosphatases (PMP), 5 μ L of 10 mM MnCl₂, and 1 μ l of Lambda Protein Phosphatase. The total reaction was incubated for 30 min at 30°C.

2.2.3.7 Immunoprecipitation

Cells were washed in PBS, resuspended in 0.1 ml IP buffer (3M NaCl (Sigma Aldrich), 0.5M PO4 (Sigma Aldrich), and 1% Triton x-100 (Sigma-Aldrich). 1% Nonidet P40 (Sigma Aldrich) was supplemented with 1% Protease Inhibitor Cocktail (Sigma-Aldrich), transferred to a 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube, and rotated for 30 min at 4°C. The lysed cells were then spun at 84,000 g (-128) for 30 minutes at 4°C.

Next, 5 μ g of immunoprecipitating antibody was added to the lysate followed by one-hour incubation at 4°C with rotation. Then, 30 μ l pre–washed protein G beads were added to the protein lysate-antibody mix and left to incubate for 15 minutes at 4°C with rotation. The sample was then placed in a DynaMag magnets (Thermofisher) to remove non-specific immunoglobulin/protein G-binding proteins (unbound-proteins). Samples were washed 3 times with PBS. After each wash, they were placed in a DynaMag magnet to remove unwanted (supernatant) residues. 30 μ l of Laemmli Sample Buffer was added to elute the protein complexes. To analyse the proteins, the beads were boiled in Laemmli sample buffer in order to remove the bound proteins from the protein G beads.

Protein samples were boiled and loaded onto a SDS-PAGE gel for separation and western blotting.

2.2.3.8 Western Blotting

The samples were denatured by heating at 95°C for 5 minutes with Laemmli buffer (Bio-Rad) and loaded onto a 15% SDS-PAGE gel. The gels were electrophoresed in Tris/Glycine/SDS running buffer at 60V for 20 minutes then 90 minutes at 120V. For immunodetection, proteins were transferred onto a PVDF membrane (Thermofisher) using an iBlot machine as per the manufacturer's protocol. The anode transfer stack (bottom) containing the PVDF membrane was located on the blotting surface of the iBlot machine. Prerun gel was placed on the PVDF membrane of the anode stack. The PVDF was covered with water pre-soaked iBlot fiter paper. The iBlot Cathode Stack (Top) was placed on top of the pre-soaked filter paper. Air bubbles was removed via the Blotting Roller. The iBlot Disposable Sponge was placed on the inner side of the lid to absorb any excess liquid generated during blotting. The iBlot™ Disposable Sponge was then placed on the inner side of the lid (between the small protrusions on the lid that hold the sponge in its place) such that the white side was facing the experimenter and metal contact was to the top right, as described below for the Mini Transfer Stack. The sponge absorbed any excess liquid generated during blotting and exerted an even pressure on the stack surface. The iBLot Lid was closed and latch was secured. Program P2 was selected to start the transfer. Membranes were placed in a tube containing 5% milk TBS to be blocked for 60 minutes at room temperature on a roller (Milton) and washed for 30 minutes with TBS buffer. Primary and secondary antibodies were diluted as per the manufacturer's protocol in 5% milk TBS-blocking buffer.

The membrane was incubated with the primary antibody at 4°C overnight with agitation, then washed for 30 minutes with TBS. HRP (horseradish peroxidase) secondary antibodies were used to incubate the correspondent membrane and incubated for 1 hour at room temperature on a roller (Milton). Before the primary and secondary antibody incubations, the membranes were washed three times for 10 minutes in TBS at room temperature in the roller (Milton) to eliminate unbound antibodies. The proteins were visualised using an ECL Plus chemiluminescence detection kit (GE Healthcare) for HRP. The membrane was visualised using the G-BOX Image Capture System (G-BOX, Syngene).

Antibody	Company
Rabbit anti-c-myc Antibody, Affinity Purified	Sigma
HA-probe Antibody (Y-11)	Santa Cruz
Anti-Rabbit IgG (whole molecule)–Peroxidase antibody produced in goat	Sigma

Table 9: A list of the antibodies used in this research.

2.2.3.9 Mammalian-2-hybrid system

The mammalian two-hybrid system and the dual-luciferase reporter assay system (Promega) was used to semi-quantify the interaction between AIRE-SAND and P63. The positive control vectors used in the experiment express two proteins known to interact in vivo, MyoD and Id. These were included in the assay kit for use as pACT- MyoD (VP16-MyoD) and pBIND-Id (GAL4-Id) fusion constructs. HEK293 cells were seeded in 12-well plates, and each well was transiently transfected with the luciferase plasmids containing the required inserts. 24 hours after transfection, the cells were lysed with 1X passive lysis buffer (Promega) and the activities of firefly (Photinus pyralis) and renilla

(Renilla reniformis) Luciferases were measured sequentially. Initially, the activity of the firefly luciferase reporter was determined by adding Luciferase assay reagent II (LAR II) to produce a luminescent signal. After quantifying the firefly luminescence, the reaction was quenched, and the Renilla luciferase reaction was measured simultaneously by adding Stop & Glo® reagent to the same sample.

2.2.4 Statistical analysis

The band intensity data was exported in an Excel file where the band intensity of each variable was measured and normalised to the total protein lysate. Comparison of data between samples in each experiment was carried using a two-tailed unpaired t-test. The luciferase data was exported in Excel where the mean firefly luciferase activity was normalised to the renilla luciferase control of four independent replicates, each performed in triplicates. Comparison of data between samples in each experiment was carried using a two-way ANOVA test. For both experiments, the analysis was performed using Graphprism software version 8 with a P value < 0.0001. Graphs were generated using Graphprism software version 8.
Chapter 3 Identification of proteins interacting with AIRE-PHD1 using the yeast two hybrid system

3. Identification of proteins interacting with AIRE-PHD1 using yeast two hybrid system

3.1 Outline

In this chapter, we will focus on the PHD1 domain of the AIRE protein. This is relevant to this thesis for the following reasons. Firstly the surface of PHD1 is negatively charged, suggesting a role in protein interactions more than in nucleic-acid binding (Perniola et al., 2014). Moreover, there is a link between PHD1–H3 interactions and autoimmune disease, which we will explore via a discussion of the reasons for APS-1 causing PHD1 mutations during *in vitro* binding and *in vivo* functional experiments (Koh et al., 2008). This emphasises its crucial role in AIRE function and is therefore a central domain for its ability to prevent mutli-organ autoimmunity (Bottomley et al., 2005; Koh et al., 2008; 2010; Žumer et al., 2012).

The aim of this present study is to identify novel proteins interacting with AIRE-PHD1 using yeast-two-hybrid library in order to widen our understanding of the function of the AIRE protein. To clone and express AIRE-PHD1 protein, the cDNA sequence encoding AIRE-PHD1 protein domains was amplified. The resultant PCR products were then cloned into the pGBKT7 plasmid, transforming them into E. coli. The purified recombinant plasmids were then sequenced and checked for genetic variations.

The plasmid that expresses the AIRE-PHD1 domain was then transformed into Y2H gold cells to be ready for library screening. This method allowed us to identify six protein candidates, including the proliferating cell nuclear antigen

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(PCNA), which had already been identified by Abramson's group and therefore validated our screening (Abramson et al., 2010). PCNA has a main role in DNA replication and in the assembly of chromatins, and thus has an impact on transcription. The second section of this chapter describes our testing of the protein expression of the newly identified samples via Western blot. We then describe the immunoprecipitation experiments that were optimised by carrying out a direct-IP for the different protein candidates before commencing to co-immunoprecipitation, a technique used to detect the protein-protein physical interaction, to further confirm interaction of protein candidates with the PHD1 domain.

3.2 Generation of pGBKT7 PHD1 AIRE cDNA for Y2H screening

3.2.1 Amplification of AIRE-PHD1 cDNA insert

In order to screen our library, first we had to clone the sequence encoding PHD1 domain of the AIRE protein into the pGBKT7 bait vector. The domain was amplified by PCR from pcDNA/FRT *AIRE* cDNA using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of Nco1 and Sal1 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends, which are also situated at the multiple cloning site of the pGBKT7 domain *[see Figures 4A and 4B].*



Figure 4. Construction of pGBKT7/AIRE-PHD1.

A. Optimisation of PHD1 AIRE cDNA.

PCR was optimized for the PHD1 domain at the following annealing temperatures: 55°C, 57°C, 59°C, 61°C, 63°C, and 65°pGBKT7 PHD1 AIRE-cDNA digestion using Nco1 and Sal1.

B. The 200 bp bands correspond to AIRE-PHD1 samples. The 7300 bp corresponds to the linearised pGBKT7.

3.2.2 Testing AIRE-PHD1 for auto-activation and toxicity

Before screening the AIRE-PHD1 domain against the Universal Human Mate & Plate[™] Library, it was important to confirm that the bait, which is bound to a DNA-binding domain, does not autonomously activate the reporter genes in the absence of the GAL4 activation domain. Thus, auto-activation and toxicity tests were carried out to rule out any false positive results. The SD/-Trp represents a synthetic drop-out media omitting tryptophan and was used as a control, reflecting the ability of pGBKT7 plasmid to synthesise this amino acid on its own. The SD/-Trp can be supplemented with X- α -gal, a chromogenic substrate for the enzyme alpha-galactosidase. Hydrolysis of X-α-gal by the alphagalactosidase, encoded by the *MEL1* gene, causes the yeast colony to develop a blue colour, indicating a yeast-two-hybrid interaction. Moreover, we added Aureobasidin A (AbA), a potent and unique yeast antibiotic that kills S. cerevisiae at low concentrations (Takesako et al., 1993). It acts by inhibiting inositol phosphorylceramide synthase, an essential yeast enzyme. Upon yeasttwo-hybrid interactions, the mutant enzyme encoded by the reporter gene AURE1-C was activated, allowing the yeast colony to confer resistance to Aba. Activation of this reporter gene also confirmed the yeast-two-hybrid interaction. Results are summarised in Table 10.

Plasmid	Selective agar media					
	SD/-Trp	SD/-Trp/X-α-gal	SD/-Trp/ X-α-gal/Aba			
Empty pGBKT7	White colonies	White colonies	No growth			
pGBKT7 PHD1	White colonies	White colonies	No growth			

Table 10: Summary of auto-activation test results. Both Empty PGBKT7 and PGBKT7 PHD1 transformed in Y2HGold cells gave white colonies when spread on SD/-Trp/X- α -gal agar plates. No colonies were observed when plated on SD/-Trp/X- α -gal/Aba plates, thus AIRE-PHD1 is unable to autoactivate the MEL1 and AUR1-C reporter genes.

3.3 Library Screening

Once we confirmed that the AIRE-PHD1 did not autoactivate the reporter genes *MEL1* and *AUR1-C*, we moved on to screen the AIRE-PHD1 bait fusion protein against the Universal Normalised Human cDNA. Mated cultures were plated on 150mm SD/-DDO/X- α -gal/Aba agar plates, which could then activate the reporter genes AUR1-C and MEL1 upon an interaction. Blue colonies, observed after 4 days of incubation at 30°C, were plated onto the more stringent SD/-QDO/X- α -gal/Aba agar plates. These agar plates lacked the amino acids, Histidine (His3) and Adenine (Ade2). As Y2HGold is not able to synthesise histidine, it is unable to grow on media that lack this amino acid. However, when bait and prev proteins interact. Gal4-responsive His3 expression allows the cell to synthesise histidine and grow on media that lack histidine. Furthermore, Y2HGold is also unable to grow on media that lacks the amino acid Ade2. Upon protein interaction, however, the amino acid Ade2 expression is activated, allowing these cells to grow on media lacking Ade2. Adding X- α -gal and Aba to these agar plates resulted in the activation of the four reporter genes: AUR-1 C, MEL1, HIS3, and ADE2. This had confirmed the positive interactors and confined them into six [see Table 11]. These interactors appeared as blue colonies in the SD/-QDO/X-α-gal/Aba agar plates [see Figure 5].

Plasmid	Selective agar media	
AIRE-PHD1	SD/-DDO/ X-α-gal /Aba	SD/-QDO/X-α-gal /Aba
	12	6

Table 11: The number of screened clones in AIRE-PHD1 domains. 12 blue colonies were observed when screened against the AIRE-PHD1 domain, which reduced to 6 clones when colonies were streaked on the high stringency plate SD/-QDO/ X- α -gal /Aba plates.



Figure 5: Positive interactions on an SD/-QDO/X/A plate. Positive interactions appear as blue colonies in the high stringency plates (SD/-QDO/X- α -gal /Aba), delineating confirmation of interaction.

3.3.1 Segregation, isolation, and transformation of interacting prey plasmid

To segregate the blue positive prey plasmid from any potential contaminants,

colonies from the highest stringency agar plates were streaked twice on SD/-

DDO/X-α-gal agar plates [see Figure 6].



Figure 6: Segregation of interacting prey plasmid. A single blue colony was streaked two times on DDO/X- α -gal plates to further segregate the prey plasmid.

Positive prey colonies were then extracted from the identified yeast diploids via streaking on SD/-Leu plates. The reason for streaking onto this type of plate is that because they are solely selective for prey colonies transformed into E. coli and hence to extract the plasmid for sequencing to identify the prey protein. Colonies appear white, as at this stage, we were not looking for an interaction. Thus, we did not include X- α -gal in the media [see Figure 7].



Figure 7: isolation of prey cDNA plasmid. A single blue colony was picked and streaked on SD/-Leu plates. The sequences were entered NCBI blastx to compare against non-redundant protein sequences.

Analysis of the sequences revealed that the proteins that interacted with AIRE-PHD1 were the following: Ring finger 2 (RNF2), Syntaxin8 (STX8), ATPase Sodium/potassium transporting subunit beta 1 (ATP1B1), Niemann-Pick type C2 (NPC2), Phosphoglucomutase 1(PGM1) and Proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA).

3.3.2 Prey DNA-binding assay

The prey proteins transformed in Y187 cells were individually streaked on SD/-Leu/X- α -gal agar plates to determine whether these could auto-activate the *MEL1* reporter gene. White colonies were observed from all prey proteins, Proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA), ATPase Na+/K+ Transporting Subunit Beta 1 (ATP1 β 1), Niemann-Pick Disease Type C2 Protein (NPC2), Phosphoglucomutase1 (PGM1), Ring Finger Protein 2 (RNF-2), Syntaxin 8 (STX8), suggesting that they did not activate the promoter of the *MEL1* reporter, which would have led to expression of α -galactosidase. Prey proteins are classified based on their known function in *Table 12*.

Protein	Function	Amino acid Position	References
PCNA	DNA replication, DNA excision repair, and in assembly of chromatins	Aspartic acid 150 to Serine 261	(Abramson et al., 2009)
ΑΤΡ1β1	Regulating the electrochemical gradients of Na+ and K+ ions across the plasma membrane.	Cysteine 159 to Serine 300	(Bab-Dinitz et al., 2009)
NPC2	Cellular cholesterol regulation in the innate immune system	Proline 90 to Leucine 151	(Frolov et al., 2013)
PGM1	Neutrophil degranulation	Glutamic acid 272 to Threonine 365	(Lyons et al., 2015)
RNF2	E3-ubiquitin-protein ligase	Glutamine 11 to Phenylalanine 309	(Bergink et al., 2006)
STX8	Protein trafficking and ubiquitin ligase activity	Methionine 1 to Asparagine 236	(Pattu et al., 2012)

Table 12: Potential interacting proteins identified in Y2H screening. The table shows a list of proteins suspected to interact with the PHD1 domain of the AIRE protein, along with their functions. PCNA has role in DNA replication, DNA excision repair, and in chromatin assembly. ATP1 β 1 regulates the electrochemical gradients of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. NPC2 regulates cholesterol in the innate immune system. PGM1 functions in de-granulating neutrophils. RNF2 is a E3-ubiquitin-protein ligase. STX8 facilitates protein trafficking and ubiquitin ligase activity.

3.4 Transfection efficiency

The pCMV-GFP expression plasmid was used as control plasmid. The visualisation of HEK293-transfected cells under a fluorescent microscope served as a tool to evaluate the transfection efficiency. HEK293 cells were transiently transfected with the plasmid, pCMV-GFP. The CMV promoter displayed a strong GFP expression in HEK293 cells 24 hours after transfection *[see Figure 8]*.



Figure 8: Visualisation of GFP transfected cells. HEK293 cells were seeded on 6-well plate and transfected with a pCMV GFP on the next day. 24 hours after transfection, the cells were assessed under a fluorescent microscope at 10x magnification. Scale bar represents 100µm.

3.5 Confirmation of protein expression

In order to validate the results that we obtained from the Y2H system via co-IP, we needed to confirm the protein expression of the isolated proteins and to optimise our immunoprecipitation experiment by carrying out a direct-IP. HEK293 cells were seeded in a trans-well plate, as described in Section 2.2.3.2. Following 24-hour post seeding, they were individually transfected with a plasmid bearing our prey cDNA. Cells were lysed and direct immunoprecipitation (IP) was carried out. IP with Cmyc-tagged beads (MYCIP) (Thermofisher) were used for AIRE-PHD1 and IP with HA-tagged beads (HAIP) (Thermofisher) were used for ATP1B1-NPC2-STX8-PCNA-PGM1-RNF2.

The results are for overexpression of total protein lysate (positive control), direct immunoprecipitation for each of the pulled down proteins, and un-transfected lysate (negative control). We managed to detect expression and to optimise a direct-IP experiment for the following proteins: AIRE-PHD1 ~ 10 kDa; ATP1 β 1 ~ 20 kDa; NPC2 ~ 10 kDa; PCNA ~ 15 kDa; PGM1 ~ 15 kDa; RNF2 ~ 40 kDa; STX8 ~ 30 kDa *[see Figure 9].*



Figure 9: In vitro transfection of the pcDNA5/FRT plasmid containing one of the following inserts: AIRE-PHD1/ATP1B1/NPC2/STX8/PCNA/PGM1/RNF2 expression plasmids. The figure shows a representative western blot of the transfected cells. HEK293 cells were individually transfected with either one of the mentioned plasmids and were lysed using IP buffer and then direct immunoprecipitation was carried out using CMYC-tagged beads for AIRE-PHD1 and HA-tagged beads for ATP1B1-NPC2-STX8-PCNA-PGM1-RNF2. The results are shown for overexpression of total protein lysate (positive control), direct immunoprecipitation for each of the pulled down proteins, and un-transfected lysate (negative control). AIRE-PHD1 ~ 10 kD; ATP1 β 1 ~ 20 kD; NPC2 ~ 10 kDa; PCNA ~ 15 kDa; PGM1 ~ 15 kDa; RNF2 ~ 40 kDa; STX8 ~ 30 kDa . MYCIP: proteins pulled down with MYC tagged IP; HAIP: proteins pulled down with HA tagged IP.

3.6 Co-immunopreciptation

After confirming protein expression in the previous section, we carried out Co-IP in order to validate the interactions that were detected in the Y2H-system. HEK293 cells were seeded in a trans-well plate, as described previously. The mammalian expression plasmids containing the isolated prey cDNA's were individually co-transfected with a plasmid containing AIRE-PHD1 cDNA. This plasmid was also co-transfected with an empty bacterial plasmid, Pet28, in order to carry out a direct IP, which was used a control. 24-hour post transfection, the cells were lysed, and a co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads, HAIP, to pull out the prey protein along with AIRE-PHD1 if they interacted. In contrast, a direct-IP was done using a cMyc-tagged bead, MYCIP, to pull down AIRE-PHD1 protein, used as a positive control. A total protein lysate containing AIRE-PHD1 was also loaded into the SDS-PAGE to confirm its overexpression in the sample. All blots were probed in the c-Myc antibody. According to the western blot results in *Figure 10* below, we did not manage to confirm any of the interactions using this method.



Figure 10: Western blot detection of co-immunoprecipated AIRE-PHD1 with each of the following proteins: PCNA-PGM1-RNF2-NP2-ATP1 β 1-STX8. co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Membranes were immunoblotted using the c-Myc antibody. Interaction of MYC-tagged AIRE-PHD1 with the HA-tagged prey proteins PCNA-PGM1-RNF2-NP2-ATP1 β 1-STX8 were validated via co-immunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the prey proteins and, if interaction existed, pull-down the AIRE-PHD1. The results are shown for direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-PHD1 using HA-tagged beads (negative control), co-immunoprecipitation of AIRE-PHD1, and overexpression of AIRE-PHD1 total protein lysate (positive control) with a band size of around 10 kD. None of the interactions were observed via co-IP.

Since we did not manage to detect any interaction between AIRE-PHD1 and the identified novel prey proteins, we decided to chemically cross-link the proteins prior to lysis and then carry out co-IP in order to check for interaction. Lysis was carried out as explained previously, and the co-IP experiment was repeated using the same controls explained in the previous section. IP samples were loaded into an SDS-PAGE gel and transferred to iBlot PVDF blotting membrane. The washing and incubation steps were described in the previous section. For protein detection, the horseradish peroxidase (HRP) substrate was added to the membrane. The results, in the following page, indicate that we did not establish any interaction, even after cross-linking the proteins. It might be that this type of test is not suitable for such interactions, especially as it has been confirmed that PCNA interacts with AIRE [see Figure 11].



Figure 11: Western blot detection co-immunoprecipated AIRE-PHD1 with each of the following proteins: PCNA-PGM1-RNF2-NP2-ATP1
ß1-STX8 following cross-linking. Prior to cell lysis, the co-transfected proteins were cross-linked via an Amine-Reactive Crosslinker. co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Membranes were immunoblotted using the cmyc antibody. Interaction of cmyc-tagged AIRE-PHD1 with the HA-tagged prey proteins PCNA-PGM1-RNF2-NP2-ATP1
^{β1-STX8} validated via were coimmunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the prey proteins and, if interaction existed, pulldown the AIRE-PHD1. The results are shown for direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-PHD1 using HA-tagged beads (negative control), co-immunoprecipitation of AIRE-PHD1, and overexpression of AIRE-PHD1 total protein lysate (positive control) with a band size of around 10 kD. None of the interactions were observed via co-IP.

3.7 Discussion

3.7.1 Choosing Y2H screening

To enhance our understanding of the molecular function of AIRE-PHD1, we aimed to identify unknown binding partners using Y2H. This system was used as it allows screening of a cDNA library for interactions with the AIRE-PHD1 domain in an in vivo yeast environment (Luban & Goff, 1995). We used the human normalised library for our screening for several reasons. Firstly, there is evidence that AIRE also exists in the peripheral lymphoid tissues (Shcheglov et al., 2007). Thus, the use of the human universal library allowed us to pick up the proteins that interact with AIRE in other tissues aside from the thymus. Furthermore, the advantage of using normalised libraries is that each cDNA is equally represented regardless of the amount of mRNA's, therefore avoiding having multiple colonies bearing the same interacting prey protein and also to maximise the likelihood of detecting low-level expressed protein (Shcheglov et al., 2007).

3.7.2 Interpretation of Y2H screening results

This system allowed us to identify six potential partners of AIRE: namely, PCNA, ATP1B1, NPC2, PGM1, RNF2, and STX8. PCNA is a protein involved in transcription and was previously identified by Abramson et al. (2010) as interacting with AIRE. We detected this interaction when we used the PHD1 domain of AIRE, suggesting that the interaction is specific to PHD1 rather than full-length AIRE, as identified by Abramson's group. The interaction occurred with PCNA specifically from the amino acid aspartic acid at position 150 to serine at position 261. Thus far, we are confident that this represents a true interaction, as it has been previously been identified by Abramson's group. PCNA interacts with proteins that are included in the cell-cycle progression,

particularly in DNA replication, DNA excision repair, and in the assembly of chromatins (Maga & Hübscher, 2003).

Our results show that RNF2 interacts with AIRE-PHD1 via glutamine at position 11 to phenylalanine at position 309. It is a ubiquitin protein ligase that facilitates monoubiquitination of lysine-119 of histone H2A and may lead to the repression of PTA expression because H2A ubiquitination is known to repress gene expression. Thus, the RNF2 may act to stall RNAP2 and hence prevent methylation of H3K4. In this case, chromatin is inactivated, causing repression of PTA (Wang et al., 2004).

STX8 is another protein that is more likely to interact with the AIRE protein. The result from the Y2H screening indicate that it interacts with AIRE-PHD1 from methionine at position to asparagine at position 236. it is a family member of SNARE, which is expressed in lytic granules and is co-localised with the T cell receptor (TCR) upon formation of immunological synapse. It has also a role in protein trafficking from early to late endosomes via vesicle fusion and exocytosis. It also functions as a ubiquitin protein ligase binding (Bhat et al., 2016). In addition, STX8 is involved in the SNARE protein machinery, which also includes other proteins such as VAMP8, vti1b and syntaxin 7. These proteins are implicated in the maturation of T lymphocytes, as they organise the thymic epithelial cells and hence the proliferation and apoptosis of developing T lymphocytes (Kanwar et al., 2008). Hence, STX8 might interact indirectly with AIRE to aid in orchestrating the thymic structure (Passos et al., 2015)

NPC2 is another protein candidate that interacted with AIRE-PHD1 via the amino acid proline at position 90 to the amino acid leucine at position 151. it is

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a protein localised in the endosome and functions to efflux the cholesterol from lysosomes. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Niemann-Pick disease, type C2 protein (Rosenbaum and Maxfield, 2011). It has been claimed that NPC2 interacts with LIM-domain binding protein 3 (LDB3) and joins protein kinase C to the cytoskeleton (Huttlin et al.). LDB3 interacts with ATP5f1, a protein that catalyses ATP synthesis bring about an electrochemical gradient of protons through the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. (Wan et al., 2015) mentioned that ATP5F1 interacts with ATP1B1, another candidate that is suspected to interact with AIRE-PHD1. In the Y2H screening, it interacted with AIRE-PHD1 via the amino acid cysteine at position 159 to valine at position 297. It belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases and to the subfamily of Na+/K+-ATPases. It is a fundamental membrane protein responsible for maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na+ and K+ ions across the plasma membrane, which are critical for osmoregulation, sodiumcoupled transport of a variety of molecules, and for excitability of nerve and muscle. At the protein level, it interacts with ATP4A; a proton pump that mediates the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of H+ and K+ across the plasma membrane and is thought to be regulated the AIRE protein (Bab-Dinitz et al., 2009). In addition, PGM1 was identified to interact with AIRE-PHD1 glutamic acid at position 272 to threonine at position 365. It is an enzyme that catalyses the bi-directional interconversion of glucose 1-phosphate (G-1-P) and glucose 6-phosphate (G-6-P).

In the first direction, G-1-P secreted from sucrose catabolism is converted to G-6-P, which is the first intermediate in glycolysis. The other direction involves the conversion of G-6-P to G-1-P, a substrate for synthesis of UDP-glucose, which

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is central for synthesis of glycoproteins (Boros et al., 2002). It had been hypothesised that the former enzyme is post-translationally modified by cytoplasmic glycosylation and is involved in the localisation of the protein (Dey et al., 1994). Antigen receptors on T cell (TCR) and B cell (BCR) receptors, as well as major histocompatibility complex (MHC), are glycoproteins. The T cell co-receptors CD4 and CD8, which are critical in dictating T cells' fates including the receptors CTLA-4, are glycoproteins, and their expression and function are dependent upon normal glycosylation. Therefore, it might be that AIRE interacts with PGM1 directly or indirectly, thus affecting the fate of glycosylation, which might influence the T cell differentiation in vivo (Lyons et al., 2015). At this stage, it is difficult with the current data to identify which interactions are true and which interactions are false positive. However, we are confident in stating that the Y2H technique has been validated due to the fact that we were able to extract one of the proteins, PCNA, that has been identified before as interacting with AIRE. For more details see Chapter 5.

3.7.3 Validation of Y2H screening results

Prior to validation, the protein expression of the identified prey protein was confirmed in western blot. Coimmunoprecipitation experiments were carried out to validate the screening results. We did not manage to detect any interaction between AIRE-PHD1 and the identified novel prey proteins. Consequently, the proteins were chemically cross-linked prior to lysis. This technique involves the formation of covalent bonds between the two proteins via bi-functional reagents containing the reactive end group, homobifunctional N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (NHS ester), which react with functional groups such as primary amines (NH₂) of amino acid residues. Co-IP was utilised to detect the physical interaction of the covalently cross-linked proteins, which was visualised in a western blot. None of the cross-linked proteins seemed to interact. This is possibly due to the nature of interaction, which might be weak and transient, and therefore is difficult to detect in a co-IP experiment.

Chapter 4 Studying the effects of APS-1 mutations on the interaction with AIRE-CARD and SAND domain

4. Studying the effects of APS-1 mutations on the interaction with the AIRE-CARD and SAND domains

4.1 Outline

It is well known that AIRE functions via elongating transcription by unleashing RNA pol 2 transcription factor, and hence activating expression of several thousand genes, coding for TRA and regulating thymic promiscuous gene expression. The mechanism by which it accomplishes this function is poorly understood. Understanding this mechanism is vital, as it would help in generating an APS1-targeted therapy (Ulmanen et al., 2005). APS-1 appears in a straightforward genetic context, and thus provides an attractive model to understand the mechanism underlying autoimmunity (Martino et al., 2016).

Previous studies have determined that AIRE exists as a heteromeric complex in the nucleus, denoting that AIRE is capable of monitoring promiscuous gene expression via recruitment of protein partners. 66.6% of APS-1 mutations occur in the CARD domain and most of the known prey protein interactions occur via this domain (Ramsey et al., 2002). The initial section of this chapter focuses on confirming the interactions of known proteins that interact with AIRE via its CARD domain; namely, Bromodomain-containing protein 4 (BRD4), Deathassociated protein 6 (DAXX), and Protein Inhibitor of Activated STAT 1 (PIAS1). Then, we describe how APS-1 mutants T16M, L29P and L93R were introduced to the CARD to test whether these pathogenic mutants affect the interactions (Abramson et al., 2016). The reason for choosing these particular mutations is that each one of them lie in a different compartment of the CARD domain. Thus, it is possible to compare if the location of the mutant could also have an impact on the interaction. Previously, Halonen's research group used a mammalian-one-hybrid assay to test the ability of wild-type AIRE as well as a number of mutants, such as T16M, to activate the transcription of the reporter gene (Halonen et al., 2004). The T16M mutation is situated in the N-terminal of CARD domain and was used here as a control in the co-IP experiment, as it has no effect on the transactivation activity of AIRE, as revealed by Halonen et al. (2004). The L29 mutation lies at the core of the CARD domain 3D model, and it has been suggested that it can alter the conformation of the helices. It is therefore worthwhile checking whether it affects the interaction of AIRE with the proteins BRD4, DAXX and PIAS1. The L93R mutation, however, is situated at the surface of the CARD 3D model, and it has been suggested that it can disrupt the hydrophobic core of the four-helix bundle of the AIRE-CARD (Ferguson et al., 2008). The location of these mutations was confirmed by Pitkanen et al. (2000) by using a three-dimensional homology model for the CARD domain in order to predict the structural alterations of APS-1 mutants affecting the CARD domain of AIRE. Therefore, it was discovered that these mutations give a good coverage of the CARD domain.

This present thesis examines the SAND domain, due to its vital role in interacting with ATF7ip – linking Aire with further epigenetic processes (Waterfield et al., 2014). Thus, studying the function of this domain is crucial and will aid in further outlining the molecular function of AIRE (Yoshida et al., 2015).

The second section of this chapter thus focuses on confirming the interaction of the protein partner P63, which interacts with AIRE via its SAND domain. Two APS-1 mutants, G228W and P252L, were introduced to the SAND domain to

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examine whether these mutants affect AIRE-p63 interaction. The reason for choosing the G228W mutant is because it is the only known APS-1 mutation with a unique mode of inheritance – dominant negative – which causes it to be ideal for the investigation of its effect on interaction with p63. Furthermore, as noted by Tonooka's research group, its interaction with p63 does not fit with how it exerts its affect in a dominant negative model (Tonooka et al., 2009). Therefore, the missense APS-1 recessive mutation P252L was used here as a control to test whether this mode of transmission behaves in the same way as with the dominant mutant G228W in terms of interaction with p63 (Ilmarinen et al., 2005).

Experiments described in this chapter involved the cloning of CARD and SAND cDNA sequences into the pcDNA5/FRT plasmid. Sanger sequencing was used to confirm the cloning prior to carrying out co-IP. Once the interactions were validated, site-directed mutagenesis was used to introduce a single-substitution APS-1 mutation into each of the cloned domains. Co-IP was then utilised again to detect any changes in interaction as a result of introducing mutants. Any detected effect on interaction as a result of introducing APS-1 mutations was further characterised by studying the functional impact of the interaction by using the mammalian-2-hybrid (M2H) system, which translates the potency of interaction as a dual-luciferase measure. Identifying known AIRE interactions affected by APS-1 mutations will shed light on the molecular mechanism underlying the pathogenesis of APS-1 and may lead to further understanding of autoimmunity (See Chapter 5 for details).

4.2 Amplification of AIRE cDNA domains

4.2.1 Amplification of CARD AIRE cDNA

The sequence encoding the CARD domain was amplified by PCR from pcDNA/FRT AIRE cDNA using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of BamH1 and Notl1 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends respectively. A fragment of 300 bp was generated, as shown in *Figure 12*.



Figure 12: AIRE-CARD amplified. The CARD domain was amplified using specific primers at an annealing temperature of 61°C. The size of band, in duplicate, is approximately 300bp corresponding to the amplified AIRE-CARD sample.

4.2.2 Amplification of SAND AIRE cDNA

The sequence encoding the SAND domain of AIRE protein was cloned into pcDNA5/FRT. The SAND domain was then amplified by PCR from pcDNA/FRT AIRE cDNA using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of Nhe1 and Notl1 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends respectively. A fragment of 600 bp was generated, as shown in *Figure 13.*



Amplified SAND at @ 600 bp —

Figure 13: AIRE-SAND amplified. The SAND domain was amplified using specific primer at an annealing temperature of 63°C. The size of band, in duplicate, are around 600bp, corresponding to amplified AIRE-SAND sample.

4.3 Digestion of pcDNA5/FRT

The plasmids were digested using the restriction enzymes Nhe1 and Not1 for SAND, and BamH1 and Not1 for CARD. The sample was electrophoresed on a gel and the resultant bands were excised and purified *[see Figure 14]*. Each digested-purified insert was ligated to the linearized empty pcDNA5/FRT and incubated with T4 DNA ligase. The resultant products were then transformed in E. coli. Plasmids were then isolated, and the cDNA inserts were verified by sequencing



Figure 14: pcDNA5/FRT digested. Two samples of plasmid were digested: one of them was with the BamH1 and the Not1 restriction enzyme, and the other one was with the Nhe1 and the Not1 enzymes.

4.4 Co-immunoprecptation

In order to confirm the interaction of AIRE-CARD protein with BRD4, DAXX, and PIAS1 proteins, a co-IP experiment was conducted. Initially, the HA tagged-cDNA constructs were individually co-transfected with the cmyc-tagged AIRE-CARD construct in HEK-293 cells seeded in trans-well plates. As a control, the cmyc-tagged AIRE-CARD was transfected in a separate well. 24 hours post transfection, cells were lysed, and proteins were quantified. Co-IP was carried out by incubating the total protein cell lysate separately with either HA-tagged dyna beads or CMYC tagged dyna beads as a control.

In Figures 15 A, B and C, from the left to right, the bands correspond to the AIRE-CARD total protein lysate (12 kD), direct cmyc-IP band of AIRE-CARD protein used as a positive control (12 kD), no band showing for Ha-IP AIRE-CARD protein (negative control), direct cmyc-IP band of protein-HA + AIRE-CARD-MYC band, another positive control (12 kD), and HA- coIP of protein-HA + AIRE-CARD-MYC band (25kD). Thus, we can confirm that AIRE interacts with BRD4, DAXX, and PIAS1 via its CARD domain. The band is approximately 25kD, suggesting that the binding to the proteins promotes dimerisation of CARD.

			Lysate	MYCIP	HAIP	MYCIP	HAIP
AIRE-CARD-MYC			+	+	+	-	-
BRD4-HA + AIRE-CARD-MYC			-	-	-	+	+
	25 kDa	-					
	20 kDa	-					
	15 kDa			-		-	
	10 kDa	1000					
(A))						
			Lysate	MYCIP I	HAIP	MYCIP	HAIP
AIRE-CARD-MYC			+	+	+	-	-
DAXX-HA + AIRE-CARD-MYC			-	-	-	+	+
	25 kDa	-					
	20 kDa	_					_
	15 kDa	1	-	-		-	
	10 kDa	-					
(В)						
			lysate	MYCIP	HAIP	MYCIP	HAIP
			_,				
AIRE-CARD-MIYC			Ŧ	Ŧ	т	-	-
PIAS1-HA + AIRE-CAI	RD-MYC		-	-	-	+	+
	25 kDa	-					
	20 KDa	-					
	15 kDa		-				
	10 kDa						
IC)						

Figure 15: Blots presenting the co-IP of AIRE-CARD against BRD4(a)-DAXX(b)-PIAS1(c). Co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Membranes were immunoblotted using cmyc antibody. Interaction of cmyc-tagged AIRE-CARD with the HA-tagged prey proteins BRD4-DAXX-PIAS1 were validated via co-immunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the prey proteins. The results are as follows: overexpression of AIRE-CARD total protein lysate (12kD); direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-CARD using cmyc-tagged beads (positive control) (12kD); direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-CARD using ha-tagged beads (negative control); coimmunoprecipitation of AIRE-CARD via ha-tagged beads (25kD). MYCIP = protein pulled down with cmyc-tagged beads. HAIP = protein pulled down by HA-tagged beads.

Having confirmed the interaction between AIRE-CARD and BRD4, DAXX, PIAS1, we introduced the APS-1 mutations T16M, L29P, and L93R via sitedirected mutagenesis, and the interaction was measured again via co-IP. In this experiment, each cmyc-tagged CARD cDNA mutant was individually cotransfected with each of the HA- tagged cDNA in HEK293 cells seeded in well plates. Cells were lysed and proteins were quantified. Therefore, an equal amount of IP lysate was either pulled out with HA-tagged beads (positive control) or CMYC-tagged beads. IP samples were heated to dissociate the proteins from its beads and were equally loaded in SDS-PAGE. In Figures16 A1, B1, and C1, the membrane was hybridised with an HA antibody in order to detect proteins captured by direct-IP. From left to right, the first four bands correspond to the direct-IP protein whilst the second four bands represent the total lysates of each protein (BRD4 ~100kD, DAXX ~ 120 kD, and PIAS1 ~ 75 kD). In Figures 16 A2, B2, and C2, the membrane was hybridised with a CMYC antibody in order to detect proteins captured by HA co-IP. From left to right, the first four bands correspond to the pulled-out proteins from co-IP samples whilst the second four bands represent the total lysates of the AIRE-CARD wild-type protein and its mutants; T16M, L29P, and L93R (CARD wild-type and its mutants' direct IP gave a band size \sim 12 kD; CARD wild-type and its mutants gave a band size co-IP ~ 25kD). We were unable to observe an effect on interaction upon introduction of these APS-1 mutations.



Figure 16: Blots presenting the co-IP of AIRE-CARD mutants against BRD4(a)-DAXX(b)-PIAS1(c). Co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Interactions of cmyc-tagged AIRE-CARD mutants with the HA-tagged prey proteins BRD4-DAXX-PIAS1 were validated via co-immunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immune-precipitate the prey proteins. The results are shown on blots A1-B1-C1: direct immunoprecipitation of BRD4-DAXX-PIAS using HA-tagged beads (positive control); overexpression of BRD4-DAXX-PIAS using HA-tagged beads (positive control); overexpression of BRD4-DAXX-PIAS1 total protein lysate. Blots A2-B2-C2 represent coimmunoprecipitation of AIRE-CARD, AIRE-T16M, AIRE-L29P and AIRE-L93R as a dimer via ha-tagged beads and bands of overexpressed total protein lysate AIRE-CARD, AIRE-T16M, AIRE-L29P, AIRE-L93R.

The second most important domain that we selected to study is the SAND. Firstly, we confirmed that the protein p63 interacts with the AIRE protein through its SAND domain via co-IP. The cmyc-AIRE-SAND/HA-p63 protein lysate was pulled out using HA-tagged dynabeads, heated for 5 min at 93°C to dissociate the IP and loaded in SDS-PAGE gel. The membrane was hybridised using cmyc rabbit antibody in order to detect the AIRE-SAND protein. In *Figure 17*, the order of bands from left to right indicate the following: total protein lysate of cmyc-AIRE-SAND (20kD + 25 kD), cmyc-AIRE SAND pulled down by cmyc antibody-tagged beads (20kD + 25 kD) used as a positive control; cmyc-AIRE SAND pulled down by HA antibody-tagged beads (negative control); cmyc-AIRE SAND + Ha-P63 protein pulled down by cmyc-tagged beads (20kD + 25 kD) used as a positive control; cmyc-AIRE SAND + Ha-P63 protein pulled down by HA-tagged beads (25kD). Only SAND's top band appears to interact with p63. It might be that SAND interacts with p63 via its post-translated modified (PTM) form. This will be further investigated in the next section.



Figure 17: Blots presenting the co-IP of AIRE-SAND against P63. Co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Membranes were immunoblotted using cmyc antibody. Interaction of cmyc-tagged AIRE-SAND with the HAtagged prey proteins P63 were validated via co-immunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the prey proteins. The results are as follows: overexpression of AIRE-SAND total protein lysate (20kD and 25kD); direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-SAND using cmyc-tagged beads (20kD + 25kD) (positive control); direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-SAND using HA-tagged beads (negative control); direct immunoprecipitation of AIRE-SAND using cmyc-tagged beads (20kD + 25 kD) (positive control); coimmunoprecipitation of AIRE-SAND via HA-tagged beads (25kD), confirming the interaction of p63 with AIRE-SAND.

4.5 Post-translational modification detection test

Since there is an obvious difference between the bands of SAND as a total protein lysate and upon protein interaction, we decided to conduct certain common PTM tests, including checking for phosphorylation and glycosylation. Firstly, we decided to dephosphorylate the AIRE-SAND to check whether interaction occurs via the phosphorylated site(s) of AIRE-SAND. Thus, the AIRE-SAND was combined with protein metallophosphatases, MnCl₂, and Lambda protein phosphatase, and then was incubated. A control sample was prepared for comparison, omitting the enzyme lambda protein phosphatase. Both samples were tested on SDS-PAGE gel giving 2 band sizes (20kD+25 kD) [see *Figure 18A1*]. The top band did not disappear after carrying out the dephosphorylation test, delineating that the AIRE-SAND protein did not undergo phosphorylation.

We then moved forward to test if the interaction occurs via the glycosylated site(s) of AIRE-SAND. Thus, the AIRE-SAND was combined with a glycoprotein denaturing buffer and allowed to be denatured by heating for 10 minutes. The protein was chilled, and the following components were added to the mixture; GlycoBuffer, NP-40, and the enzyme Peptide:N-glycosidase F (PNGase F) incubated at 37°C. A control sample was also included for comparison, omitting the enzyme PNGase. Both the deglycosylated and the control sample were tested on SDS-PAGE gel (20kD + 25 kD) *[see Figure 18A2].* Similarly, the top band did not disappear after undertaking the deglycolysation test, revealing that the AIRE-SAND protein did not undergo glycolysation.



Figure 18: Blots representing a treated AIRE-SAND protein with either lamba protein phosphatase or PNGase F. The AIRE-SAND was tested with specific enzymes to check whether it undergoes post-translational modifications (PTM). In A1 blot, the AIRE-SAND protein was treated with the enzyme lambda protein phosphatase for 30 min at 30°C. A control sample was also treated in the same conditions, excluding the enzyme (20kD + 25kD). In A2 blot, the AIRE-SAND protein was treated with the enzyme PNGase F for 1 hour at 37°C. A control sample for both tests were also treated in the same conditions, excluding the enzyme PNGase F for 1 hour at 37°C. A control sample for both tests were also treated in the same conditions, excluding the enzyme also treated in the same conditions, excluding the enzyme. The top band did not disappear post treatment, denoting that the AIRE-SAND protein did not undergo PTM in this case: glycosylation and phosphorylation (20 kd + 25kD).
4.6 Site-directed mutagenesis and coimmunoprecipitation

Having successfully confirmed AIRE-SAND/p63 interaction, the next step was to test whether specific mutations that exist in the SAND domain have an impact on the interaction. Therefore, we introduced the missense APS-1 mutation, G228W, which is a unique pathogenic mutation that acts in a dominant negative mode of inheritance. We also introduced another missense APS-1 mutation, P252L, with a recessive mode of inheritance. Co-IP and western blot were carried out in the same manner as previously mentioned. Figures A1 and B1 show the direct HAIP of the p63 protein along with the p63 total protein lysate. These membranes were probed with an HA antibody (p63 ~ 80 kD). In contrast, Figures A2 and B2 represent the co-IP of wt-SAND, SAND-G228W, and SAND-P252L via HA-tagged beads along with their total protein lysates. These membranes were probed with a cmyc antibody (wt- SAND and SAND-G228W size ~ 25 kD). Differences in interaction were only detected with the SAND-G228W mutation, reflecting its dominant negative manner. To confirm our finding, we conducted two other repeats for a total of n=3, which produced the same results [See appendix section 7.16].



Figure 19: Blots presenting the co-IP of AIRE-SAND mutants against P63. Co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Interaction of cmyc-tagged AIRE-SAND mutants with the HA-tagged prey protein P63 was validated via co-immunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the interacting protein. The results are shown in blots A1 and B1: direct immunoprecipitation of P63 using HA-tagged beads (positive control) (size ~ 80 kD); overexpression of P63 total protein lysates (size ~ 80 kD). Blots A2 and B2 represent coimmunoprecipitation of wt-SAND, SAND-G228W, and SAND-P252L, which were immunoblotted using cmyc antibody (size ~ 25 kD): overexpression of total protein lysate wt-SAND, SAND-G228W and SAND-P252L (control) (size 20kD and 25 kD).

The results of the previous co-IP experiment of p63 interacting with either wt-SAND, SAND-G228W or SAND-P252L were analysed in Image J software and the results were displayed in GraphPad Prism 8 software. In Image J, the band intensity for the coIP samples wt-SAND, SAND-G228W and SAND-P252L were quantified individually and normalised to the total lysate samples of each. The relative band intensities for both samples were displayed in a bar chart using GraphPad Prism, and a two-way ANOVA test was used to calculate the p-value. We did not establish any difference between the relative intensity of IP with p63 among SAND-P252L and the control protien wt-SAND, which was expected (P value > 0.05). However, we found a higher relative intensity of IP when p63 interacted with SAND-G228W than with wt-SAND (P value < 0.0001). Thus, the SAND-G228W has a significantly higher affinity with p63, suggesting that this type of mutation fits with the model of the dominant negative inheritance as the mutant is stronger in terms of competing against wt-SAND to bind to p63 [see Figure 20]. This result is encouraging, which led us to ask whether these differential interactions affect the transcriptional acitivity of the SAND domain of the AIRE protein. To examine that, we carried out a mammalian-2-hybrid test, which was translated through the measurement of the dual-luciferase activity. Details will be outlined in the following section [see Figure 24].



Figure 20: A bar-chart presenting the relative intensity of SAND IP with the protein p63. The bar chart results reflect the relative intensity of SAND-P252L (control), wtSAND, and SAND-G228W with the protein p63. Co-IP results for wt-SAND and SAND-G228W were repeated 3 times (n=3), and the band intensity was measured and normalised to the total protein lysate of each (P value <0.0001). The relative intensity of the control sample, SAND-P252L, was only measured once (n=1).

4.7 Amplification of SAND AIRE cDNA and G228W AIRE cDNA

To the measure the dual-luciferase activity, first we had to clone the sequence encoding SAND domain of the AIRE protein and its mutant W228 into the luciferase vector pBIND. They were amplified by PCR using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of Mlu1 and Kpn1 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends that are also situated at the multiple cloning site of the pBIND vector [see Figure 21].



Figure 21A: AIRE-SAND amplified. The SAND domain was amplified using specific primers at an annealing temperature of 63°C. The size of bands is approximately 600bp.

Figure 21B AIRE-G228W amplified. The SAND mutant domain was amplified using specific primer at an annealing temperature of 63°C. The size of bands is approximately 600bp.

4.8 Amplification of p63 cDNA

The full-length p63 cDNA and its truncated version, which excludes the TA domain, were cloned into the luciferase vector pACT. They were amplified by PCR using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of BamH1 and Not11 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends that are also situated at the multiple cloning site of the pACT vector *[see Figure 22].*



(22A)

(22B)

Figure 22A: full-length p63 amplified. The full length p63 cDNA was amplified using specific primers at an annealing temperature of 63°C. The size of bands is approximately 2000bp.

Figure 22B: truncated p63 amplified. The truncated p63 cDNA was amplified using specific primer at an annealing temperature of 63°C. The size of bands is approximately 1900bp.

4.9 Digestion of pACT and pBIND

Prior to ligation and transformation, the plasmids and the inserts had to be digested using the required restriction enzymes. The sample was electrophoresed on a gel and the resultant bands were excised and purified *[see Figure 23].*



(23A)

(23B)

Figure 23A: pBIND digested. The pBind was digested with the restriction enzymes Mlu1 and Kpn1.

Figure 23B: pACT digested. The pACt was digested with the restriction enzymes BamH1 and Not1.

4.10 Testing the functional interaction of AIRE-SAND/p63 using the mammalian-2-hybrid system

In order to test the transcriptional activity of the interaction, the mammalian twohybrid system was used to semi-quantify the interaction between wt-SAND and its mutant SAND-G228W against the full-length (f) and truncated (t) p63 via the dual-luciferase reporter assay. HEK293 cells were seeded in trans-well plates, and each well was transiently transfected with the luciferase plasmids. 24 hours post-transfection, the cells were lysed with a passive lysis buffer and the activities of firefly luciferases were measured sequentially. As expected, we found a strong interaction between wt-SAND and F63, but this was significantly lower than the positive control MyoD and ID. In contrast, this interaction was significantly higher than the negative controls (P value < 0.0001). However, the interaction was abolished when wt-SAND interacted with the truncated version of p63 (Tp63), which is comparable to the negative controls (P value < 0.0001). This in turn, reflects the importance of the TA domain for p63 interaction. Interestingly, when the mutant SAND-G228W interacted with either Fp63 or Tp63, the interaction was also abolished, indicating that this mutation plays the same role as the Tp63 in impeding the interaction (P value < 0.0001) [see Figure 24].



Figure 24: Dual-luciferase activity results of SAND and its mutant, G228W, against p63. The mammalian two-hybrid system Promega was used to semi-quantify the interaction between wt-SAND and its mutant G228W against and full-length (f) and truncated (t) p63 via the dual-luciferase reporter assay. We found a strong interaction between wt-SAND and F63, but this was significantly lower than the positive controls, MyoD and ID. Conversly, this interaction was significantly higher than the negative controls (P value < 0.0001). However, the interaction was abolished when wt-SAND interacted with Tp63, which is comparable to the negative controls (P value < 0.0001), reflecting the importance of the TA domain for p63 interaction. Moreover, when the mutant SAND-G228W interacted with either Fp63 or Tp63, the interaction was also abolished, indicating that this mutation plays the same role as the Tp63 in impeding the interaction (P value < 0.0001). Data shown in the bar chart represent the mean firefly luciferase activity normalised to the renilla luciferase control of four independent replicates, each performed in triplicates. The asterisks indicate statistical significance and P values from the two-way ANOVA test.

4.11 Amplification of AIRE cDNA and digestion of pBIND

We then moved on to test if the SAND-p63 interaction is affected by the other domains of AIRE. In order to test the AIRE-p63 interaction, we cloned the full length AIRE into the luciferase vector, pBIND, and then we introduced the APS-1 dominant negative mutation, G228W, via site-directed mutagenesis. The sample was amplified by PCR using domain-specific primers that allowed the introduction of Mlu1 and Not1 restriction sites at the domain's 5' and 3' ends that are also situated at the multiple cloning site of the pBIND vector *[see Figures 25 and 26].*



Amplified full-length AIRE at @ 1700 bp —

Figure 25: full-length AIRE amplified. The full-length AIRE cDNA was amplified using domain-specific primers at an annealing temperature of 57°C. The size of bands is approximately 1700bpPrior to ligation and transformation, the pBIND plasmid and the amplified full-length AIRE insert had to be digested using the restriction enzymes Mlu1 and Not1.



Figure 26: pBIND digested. The pBind plasmid was digested with the restriction enzymes Mlu1 and Not1.

4.12 Testing the functional interaction of full-length and mutated AIRE proteins using the mammalian-2-hybrid system

Once we confirmed the cloning of the full-length AIRE into the pBIND, we tested the interaction of wt-AIRE and AIRE-G228W against both the full-length and the truncated p63 to determine if the other domains of AIRE have a role in strengthening the interaction with p63. Therefore, we measured the transcriptional activity of the interaction using the mammalian-2-hybrid system, as discussed in the previous section. As mentioned before, the activity of the firefly luciferase reporter was quantified and then quenched so that the Renilla luciferase activity could be measured. The trancriptional activity of the full length AIRE interacting with Fp63 was significantly higher than when F63 interacts with the SANDdomain, suggesting the participation of other AIRE domains in enhancing the interaction (P value < 0.0001). However, this interaction was significantly lower than the positive control results (P value < 0.0001). In contrast, when either the full-length AIRE or the AIRE-SAND interacted with Tp63, the reaction was dimished, confirming the role of the TA domain of p63 in facilitating the interaction. This result is also comparable with the negative control results (P value < 0.0001). The interaction was also abolished when wt-AIRE or wt-SAND interacted with Fp63, which further confirms the role of this mutant, which has the same effect as when we truncated the TA from p63 (P value < 0.0001) [see Figure 27].



Figure 27: Dual-luciferase activity results of AIRE and the mutant G228W against p63. The mammalian two-hybrid system Promega was used to semiquantify the interaction using the dual-luciferase assay between wt-AIRE and its mutant AIRE-G228W against and full-length (f) and truncated (t) p63. We then compared the results with the previous SAND-p63 M2H experiment. The trancriptional activity of wt-AIREG228 interacting with Fp63 was substantially higher than when F63 interacts with the wt-SAND domain, explaining the participation of other AIRE domains in facilitating the interaction (P value < 0.0001). However, this interaction was significantly lower than the positive control results (P value < 0.0001). However, when either wt-AIRE or wt-SAND interacted with Tp63, the reaction was abolished, confirming the role of the TA domain of p63 in facilitating the interaction. This result is also comparable with the negative control results (P value < 0.0001). The interaction was also dimished when AIRE-G228W or SAND-G228W interacted with Fp63, which further confirms the role of this mutant, which has the same activity as when we truncated the TA from p63 (P value < 0.0001). Data shown in the bar chart represents the mean firefly luciferase activity normalised to the renilla luciferase control of four independent replicates, each performed in triplicate. Asterisks indicate statistical significance and P values from the two-way ANOVA test.

4.13 Discussion

Our aim in these experiments was to determine whether APS-1 mutations affect AIRE protein interactions. Initially, we began by confirming that AIRE-CARD interacts with BRD4-DAXX-PIAS1 via co-IP. We confirmed the interactions and observed that the band size of pulled-out AIRE-CARD from a co-IP protein sample is greater than the band size of AIRE-CARD pulled out from a direct IP protein sample, indicating that the binding to the proteins actually promotes dimerisation of CARD. We have also shown that these interactions are not affected by the following recessive mutations: T16M, L29P and L93R [see Figures 15 and 16]. The reason for this might be that these mutations are involved in other AIRE-protein interactions, or it could be that the effects of these pathogenic mutants on the mentioned interactions are so weak that they cannot be revealed in a co-IP experiment. As mentioned earlier, the CARD domain is mainly linked to AIRE's dimerisation, so mutants at this domain exhibit very little transcriptional activity, especially if CARD was used on its own rather than the full-length AIRE (Sparks et al., 2016). Therefore, a difference in interaction might be detected if the mutants were introduced to the full-length AIRE rather than the CARD domain itself, as the existence of the remaining domains might aid in facilitating the interaction (Liiv et al., 2008).

We also confirmed that the interaction of the protein p63 with AIRE occurs via the SAND domain. It seems that the interaction only occurs via SAND's top band, as seen in the co-IP experiment [see Figure 17]. De-phosphorylation and de-glycolysation tests were applied to the SAND protein to check whether the interaction is via the post-translationally modified SAND protein. The result suggests that this is not the case, as there are not any considerable differences in bands between the SAND and the post-translationally modified SAND upon interaction with p63 [see Figure 18]. However, we managed to demonstrate that the SAND mutant, G228W, interacts more strongly than the wt-SAND with the protein P63 due to its interference with the homodimerisation activity of the wildtype AIRE. It therefore influences the activity of the normal allele, hindering its function (Cetani et al., 2001). The recessive mutant P252L was also tested in terms of its interaction against p63 as a control [see Figure 18]. That is because, the mutant G228W follows a more dispersed pattern in the nucleus, whilst P252L exists as concentrated specks in the nucleus as with the wild-type AIRE, reflecting the level of transcriptional activation (Sparks et al., 2016). This is an exciting result, as it contradicts that of (Tonooka et al., 2009) previously. They conducted a co-IP experiment to show the interaction of wt-SAND with p63 and its mutant G228W with p63 and found that the interaction of the mutant with p63 is weaker than the wild-type SAND. Thus, correlates to the function (i.e. translated into functional), which does not make sense. What we found suggests that the interaction is not translated into function, which does give a rational explanation with the dominant negative inheritance of this APS-1 mutation.

Moreover, we wanted to determine the mechanism of interaction of SAND-p63 and to explain the unique model of dominant negative inheritance. Hence, we moved on to study the functional impact of this interesting interaction. To do this, the dual-luciferase activity was measured for the following interactions: wtSAND-p63 and G228W-p63. The results suggest that the interaction of the wt-SAND exerts a higher transcription activity when interacted with p63 than with its mutant, G228W. This in turn reflects the action of this mutant in

impeding AIRE function, hence reducing its transcriptional activation *[see Figure 24]* (Sparks et al., 2016). This is in line with the results of Halonen's group, where they visualised the subcellular localisation of wt-AIRE and its mutant, G228W. They cloned the cDNAs in mammalian expression vectors and expressed them in African green monkey kidney (COS-1) cells. These cells were examined using immunofluorescence. The wt-AIRE was localised in both the cytoplasm and the nucleus. In the cytoplasm, it is associated with filamentous structures whereas in the nucleus they exist as nuclear dots (Halonen et al., 2001). In contrast, G228W mutant greatly decreased the association of AIRE with the cytoplasmic filaments as well as in the nuclear dots, where they were detected as clump-liked aggregates (Halonen et al., 2001). Consequently, this mutation restricts the attachment of AIRE to the nuclear dots, leading to intracellular aggregation. This in turn results in the mislocalisation of the AIRE wild-type protein, which has been linked to the inhibition of its transactivation capacity (Sparks et al., 2016).

Our results are in keeping with the hypothesis of dominant negative inheritance effect, by which the G228W protein, through its association with wt-AIRE, prevents it from developing the complexes required for transactivation. Furthermore, we proved that AIRE-SAND binds to p63 via its TA domain (Tonooka et al., 2009). This was confirmed by measuring the functional impact of the interaction with the truncated version of p63 *[see Figure 24]*. According to the dual-luciferase activity results, the interaction was abolished. This implies that p63 which lacks its TA domain cannot bind to AIRE-SAND. We later decided to test the functional activity of the interaction of p63 with AIRE as a whole protein to test whether the interaction is similar. The pathogenic mutant

G228W was also introduced to the full-length AIRE rather than only the SAND domain. We can conclude that we managed to establish a higher interaction when the full-length AIRE interacted with p63 than with the SAND domain on its own, suggesting that other domains of AIRE have a role in prolonging the interaction with the protein p63, which was also observed when the mutant G228W was introduced to the full-length AIRE *[see Figure 27]*. In conclusion, the mutant G228W is a strong competitor to wt-SAND, yet the wild type can still bind to the protein complex, including p63, and be partially active. This explains the mild phenotype that we can see in APS-1 patients bearing the G228W mutant.

Chapter 5 General discussion and future work

5. General discussion and future work

The protein AIRE functions by elongating transcription as it unleashes RNA pol 2 transcription factor and thereby activates expression of thousands of genes that code for PTA and facilitate thymic promiscuous gene expression. However, the mechanism by which it accomplishes this function is still not clear. Characterising this mechanism is crucial, as it would help in producing an APS1-targeted therapy (Ulmanen et al., 2005).

APS-1 appears in a straightforward genetic context, and thus provides a promising model to understand the mechanism underlying autoimmunity (De Martino et al., 2016). The interaction of molecules in monogenic autoimmune diseases is perhaps involved in the same complex as in polygenic disorders, such as the links between Aire-expressing mTECS and the development of Foxp3-expressing regulatory T cells. This is because communications between developing T cells and mTECS thymic stromal cells can drive thymocytes into the Treg cell lineage by signalling through the TCR and accessory molecules, such as CD28, CD40, LFA-1 or B7, which co-operate with their ligands expressed via mTECS. This activates Tregs and thus drive thymocytes into the Treg cell lineage (Nomura and Sakaguchi, 2007). Consequently, it activates expression of Foxp3, which is needed to control the expression of many other genes and to confer and stabilise the phenotype and suppressive activity of Treg cells. Genetic mutations in FOXP3 result in deficiency in Treg cells and the manifestation of the autoimmune disorder 'IPEX syndrome' (immune dysregulation, polyendocrinopathy, X-linked) in humans. Therefore, monogenic autoimmune diseases, such as APS-1 and IPEX, provide the fundamental basis

from which the credibility of theories concerning the cause of T cell–mediated organ specific autoimmune disease can be evaluated (Bacchetta et al., 2007). In terms of this present research, dissecting the molecular interactions in APS-1 has aided in increasing the understanding of complex polygenic disorders by delineating the breakdown of central tolerance towards organ-specific antigens caused by mutations in the *AIRE* gene, leading to infiltration of lymphocytes in the affected organ and presence of tissue-specific antibodies (Anderson et al. 2005).

In the first stage of the research, we focused on screening the PHD1 domain of the AIRE protein with a yeast-two-hybrid (Y2H) library. The main purpose of the screening was to enhance our understanding of the molecular function of AIRE-PHD1 due to its crucial role in AIRE function. To be specific, AIRE-PHD1 interacts with unmodified histone H3K4 (H3K4me0) and DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) via its PHD1 domain, which is a crucial step for activating the expression of tissue-specific antigens. This means it is a central domain for AIRE in terms of its ability to prevent multi-organ autoimmunity (Bottomley et al., 2005); (Koh et al., 2008); 2010; (Žumer et al., 2012). Thus, the first aim of the research was to identify novel proteins interacting with AIRE-PHD1 using a human-normalised cDNA library.

The Y2H library allowed us to identify six protein partners of AIRE: PCNA, ATP1 β 1, NPC2, PGM1, RNF2, and STX8. PCNA had been previously identified by (Abramson et al., 2010) as interacting with the full-length AIRE, therefore validated our screening. However, we confirmed that the interaction is confined to the PHD1 domain of AIRE. Four of the identified proteins – ATP1 β 1, NPC2,

PGM1, and RNF2 – may have been false positive results despite their high levels in yeast, as they were situated in a compartment that does not reflect their natural cellular environment (Bab-Dinitz et al., 2009); (Frolov et al., 2013); (Lyons et al., 2015). Furthermore, false positive results may occur when the prey interacts with the membrane anchors that are fused to the bait. Such results may also arise when tested proteins have domains that are involved in creating protein-protein interactions, but in reality, there is no physiological context for the interaction. However, the protein STX8 is likely to interact with AIRE-PHD1 due to its coordination with CBP and its role in regulating the thymic structure, and therefore requires further investigation (Lei et al., 2011, Passos et al., 2015, Kanwar et al., 2008). In the Y2H system, false negative results may also occur as the fused reporter proteins may result in a steric hindrance that might affect the nature of interaction, making it weak, and hence a false negative result (Brückner et al., 2009).

Protein-protein interactions (PPIs), which we define as proteins that physically interact, are vital in the biological processes inside the cell. Y2H screens have been used to isolate novel protein-protein interactions and thus can aid in generating protein interaction maps (Uetz et al., 2000). However, Y2H screens only display physical interaction under specific experimental conditions, and thus do not necessarily show an actual interaction in a biological process. Hence, expression of the prey proteins was confirmed in western blot and the identified interactions were validated using co-IP. We were not able to detect the identified interactions via this technique.

Therefore, we decided to covalently cross-link the proteins prior to testing their interaction via co-IP. The chemical cross-linking involves formation of covalent

bonds between the two proteins via bi-functional reagents containing the reactive end group homobifunctional N-hydroxysuccinimide ester (NHS ester), which reacts with the primary amines (NH2) of amino acid residues. Using this technique, we still did not manage to observe an interaction with the cross-linked proteins. This is possibly due to the nature of interaction, which might be weak and transient, and therefore is difficult to detect. Further optimisation might also help in detecting these interactions, such the use of the full-length of AIRE rather than the PHD1 domain on its own for the interaction, which might help to strengthen the interaction with the existence of the other domains of AIRE. Another possibility may be the technique itself, which might be unsuitable for this type interaction: using an alternative method may then be the solution, such as the protein-fragment complementation assay.

The second stage of the project involved studying the impact of APS-1 mutations on the interaction with AIRE-CARD and AIRE-SAND. The reason for choosing the CARD domain is that 66.6% of APS-1 mutations occur in this domain and most of the known prey protein interactions occur via AIRE-CARD (Ramsey, 2002). Our first aim in this stage was to focus on confirming the interactions of known proteins that interact with AIRE via its CARD domain; namely, Bromodomain-containing protein 4 (BRD4), Death-associated protein 6 (DAXX), and Protein Inhibitor of Activated STAT 1 (PIAS1). Then, APS-1 mutants, T16M, L29P, L93R were introduced to the CARD to test whether these pathogenic mutants affect the interactions (Abramson and Goldfarb, 2016). The rationale for specifically choosing these mutations is that each one of them lie in a different compartment of the CARD domain, and therefore we were able to compare if the location of the mutant also has an impact on the interaction. The

T16M mutation is in the N-terminal of CARD and was used as a control in the co-IP experiment as it has no effect on the transactivation activity of AIRE, as revealed by (Halonen et al., 2004). The L29P mutation lies at the core of the CARD domain, and it has been suggested that it can alter the conformation of the helices. We therefore decided that it would be worthwhile to check if it affects the interaction of AIRE with the proteins BRD4, DAXX, and PIAS1. The L93R mutation, however, is situated at the surface of the CARD domain 3D model, and it has been suggested that it can disrupt the hydrophobic core of the four-helix bundle of the AIRE-CARD (Ferguson et al., 2008). Pitkanen's research group confirmed the location of these mutations by using a three-dimensional homology model for the CARD domain in order to predict the structural alterations of APS-1 mutants affecting the CARD domain of AIRE (Pitkänen et al., 2000). Thus, these mutations give a good coverage of the CARD domain.

The aim here was to establish whether APS-1 mutations affect known protein interactions. Initially, we confirmed that AIRE-CARD interacts with BRD4, DAXX and PIAS1 via co-IP. We also showed that these interactions are not affected by these recessive mutations. It could be that these mutations are included in other AIRE-protein interactions, or it might be that the effect of these APS-1 mutants on these interactions is so weak that it cannot be revealed in a co-IP experiment. Moreover, the CARD domain is primarily linked to AIRE's dimerisation, so mutants at this domain exhibit very little transcriptional activity, especially if the CARD is tested on its own rather than testing the full-length AIRE (Sparks et al., 2016). Thus, differences in interaction between the wild-type CARD and its mutants might be detected if the mutants were introduced

to the full-length AIRE so that it can be compared to the full-length AIRE rather than the CARD domain, as the existence of the remaining domains might aid in enhancing the interaction (Liiv et al., 2008).

The second aim of this stage of the research was to confirm the interaction of AIRE-SAND with p63. The rationale for focusing on SAND was two-fold: It interacts with ATF7ip – linking Aire with further epigenetic processes and it contributes in regulating nuclear organisation, and its absence results in AIRE mis-localisation which impairs its transactivation activity (Waterfield et al., 2014; Yoshida et al., 2015). Hence, evaluating the function of this domain is vital and aids in further outlining the molecular function of AIRE. Once the interaction was confirmed via co-IP, we introduced two APS-1 mutants, G228W and P252L, to study the effect of these mutants on the interaction. The rationale for choosing the G228W mutant was that it is the only known APS-1 mutation with a unique mode of inheritance – dominant negative – making it more attractive to examine its effect on interaction with p63. Moreover, Tonooka et al. (2009) and Ilmarinen et al.'s (2005) discoveries regarding its interaction with p63 does not fit with how it applies its affect in a dominant negative model. The missense APS-1 recessive mutation P252L was used as a control to check if this mode of inheritance behaves in the same way as with the dominant mutant G228W in terms of interaction with p63 (Ilmarinen et al., 2005). The interaction of the protein p63 with AIRE-SAND was confirmed here. It appears that the interaction only occurs via SAND's top band. Thus, de-phosphorylation and deglycolysation tests were applied to the SAND protein to test whether the interaction is via the post-translationally modified SAND protein. However, it appears that this is not the case, as there is not any significant difference

between the SAND and the post-translationally modified SAND upon interaction with p63. In future work, one of the solutions to identify the nature of AIRE-SAND interaction with p63 is to apply mass-spectrometry, which would enable us to study the dynamics of the interaction.

Furthermore, we demonstrated that the SAND mutant, G228W, interacts more strongly than the wt-SAND with the protein P63. This is because this type of mutant restricts the homodimerisation activity of the wt-AIRE, and hence affects the activity of the normal allele, hindering its function (Cetani et al., 2001). We already know that the mutant P252L does not interfere with the wt-AIRE's binding efficiency to p63. This mutant was therefore used as a control to test for interaction against p63 (Ilmarinen et al., 2005). Moreover, the mutant G228W follows a more dispersed pattern in the nucleus, whereas P252L exists as concentrated specks in the nucleus, as with the wild-type AIRE, allowing the level of transcriptional activation to be observed (Sparks et al., 2016). This result is exciting, as it contradicts previous findings by (Tonooka et al., 2009). They carried out a co-IP experiment to show the interaction of wt-SAND with p63 and the SAND mutant, G228W, with p63 and discovered that the interaction of the mutant with p63 is weaker than the wt-SAND. Therefore, correlates to the function (i.e. translated into function). However, our findings suggest that the interaction is not translated into function, which does give a reasonable explanation given the dominant negative inheritance of this APS-1 mutation.

In addition, we studied the mechanism of interaction of SAND-p63, which allowed us to justify this unique model of dominant negative inheritance. Thereby, the dual-luciferase activity was measured for the following

interactions: SAND-p63 and G228W-p63. The result suggests that the interaction of the wt-SAND utilises a higher transcription activity than with its mutant, G228W, reflecting the action of this mutant in hampering AIRE function, reducing its transcriptional activation (Sparks et al., 2016). This is in keeping with the findings of Halonen et al. (2001), who visualised and compared the subcellular localisation of the wild-type AIRE and its mutant, G228W. They cloned the cDNAs in mammalian expression vectors, expressing them in African green monkey kidney (COS-1) cells. The cells were then examined using immunofluorescence. The wild-type AIRE was localised in both the cytoplasm and the nucleus. In the cytoplasm, it was associated with filamentous structures, yet in the nucleus they occurred as nuclear dots. Conversely, the G228W mutant had greatly reduced the association of AIRE with the cytoplasmic filaments as well as in the nuclear dots, where they were detected as clump-liked aggregates (Halonen et al., 2004). Thus, this mutation limits the attachment of AIRE to the nuclear dots, leading to intracellular aggregation. This in turn leads to the mislocalisation of the wild-type AIRE, which has been linked to the inhibition of its transactivation capacity (Sparks et al., 2016).

Our results are in line with the theory of dominant negative inheritance effect by which the G228W protein via its association with the wt-AIRE, which hinders its ability to develop the complexes required for transactivation. Moreover, we managed to prove that AIRE-SAND binds to p63 via its TA domain (Tonooka et al., 2009). This was reinforced by measuring the functional impact of the interaction with the truncated version of p63, which is translated as a dual-luciferase activity. The interaction was abolished, indicating that p63 lacking its TA domain could not bind to AIRE-SAND. Furthermore, the functional activity

of the interaction of p63 with AIRE as a whole protein was tested to check whether it has an impact on the interaction, and this was compared with AIRE-G228W. We managed to establish a higher interaction when the full-length AIRE interacted with p63 than with the SAND domain on its own, signifying that other domains of AIRE have a role in strengthening the interaction with the protein p63. The interaction was also higher when the mutant G228W was introduced to the full-length AIRE. To conclude, the mutant G228W is a robust competitor to the wt-AIRE; however, the wild type can still bind to the protein complex, including p63, and be moderately active. This explains the mild phenotype that we can see in APS-1 patients bearing the G228W mutant (Capalbo et al., 2012). Therefore, we demonstrated the model that shows the molecular mechanism of the dominant negative mode of inheritance in APS-1

Future work will focus on further characterising the interaction of SAND-p63, comparing it with G228W-p63 in order to confirm the link between the phenotype and the molecular mechanism of the dominant negative mode of transmission in APS-1. Therefore, the equilibrium dissociation constant will be measured (Kd) between both interactions, and this will confirm the binding affinity of both proteins where a high Kd value corresponds to a greater binding affinity. Before the measuring the Kd, the proteins will be purified to ensure that no other proteins exist in solution. After confirming the Kd values, we will study the structural analysis for both SAND-p63 and G228W-p63 using X-ray crystallography. This technique provides atomic-resolution structures and hence the molecular details of how the interactions between the different components occur, and thus, will elucidate the molecular structure of the interaction and the atoms that are involved. This in turn will expand our

knowledge of the function of AIRE-SAND. In terms of the G228W-p63 interaction, it will give us an indication of the effect of this mutant on the conformation and the folding of the crystal structure. This will allow us to study how this change in structure affects the interaction with p63. In conclusion, dissecting the molecular mechanism underlying the pathogenesis of APS-1 will develop our understanding of autoimmunity. This will also contribute to our understanding of the mechanism of polygenic diseases such as type-1 diabetes and alopecia areata.

Chapter 6 References

6. References

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Chapter 7 Appendices

7. Appendices

7.1 In silico sequence of the precursor full-length AIRE cDNA clone

>pCMV-MYC AIRE

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGAGTACA TTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTG GCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGA ${\tt CTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATA$ TGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCT TACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGC AGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATG GGAGTTTGTTTTGGCACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAATAACCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAA TGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCTCACTC TCTTCCGCATCGCTGTCTGCGAGGGCCAGCTGTTGGGCTCGCGGTTGAGGACAAACTCTTCGCGGTCTTTCC AGTACTCTTGGATCGGAAACCCGTCGGCCTCCGAACGGTACTCCGCCACCGAGGGACCTGAGCGAGTCCGCA ${\tt TCGACCGGATCGGAAAAACCTCTCGAGAAAGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTCGCAAGGTAGGCTGAGCACCGTG$ GCGGGCGGCAGCGGGTGGCGGTCGGGGGTTGTTTCTGGCGGAGGTGCTGCTGATGATGTAATTAAAGTAGGCG GTCTTGAGACGGCGGATGGTCGAGGTGAGGTGGCGGGCAGGCTTGAGATCCAGCTGTTGGGGTGAGTACTCCCT CTCAAAAGCGGGCATTACTTCTGCGCTAAGATTGTCAGTTTCCAAAAACGAGGAGGATTTGATATTCACCTG GCCCGATCTGGCCATACACTTGAGTGACAATGACATCCACTTTGCCTTTCTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCA GGTCCAAGTTTAAACTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGCCACC<mark>AAGCTT</mark>ATGGCGACGGACGGCGCGCC ACGCCGGCTTCTGAGGCTGCACCGCACGGAGATCGCGGTGGCCGTGGACAGCGCCTTCCCACTGCTGCACGC GCTGGCTGACCACGACGTGGTCCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGACGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTG CCCCCAGGCCTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGGACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAG GGTGCTGTTCAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGCAGCCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCCCCAAAGA TGTGGACCTCAGCCAGCCCCGGAAGGGGAGGAAGCCCCCGGCCGTCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCCAG ACTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCTCGAGCTGCCGCGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGCAC TCCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCAGTCCAGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGT CCCGGGAGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGCAGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTG CATCCAGGTTGGCGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCGAAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCG CAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCAAGGGAGCCCAGGGCGCTGCCCCCGGTGGAGGTGAGGC TAGGCTGGGCCAGCAGGGCAGCGTTCCCGCCC

primers to clone AIRE-PHD1 in pGBKT7

CTCTGGCCCTCCCCAGTGACCCCCAGCTCCACCAGAAGAATGAGGACGAGTGTGCCGTGTGTCGGGACGGCG GGGAGCTCATCTGCTGTGACGGCTGCCCTCGGGCCTTCCACCTGGCCTGTCCCCTCCGCTCCGGGAGA TCCCCAGTGGGACCTGGAGGTGCTCCAGCTGCCTGCAGG<mark>CAACAGTCCAGGAGGTGCAG</mark>CCCCGGGCAGAGG AGCCCCGGCCCCAGGAGCCACCCGTGGAGACCCCGCTCCCCCGGGGCTTAGGTCGGCGGGAGAGGAGGAGGTAA GAGGTCCACCTGGGGAACCCCTAGCCGGCATGGACACGACTCTTGTCTACAAGCACCTGCCGGCTCCGCCTT AGAACCTGGCTCCTGGTGCGCGTTGCGGGGGTGTGCGGAGATGGTACGGACGTGCTGCGGTGTACTCACTGCG CCGCTGCCTTCCACTGGCGCTGCCACTTCCCAGCCGGCACCTCCCGGCCCGGGACGGGCCTGCGCTGCAGAT GGCCTGCCAAGGATGACACTGCCAGTCACGAGCCCGCTCTGCACAGGGATGACCTGGAGTCCCTTCTGAGCG AGCACACCTTCGATGGCATCCTGCAGTGGGCCCATCCAGAGCATGGCCCGTCCGGCGGCCCCCTTCCCCTCCG <mark>fggaggctct<mark>gagcagaaactcatctcagaagaggatctg</mark>taa<mark>gcggccgc</mark>cgaattcgggcccgttt</mark> CCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGA GGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATC AAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTG ATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCA

CGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTGATT TATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCGAATT CATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCAACTCCGCCCAG TGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTCTCGGGAGCTTG TATATCCATTTTCGGATCTGATCAGCACGTGATGAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTT TCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAG CTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTA TGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAG TGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGG CCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGGATTGCTGATCCCCA GCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGAC GGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGC ${\tt CAACATCTTCTTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCC}$ GGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTT GGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGG GACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGC CGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTGCTACGAGATTTCGATTC CGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAG CAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCAT TCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTG GGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCT GTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGC AATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAG GAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCG ACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCT CGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGC GCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCA CGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACA ${\tt CGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGA$ GTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCC TGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTC AGAAAAACTCATCGAGCATCAAATGAAACTGCAATTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTTTGAA AAAGCCGTTTCTGTAATGAAGGAGAAAACTCACCGAGGCAGTTCCATAGGATGGCAAGATCCTGGTATCGGT CTGCGATTCCGACTCGTCCAACATCAATACAACCTATTAATTTCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCAAGTG CCTGAGCGAGACGAAATACGCGATCGCTGTTAAAAGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGGCGCA GGAACACTGCCAGCGCATCAACAATATTTTCACCTGAATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCTGTTT TCCCAGGGATCGCAGTGGTGAGTAACCATGCATCATCAGGAGTACGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGAAGAG GCATAAATTCCGTCAGCCAGTTTAGTCTGACCATCTCATCTGTAACATCATTGGCAACGCTACCTTTGCCAT GTTTCAGAAACAACTCTGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCCATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTGATTGCCCGACAT TATCGCGAGCCCATTTATACCCATATAAATCAGCATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTAGAGCAAGACG TTTCCCGTTGAATATGGCTCATAACACCCCCTTGTATTACTGTTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTTCATG ACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAATCCGCGCACATTTCCCC GAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

7.2 In silico sequence of the pGBKT7 PHD1 used in Y2H screening

>pGBKT7 PHD1

 ${\tt CGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGATCCTTTTGTTGTTTCCGGGTGTACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTT$ TCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCTCCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGA GGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACAAGACTACACCAATTACACTGC ${\tt CTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATAGCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTT}$ TTTCTCTCTCCCCCGTTGTTGTCTCACCATATCCGCAATGACAAAAAATGATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAA AATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGAGGGGTATCTCGAAGCACACGA TTGAATTTGAAATAAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAGACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTT **GTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCTTTCTTTCTTTCTGCACAATATTTCAAGCTATACCAA** GCATACAATCAACTCCAAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCAT GCGATATTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACA ACTGGGAGTGTCGCTACTCTCCCCAAAACCAAAAGGTCTCCGCTGACTAGGGCACATCTGACAGAAGTGGAAT CAAGGCTAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAA TGGATTCTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCG TCACAGATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACAT CATCATCGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTTGTAATACGACTCA CTATAGGGCGAGCCGCCATC

Primers to clone AIRE-PHD1 in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGA<mark>TCTCAGAGGAGGACCTG</mark>CATATGG<mark>CCATGG</mark>CTCTGGCCCTCCCCAGTGACCCC CAGCTCCACCAGAAGAATGAGGACGAGTGTGCCGTGTGTCGGGACGGCGGGGAGCTCATCTGCTGTGACGGC TCCAGCTGCCTGCAGGCAACAGTCCAGGAGGTGCAG<mark>GTCGAC</mark>CTGCAGCGGCCGCATAACTAGCATAACCCC TTGGGGCCTCTAAACGGGTCTTGAGGGGTTTTTTGCGCGCCTTGCAGCCAAGCTAATTCCGGGCGAATTTCTT GGTTTTAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCA TGAGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACACCTCTACCGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCT GTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGT GCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCG TGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCCTCTTCCGCTTCC CGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAAC CGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGC TCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTG CGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTT TCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAA CCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGAC TTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTC TTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTT TGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGAC GCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATC CTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAACCTGAGGCTATGGCAGGGCCT GCCGCCCCGACGTTGGCTGCGAGCCCTGGGCCTTCACCCGAACTTGGGGGGTGGGGTGGGGAAAAGGAAGAA ACGCGGGCGTATTGGCCCCAATGGGGTCTCGGTGGGGTATCGACAGAGTGCCAGCCCTGGGACCGAACCCCG ${\tt CGTTTATGAACAAACGACCCAACACCGTGCGTTTTATTCTGTCTTTTTATTGCCGTCATAGCGCGGGGTTCCT}$ ${\tt TCCGGTATTGTCTCCTTCCGTGTTTCAGTTAGCCTCCCCTAGGGTGGGCGAAGAACTCCAGCATGAGATCC}$ CCGCGCTGGAGGATCATCCAGCCGGCGTCCCGGAAAACGATTCCGAAGCCCAACCTTTCATAGAAGGCGGCG AGAAGAACTCGTCAAGAAGGCGATAGAAGGCGATGCGCTGCGAATCGGGAGCGGCGATACCGTAAAGCACGA GGAAGCGGTCAGCCCATTCGCCGCCAAGCTCTTCAGCAATATCACGGGTAGCCAACGCTATGTCCTGATAGC GGTCCGCCACACCCAGCCGGCCACAGTCGATGAATCCAGAAAAGCGGCCATTTTCCACCATGATATTCGGCA AGCAGGCATCGCCATGAGTCACGACGAGATCCTCGCCGTCGGGCATGCTCGCCTTGAGCCTGGCGAACAGTT

CGGCTGGCGGGGGCCCCTGATGCTCTTCGTCCAGATCATCCTGATCGACAAGACCGGCTTCCATCCGAGTAC GTGCTCGCTCGATGCGATGTTTCGCTTGGTGGTCGAATGGGCAGGTAGCCGGATCAAGCGTATGCAGCCGCC GCATTGCATCAGCCATGATGGATACTTTCTCGGCAGGAGCAAGGTGAGATGACAGGAGATCCTGCCCCGGCA CTTCGCCCAATAGCAGCCAGTCCCTTCCCGCTTCAGTGACAACGTCGAGCACAGCTGCGCAAGGAACGCCCG CAAAAAGAACCGGGCGCCCCTGCGCTGACAGCCGGAACACGGCGGCATCAGAGCAGCCGATTGTCTGTTGTG ${\tt CCCAGTCATAGCCGAATAGCCTCTCCACCCAAGCGGCCGGAGAACCTGCGTGCAATCCATCTTGTTCAATCA}$ TACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAAT GTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGAACGAAGCATCT TTTACAGAACAGAAATGCAACGCGAAAGCGCTATTTTACCAACGAAGAATCTGTGCTTCATTTTTGTAAAAC AAAAATGCAACGCGAGAGCGCTAATTTTTCAAACAAAGAATCTGAGCTGCATTTTTACAGAACAGAAATGCA ACGCGAGAGCGCTATTTTACCAACAAAGAATCTATACTTCTTTTTTGTTCTACAAAAATGCATCCCGAGAGC GCTATTTTTCTAACAAAGCATCTTAGATTACTTTTTTTCTCCTTTGTGCGCTCTATAATGCAGTCTCTTGAT AACTTTTTTGCACTGTAGGTCCGTTAAGGTTAGAAGAAGGCTACTTTGGTGTCTATTTTCTCTTCCATAAAAA AAGCCTGACTCCACTTCCCGCGTTTACTGATTACTAGCGAAGCTGCGGGTGCATTTTTTCAAGATAAAGGCA TCCCCGATTATATTCTATACCGATGTGGATTGCGCATACTTTGTGAACAGAAAGTGATAGCGTTGATGATTC TTCATTGGTCAGAAAATTATGAACGGTTTCTTCTATTTTGTCTCTATATACTACGTATAGGAAATGTTTACA TTTTCGTATTGTTTTCGATTCACTCTATGAATAGTTCTTACTACAATTTTTTTGTCTAAAGAGTAATACTAG AGATAAACATAAAAAATGTAGAGGTCGAGTTTAGATGCAAGTTCAAGGAGCGAAAGGTGGATGGGTAGGTTA TATAGGGATATAGCACAGAGATATATAGCAAAGAGATACTTTTGAGCAATGTTTGTGGAAGCGGTATTCGCA ATATTTTAGTAGCTCGTTACAGTCCGGTGCGTTTTTGGTTTTTTGAAAGTGCGTCTTCAGAGCGCTTTTGGT ${\tt TTTCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGTTCCTATACTTTCTAGAGAATAGGAACTTCGGAATAGGAACTTCAAAGCGTTT$ ${\tt CCGAAAACGAGCGCTTCCGAAAATGCAACGCGAGCTGCGCACATACAGCTCACTGTTCACGTCGCACCTATA}$ TCTGCGTGTTGCCTGTATATATATATATACATGAGAAGAACGGCATAGTGCGTGTTTATGCTTAAATGCGTACT TATATGCGTCTATTTATGTAGGATGAAAGGTAGTCTAGTACCTCCTGTGATATTATCCCATTCCATGCGGGG TATCGTATGCTTCCTTCAGCACTACCCTTTAGCTGTTCTATATGCTGCCACTCCTCAATTGGATTAGTCTCA TCCTTCAATGCTATCATTTCCTTTGATATTGGATCATACTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTAT AAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTCGCCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATG CAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCA GCGGGTGTTGGCGGGTGTCGGGGCTGGCTTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCAT AGATCAACGACATTACTATATATATATATAGGAAGCATTTAATAGAACAGCATCGTAATATATGTGTACTT TGCAGTTATGACGCCAGATGGCAGTAGTGGAAGATATTCTTTATTGAAAAATAGCTTGTCACCTTACGTACA AAGAGGGAGGGCATTGGTGACTATTGAGCACGTGAGTATACGTGATTAAGCACACAAAGGCAGCTTGGAGTA TGTCTGTTATTAATTTCACAGGTAGTTCTGGTCCATTGGTGAAAGTTTGCGGCTTGCAGAGCACAGAGGCCG CAGAATGTGCTCTAGATTCCGATGCTGACTTGCTGGGTATTATATGTGTGCCCAATAGAAAGAGAACAATTG ACCCGGTTATTGCAAGGAAAATTTCAAGTCTTGTAAAAGCATATAAAAATAGTTCAGGCACTCCGAAATACT TGGTTGGCGTGTTTCGTAATCAACCTAAGGAGGATGTTTTGGCTCTGGTCAATGATTACGGCATTGATATCG TCCAACTGCATGGAGATGAGTCGTGGCAAGAATACCAAGAGTTCCTCGGTTTGCCAGTTATTAAAAGACTCG TATTTCCAAAAGACTGCAACATACTACTCAGTGCAGCTTCACAGAAACCTCATTCGTTTATTCCCTTGTTTG GCCCCGAAAGCTTACATTTTATGTTAGCTGGTGGACTGACGCCAGAAAATGTTGGTGATGCGCTTAGATTAA ATGGCGTTATTGGTGTTGATGTAAGCGGAGGTGTGGAGACAAATGGTGTAAAAGACTCTAACAAAATAGCAA GATCTATGCGGTGTGAAATACCGCACAGATGCGTAAGGAGAAAATACCGCATCAGGAAATTGTAAGCGTTAA TATTTTGTTAAAATTCGCGTTAAATTTTTGTTAAATCAGCTCATTTTTTAACCAATAGGCCGAAATCGGCAA AATCCCTTATAAATCAAAAGAATAGACCGAGATAGGGTTGAGTGTTGTTCCAGTTTGGAACAAGAGTCCACT ATTAAAGAACGTGGACTCCAACGTCAAAGGGCGAAAAACCGTCTATCAGGGCGATGGCCCACTACGTGAACC ATCACCCTAATCAAGTTTTTTTGGGGTCGAGGTGCCGTAAAGCACTAAATCGGAACCCTAAAGGGAGCCCCCG TAGGGCGCTGGCAAGTGTAGCGGTCACGCTGCGCGTAACCACCACCACCGCCGCGCTTAATGCGCCGCTACA GGGCGCGTCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCGCAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGAT

7.3 In silico sequence of AIRE-PHD1 cDNA cloned in pcDNA5/FRT

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-PHD1 cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> <mark>GGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGA<mark>TCTCAGAGGAGGACCTG</mark>CATATGGCCATGGACTCTGGCCCTCCCCAGTGACCCCC</mark> AGCTCCACCAGAAGAATGAGGACGAGTGTGCCGTGTGTCGGGACGGCGGGGGGGCTCATCTGCTGTGACGGCT GCCCTCGGGCCTTCCACCTGGCCTGCCTGTCCCCTCCGCTCCGGGAGATCCCCAGTGGGACCTGGA<mark>GGTGCT</mark> CCAGCTGCCTGTAATGAGCGGCCGCTCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACTGTG ACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTATTCTGGGGGGGT GGGGTGGGGCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGAGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCT ATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTA AGCGCGGCGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTC GCTTTCTTCCCTTCCTCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTA GGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAG AAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACC GCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGC GAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGAT GGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGAC ATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGGGTGTCACGTTGCAAGACCTG CCTGAAACCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTT AGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATA CAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTC GGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGG GATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGC TACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTT GACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCA ATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGAT GGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCAC GTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCC GGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGGGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCT TATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGT TAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGA AGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCC GCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTG TCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCA AAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCT GACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCG TTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTT CTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGC TCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTT GAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGG TATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGT GCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATAACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCT TTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTA

7.4 In silico sequences of the prey cDNA samples isolated from the Y2H screening

> pGADT7-RecAB ATP1β1

TGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGAGATCCGGGATCGAAGAAATGATGGTAAATGAAATAGGAAATCAAGGAGCATGAA GGCAAAAGACAAATATAAGGGTCGAACGAAAAATAAAGTGAAAAGTGTTGATATGATGTATTTGGCTTTGCG GCGCCGAAAAAACGAGTTTACGCAATTGCACAATCATGCTGACTCTGTGGCGGACCCGCGCTCTTGCCGGCC CGGCCATAACGCTGGGCCGTGAGGCTGTGCCCGGCGGAGTTTTTTGCGCCCTGCATTTTCCAAGGTTTACCCTG CGCTAAGGGGCGAGATTGGAGAAGCAATAAGAATGCCGGTTGGGGTTGCGATGATGACGACCACGACAACTG GTGTCATTATTTAAGTTGCCGAAAGAACCTGAGTGCATTTGCAACATGAGTATACTAGAAGAATGAGCCAAG ACTTGCGAGACGCGAGTTTGCCGGTGGTGCGAACAATAGAGCGACCATGACCTTGAAGGTGAGACGCGCATA CTGGAAATGGTTGTCTGTTTGAGTACGCTTTCAATTCATTTGGGTGTGCACTTTATTATGTTACAATATGGA CCCTCCGCGCTCTTTTCCGATTTTTTTCTAAACCGTGGAATATTTCGGATATCCTTTTGTTGTTGTTCCGGGTG TACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTTTCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCT CCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGAGGGGGGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACA AGACTACACCAATTACACTGCCTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATA GCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTTCACTACCCTTTTTCCATTTGCATCTATTGAAGTAATAATAGGCGCATGCA ATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAAAATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGA TACGGCCTTCCTTCCAGTTACTTGAATTTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAG ACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTTGTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCCTTTCTTCTGTTTCTTGCA CCGAGCCTCCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAAGGTCGAATTGGGTACCGCCGCCAATTTTAATCAAAGTGGGAATATTG ${\tt CTCAAGCGCTTTCACAACCAATTGCCTCCTCTAACGTTCATGATAACTTCATGAATAATGAAAATCACGGCTA$

Primers to clone ATP1 $\beta1$ in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGTACCCATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGT GGTATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGTGCTCTGGATTAAATGATGAAACTTATGGCTACAAAGAG GGCAAACCGTGCATTATTATAAAGCTCAACCGAGTTCTAGGCTTCAAACCTAAGCCTCCCAAGAATGAGTCC TTGGAGACTTACCCAGTGATGAAGTATAACCCAAATGTCCTTCCCGTTCAGTGCACTGGCAAGCGAGATGAA GATAAGGATAAAGTTGGAAATGTGGAGTATTAGGCCTGGGCAACTCCCCTGGTTTTCCTCTGCAGTATAT CCGTACTATGGCAAACTCCTGCAGCCCAAATACCTGCAGCCCTGGCCGTACAGTTCACCAATCTTACC ATGGACACTGAAATTCGCATAGAGTGTAAGGCGTACGGTGAGAACATTGGGTACAGTGAGAAAGACCGTTTT CAGGGACGTTTTGATGTAA<mark>AAATTGAAGTTAAGAGCTGA</mark>AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTAGAG GGTGGGCATCGATACGGGATCCATCGAGCTCGAGCTGCAGATGAAACCTGAAAAACCCCGCAAGT CTATACTCCTCTAAGTTTCAATCTTGGCCATGTAACCTCTGATCTATAGAATTTTTTAAATGACTAGAATTA ATGCCCATCTTTTTTTGGACCTAAATTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTTTGGAC TTCTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCAAGTCTCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTTACGAA AAGATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCGTTGGTAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTATGATTT ATGATTTTTATTATTAAAAAAGTTATAAAAAAAAAAGTGATATACAAATTTTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTA AAACGAAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTC GCTCTTATTGACCACCTCTACCGGCCGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTGTAATT TCGTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAATTTCATTTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATCTTTTT AAGCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTCTTCGGCGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACCTAAAT CACCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATCCAAAACCTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGGCAAGT TCAATGACAATTTCAACATCATTGCAGCAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGGCAAAT CTGGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGGTTCGTACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAAGGACG CAGATGGCAACAAACCCAAGGAACCTGGGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACATGTTGC GTTGAACCTTCAATGTAGGAAATTCGTTCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCATAATCTTGAAGAGG CCAAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAAGGACCAAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCATGAAAGCGGCCA TTCTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTCTGGAACGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATCGTCTT ${\tt CCTTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAATACCTCCCACTAATTCTCTGACAACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGCAAATT$ GTGGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTCTAAAAGAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTACAATT GAAGTTCTTTACGGATTTTTAGTAAACCTTGTTCAGGTCTAACACTGTACCCCATTTAGGACCACCCA CAGCACCTAACAAAACGGCATCAGCCTTCTTGGAGGCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACCTGTAG CTTTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTCGGCTGTGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGATCTTCT GTTAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCTAACCACCTATTGGAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCAACTTC AAGTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTTAGTCATGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCGCTCTC ACCTTTCCTTTTTCCCCAATTTTTCAGTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAACAAAA AATTTCCAGTCATCGAATTTGATTCTGTGCGATAGCGCCCCTGTGTGTCTCCGTTATGTTGAGGAAAAAAT AATGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAACTCTTGCATCTTACGATACCTGAGTATTCCCACAGTTGGGGGGATCTCGAC ${\tt TCTAGCTAGAGGATCAATTCGTAATCATGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTC}$ TTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTAT CGCGATCCGGAACCCTTAATATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAATGAATC GGCCAACGCGGGGGGGGGGGGGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGC ${\tt TCGGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGG}$ GATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTG GCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAAC ${\tt CCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTG}$ ${\tt CCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGG}$ TATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGC TGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCC ACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGGGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTAC GGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGT AGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCA CGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGT TTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCT ATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGG GAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCA ATTAATTGTTGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCT GTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAG TTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGA TGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCT TGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGT TCTTCGGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCC AACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCA AAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATT CGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAAT AGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTCGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTC

CCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAGCGGGT GTTGGCGGGTGTCGGGGCTGGCTTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATAACGCA CGACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTATGTGCGCAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAACGCTT TGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCAGAGCGCTTTTGAAAAACCA AAAGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTTTCAAAAAAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATATTGCG AATACCGCTTCCACAAACATTGCTCAAAAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCCTATATAAC CTACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCCTTGAACTTGCATCTAAACTCGACCTCTACATTTTTTATGTTTATCTCTAG TATTACTCTTTAGACAAAAAAATTGTAGTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAAACAATACGAAAATGTA AACATTTCCTATACGTAGTATATAGAGACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGAAGAAT CATCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGTTCACAAAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGGATGCC TTTATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCCGCAGCTTCGCTAGTAATCAGTAAACGCGGGAAGTGGAGTCAGGCTTTTTT TATGGAAGAGAAAATAGACACCAAAGTAGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGTTATCA AGAGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCACAAAGGAGAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAGCGCTC TCGGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAACAAAAAAGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCA TTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCAGCTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTT TACAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTCTTCGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTTTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATG CAGCTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCACAGAT GCTTCGTTGCT

> pGADT7-RecAB NPC2

TGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGAGATCCGGGATCGAAGAAATGATGGTAAATGAAATAGGAAATCAAGGAGCATGAA GGCAAAAGACAAATATAAGGGTCGAACGAAAAATAAAGTGAAAAGTGTTGATATGATGTATTTGGCTTTGCG GCGCCGAAAAAACGAGTTTACGCAATTGCACAATCATGCTGACTCTGTGGCGGACCCGCGCTCTTGCCGGCC ${\tt CGGCGATAACGCTGGGCGTGAGGCTGTGCCCGGCGGAGTTTTTTGCGCCTGCATTTTCCAAGGTTTACCCTG}$ CGCTAAGGGGCGAGATTGGAGAAGCAATAAGAATGCCGGTTGGGGTTGCGATGATGACGACCACGACAACTG GTGTCATTATTTAAGTTGCCGAAAGAACCTGAGTGCATTTGCAACATGAGTATACTAGAAGAATGAGCCAAG ACTTGCGAGACGCGAGTTTGCCGGTGGTGCGAACAATAGAGCGACCATGACCTTGAAGGTGAGACGCGCATA CTGGAAATGGTTGTCTGTTTGAGTACGCTTTCAATTCATTTGGGTGTGCACTTTATTATGTTACAATATGGA AGGGAACTTTACACTTCTCCTATGCACATATATTAAATTAAAGTCCAATGCTAGTAGAGAAGGGGGGGTAACAC CCCTCCGCGCTCTTTTCCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTCGGATATTTCCGGATATCCTTTTGTTGTTTTCCGGGTG TACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTTTCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCT CCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGAGGGGGGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACA AGACTACACCAATTACACTGCCTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATA GCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTTCACTACCCTTTTTCCATTTGCCATCTATTGAAGTAATAATAGGCGCATGCA ATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAAAATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGA TACGGCCTTCCTTCCAGTTACTTGAAATTTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAG ACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTTGTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCCTTTCTTCCTTGTTTCTGCA CCGAGCCTCCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAGGTCGAATTGGGTACCGCCGAATTTTAATCAAAGTGGGAATATTG CTCAAGCGCTTTCACAACCAATTGCCTCCTCTAACGTTCATGATAACTTCATGAATAATGAAATCACGGCTA ATACCCCACCAAAACCCAAAAAAAGAGATCTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGCGAGCGCCGCC

Primer to clone NPC2 in pcDNA5/FRT

 AAATTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTTTGGACTTCTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCAA GTCTCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTTACGAAAAGATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCGT TGGTAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTATGATTTATGATTTTTATTATTAAATAAGT TATAAAAAAAATAAGTGTATACATTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTAAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAAC TCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACACCTCTACCGGC CGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTGTAATTTCGTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAATTTCAT TTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATCTTTTTAAGCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTCTTCGG CGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACCTAAATCACCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATCCAAAA ${\tt CCTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGGCAAGTTCAATGACAATTTCAACATCATTGCAG}$ ${\tt CAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGGCAAATCTGGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGGTTCGT$ ACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAAGGACGCAGATGGCAACAAACCCAAGGAACCTG GGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACATGTTGCTGGTGATTATAATACCATTTAGGTGGG TCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCCATAATCTTGAAGAGGCCCAAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAAGGACC AAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCATGAAAGCGGCCATTCTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTCTGGAA CGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATCGTCTTCCTTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAATACCTC CCACTAATTCTCTGACAACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGCAAATTGTGGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTCTAAAA GAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTACAATTGAAGTTCTTTACGGATTTTTAGTAAAC TCTTGGAGGCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACCTGTAGCTTCGATAGCAGCACCACCAATTAAAT GATTTTCGAAATCGAACTTGACATTGGAACGAACATCAGAAATAGCTTTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTCGGCTG TGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGATCTTCTTAGGGGCAGACATTAGAATGGTATATC CTTGAAATATATATATATATTGCTGAAATGTAAAAGGTAAGAAAGTTAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCTAACCA ${\tt CCTATTGGAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCAACTTCAAGTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTTAGTCA$ TGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCGCTCTCACCTTTCCTTTTTCTCCCAATTTTTCA GTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAACAAAAATTTCCAGTCATCGAATTTGATTCTG TGCGATAGCGCCCCTGTGTGTTCTCGTTATGTTGAGGAAAAAAATAATGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAACTCTT TGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAA AGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCC AGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATTAGGTCTGAAGA GGAGTTTACGTCCAGCCAAGCTAGCTTGGCTGCAGGTCGAGCGGCCGCGCGATCCGGAACCCTTAATATAACTT CGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTG TCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCA AAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCT GACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCG TTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTT CTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGC TCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTT GAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGG TATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGT GCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCT TTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTA TAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCA TCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCT AGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCG TTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAA ATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCA ACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACC GCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATC TTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTC ACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAA TGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGA TACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCT GACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTC GCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAA TATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATAACGCATTTAAGCATAAACACGCACTATGCCGT TCTTCTCATGTATATATATATACAGGCAACACGCAGATATAGGTGCGACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTATGTGCG CAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAACGCTTTGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATT ${\tt CTCTAGCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCAGAGCGCCTTTTGAAAAACCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTTTCAAA$ AAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATATTGCGAATACCGCTTCCACAAACATTGCTCAA AAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCTATATAACCTACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCCTTGAA CTTGCATCTAAACTCGACCTCTACATTTTTTATGTTTATCTCTAGTATTACTCTTTAGACAAAAAATTGTA GTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAACAATACGAAAATGTAAACATTTCCTATACGTAGTATATAGAG ACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGAAGAATCATCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGTTCACA AAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGGATGCCTTTATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCCGCAGC AGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGTTATCAAGAGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCACAAAG GAGAAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAGCGCTCTCGGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAACAAAAA AGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCAGCTCAG ATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTTTACAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTCTTCGT AGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCACAGATGCTTCGTTGCT

> pGADT7-RecAB PCNA

TGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGAGATCCGGGATCGAAGAAATGATGGTAAATGAAATAGGAAATCAAGGAGCATGAA GGCAAAAGACAAATATAAGGGTCGAACGAAAAATAAAGTGAAAAGTGTTGATATGATGTATTTGGCTTTGCG GCGCCGAAAAAACGAGTTTACGCAATTGCACAATCATGCTGACTCTGTGGCGGACCCGCGCTCTTGCCGGCC CGGCGATAACGCTGGGCGTGAGGCTGTGCCCGGCGGAGTTTTTTGCGCCCTGCATTTTCCAAGGTTTACCCTG CGCTAAGGGGCGAGATTGGAGAAGCAATAAGAATGCCGGTTGGGGTTGCGATGATGACGACCACGACAACTG GTGTCATTATTTAAGTTGCCGAAAGAACCTGAGTGCATTTGCAACATGAGTATACTAGAAGAATGAGCCAAG ACTTGCGAGACGCGAGTTTGCCGGTGGTGCGAACAATAGAGCGACCATGACCTTGAAGGTGAGACGCGCATA CTGGAAATGGTTGTCTGTTTGAGTACGCTTTCAATTCATTTGGGTGTGCACTTTATTATGTTACAATATGGA AGGGAACTTTACACTTCTCCTATGCACATATATTAAATTAAAGTCCAATGCTAGTAGAGAAGGGGGGGTAACAC CCCTCCGCGCTCTTTTCCGATTTTTTTCTAAACCGTGGAATATTTCGGATATCCTTTTGTTGTTTCCGGGTG TACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTTTCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCT CCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGAGGGGGGGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACA AGACTACACCAATTACACTGCCTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATA GCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTTCACTACCCTTTTTCCATTTGCCATCTATTGAAGTAATAATAGGCGCATGCA ATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAAAATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGA TACGGCCTTCCTTCCAGTTACTTGAATTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAG ACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTTGTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCCTTTCTTCCTTGTTTCTGCA CCGAGCCTCCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAGGTCGAATTGGGTACCGCCGAATTTTAATCAAAGTGGGAATATTG CTCAAGCGCTTTCACAACCAATTGCCTCCTCTAACGTTCATGATAACTTCATGAATAATGAAATCACGGCTA ATACCCCACCAAAACCCAAAAAAAGAGATCTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGAGCGCCGCC

Primers to clone PCNA in pcDNA5/FRT

 GAAGGATCTTAGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTAGAGGGTGGGCATCGATACGGGATCCATCG AGCTCGAGCTGCAGATGAATCGTAGATACTGAAAAAACCCCCGCAAGTTCACTTCAACTGTGCATCGTGCACCA TCTCAATTTCTTTCATTTATACATCGTTTTGCCTTCTTTTATGTAACTATACTCCTCTAAGTTTCAATCTTG TTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTTTGGACTTCTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCAAGTC TCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTTACGAAAAGATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCGTTGG TAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTATGATTTATGATTTTATTATTAAATAAGTTAT AAAAAAAATAAGTGTATACAAATTTTTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTTAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAA ${\tt CTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACACCTCTACCGG}$ ${\tt CCGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTGTAATTTCGTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAATTTCA}$ TTTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATCTTTTTAAGCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTCTTCG GCGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACCTAAATCACCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATCCAAA ACCTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGGCAAGTTCAATGACAATTTCAACATCATTGCA GCAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGGCAAATCTGGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGGTTCG TACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAAGGACGCAGATGGCAACAAACCCAAGGAACCT GGGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACATGTTGCTGGTGATTATAATACCATTTAGGTGG TTCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCATAATCTTGAAGAGGCCAAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAAGGAC ${\tt CAAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCCATGAAAGCGGCCATTCTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTCTGGA$ ACGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATCGTCTTCCTTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAATACCT CCCACTAATTCTCTGACAACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGCAAATTGTGGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTCTAAA AGAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTACAATTGAAGTTCTTTACGGATTTTTAGTAAA TTCTTGGAGGCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACCTGTAGCTTCGATAGCAGCACCACCAATTAAA TGATTTTCGAAATCGAACTTGACATTGGAACGAACATCAGAAATAGCTTTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTCGGCT GTGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGATCTTCTTAGGGGCAGACATTAGAATGGTATAT CCTTGAAATATATATATATATTGCTGAAATGTAAAAGGTAAGAAAGTTAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCTAACC ACCTATTGGAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCAACTTCAAGTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTTAGTC ATGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCGCTCTCACCTTTCCTTTTTCTCCCAATTTTTC AGTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAACAAAAAATTTCCAGTCATCGAATTTGATTCT GTGCGATAGCGCCCCTGTGTGTTCTCGTTATGTTGAGGAAAAAAATAATGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAACTCT ATGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATA AAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTC CAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATTAGGTCTGAAG AGGAGTTTACGTCCAGCCAAGCTAGCTTGGCTGCAGGTCGAGCGGCCGCGATCCGGAACCCTTAATATAACT TCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTT ATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGC AAAAGGCCAGCAAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCC TGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGC GTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTT TCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCG CTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCT TGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAG GTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGG CGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATAACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCC TTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATT GTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTC ATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGC AAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTC GTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAA TATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTC AACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATAC CGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGAT

CTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTACTTT CACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAA ATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGG ATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACC TGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCT CGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTA CTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATAACGCATTTAAGCATAAACACGCACTATGCCG TTCTTCTCATGTATATATATATACAGGCAACACGCAGATATAGGTGCGACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTATGTGC GCAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAACGCTTTGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTAT TCTCTAGCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCAGAGCGCCTTTTGAAAAACCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTTTCAA AAAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATATTGCGAATACCGCTTCCACAAACATTGCTCA AAAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCTATATAACCTACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCCTTGA AGTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAAACAATACGAAAATGTAAACATTTCCTATACGTAGTATATAGA GACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGAAGAATCATCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGTTCAC AAAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGGGATGCCTTTATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCCGCAG CTTCGCTAGTAATCAGTAAACGCGGGAAGTGGAGTCAGGCTTTTTTTATGGAAGAGAAAATAGACACCAAAG TAGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGTTATCAAGAGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCACAAA GGAGAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAGCGCTCTCGGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAACAAAA AAGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCAGCTCA GATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTTTACAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTCTTCG TAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCACAGATGCTTCGTTGCT

> pGADT7-RecAB PGM1

TGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGAGATCCGGGATCGAAGAAATGATGGTAAATGAAATAGGAAATCAAGGAGCATGAA GGCAAAAGACAAATATAAGGGTCGAACGAAAAATAAAGTGAAAAGTGTTGATATGATGTATTTGGCTTTGCG GCGCCGAAAAAACGAGTTTACGCAATTGCACAATCATGCTGACTCTGTGGCGGACCCGCGCTCTTGCCGGCC ${\tt CGGCGATAACGCTGGGCGTGAGGCTGTGCCCGGCGGAGTTTTTTGCGCCTGCATTTTCCAAGGTTTACCCTG}$ CGCTAAGGGGCGAGATTGGAGAAGCAATAAGAATGCCGGTTGGGGTTGCGATGATGACGACCACGACAACTG GTGTCATTATTTAAGTTGCCGAAAGAACCTGAGTGCATTTGCAACATGAGTATACTAGAAGAATGAGCCAAG ACTTGCGAGACGCGAGTTTGCCGGTGCGAACAATAGAGCGACCATGACCTTGAAGGTGAGACGCGCATA CTGGAAATGGTTGTCTGTTTGAGTACGCTTTCAATTCATTTGGGTGTGCACTTTATTATGTTACAATATGGA CCCTCCGCGCTCTTTTCCGATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTCGGATATTTCCGGATATCCTTTTGTTGTTTTCCGGGTG TACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTTTCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCT CCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGAGGGGGGGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACA AGACTACACCAATTACACTGCCTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATA ${\tt GCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTTCACTACCCTTTTTCCATTTGCCATCTATTGAAGTAATAATAGGCGCATGCA$ ATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAAAATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGA TACGGCCTTCCTTCCAGTTACTTGAATTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAG ACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTTGTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCCTTTCTTCCTTGTTTCTGCA CCGAGCCTCCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAGGTCGAATTGGGTACCGCCGCCAATTTTAATCAAAGTGGGAATATTG CTCAAGCGCTTTCACAACCAATTGCCTCCTCTAACGTTCATGATAACTTCATGAATAATGAAATCACGGCTA ATACCCCACCAAAACCCAAAAAAAGAGATCTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGCGAGCGCCGCC

Primers to clone PGM1 in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGTACCCATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGT GGTATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGGTGGAGAAGGCCGATAACTTTGAATACAGCGACCCAGTG GATGGAAGCATTTCAAGAAATCAGGGCTTGCGCCTCATTTTCACAGATGGTTCTCGAATCGTCTTCCGACTG AGCGGCACTGGGAGTGCCGGGGCCACCATTCGGCTGTACATCGATAGCTATGAGAAGGACGTTGCCAAGATT AACCAGGACCCCCAGGTCATGTTGGCCCCCCTTATTTCCATTGCTCTGAAAGTGTCCCAGCTGCAGGAGAGG TGGGCATCGATACGGGATCCATCGAGCTCGAGCTGCAGATGAATCGTAGATACTGAAAAAACCCCCGCAAGTTC ACTTCAACTGTGCATCGTGCACCATCTCAATTTCTTTCATTTATACATCGTTTTGCCTTCTTTTATGTAACT ATACTCCTCTAAGTTTCAATCTTGGCCATGTAACCTCTGATCTATAGAATTTTTTAAATGACTAGAATTAAT GCCCATCTTTTTTTTGGACCTAAATTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTTTGGACTT CTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCAAGTCTCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTTACGAAAA GATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCGTTGGTAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTATGATTTAT GATTTTTATTATAAAAAAGTTATAAAAAAAAAAAAGTGTATACAAATTTTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTAAA ACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTCGC TCTTATTGACCACCTCTACCGGCCGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTGTAATTTC GTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAATTTCATTTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATCTTTTTAA GCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTCTTCGGCGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACCTAAATCA CCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATCCAAAAACCTTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGGCAAGTTC AATGACAATTTCAACATCATTGCAGCAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGGCAAATCT GGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGGTTCGTACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAAGGACGCA GATGGCAACAAACCCAAGGAACCTGGGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACATGTTGCTG TGAACCTTCAATGTAGGAAATTCGTTCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCATAATCTTGAAGAGGCC AAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAAGGACCAAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCATGAAAGCGGCCATT ${\tt CTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTCTGGAACGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATCGTCTTCC}$ TTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAATACCTCCCACTAATTCTCTGACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGCAAATTGT GGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTCTAAAAGAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTACAATTGA GCACCTAACAAAACGGCATCAGCCTTCTTGGAAGCCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACCTGTAGCT TTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTCGGCTGTGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGATCTTCTTA TAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCTAACCACCTATTGGAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCAACTTCAA GTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTTAGTCATGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCGCTCTCAC CTTTCCTTTTTCCCCAATTTTTCAGTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAACAAAAA TGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAACTCTTGCATCTTACGATACCTGAGTATTCCCACAGTTGGGGGGATCTCGACTC TAGCTAGAGGATCAATTCGTAATCATGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCA GCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGC CGATCCGGAACCCTTAATATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGG CCAACGCGCGGGGGGGGGGGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTC GGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGA TAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGC GTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCC GACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCC GCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTA TCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTG CGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCAGCAC TGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGG CTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAG AAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACG TTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTT TAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTAT ${\tt CTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGA$ GGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGC TAATTGTTGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTAC GGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATG CTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTG CCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTC TTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAA CTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAA AAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTA TCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCG CACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAG GCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTCGCGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCC GGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAGCGGGTGT TGGCGGGTGTCGGGGCTGGCTTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATAACGCATT ACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTATGTGCGCAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAACGCTTTG AAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCAGAGCGCTTTTGAAAACCAAA AGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTTTCAAAAAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATATTGCGAA TACCGCTTCCACAAACATTGCTCAAAAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCCTATATAACCT ACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCCTTGAACTTGCATCTAAACTCGACCTCTACATTTTTTATGTTTATCTCTAGTA TTACTCTTTAGACAAAAAATTGTAGTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAACAATACGAAAATGTAAA CATTTCCTATACGTAGTATATAGAGACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGAAGAATCA TCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGTTCACAAAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGGATGCCTT TATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCCGCAGCTTCGCTAGTAATCAGTAAACGCGGGAAGTGGAGTCAGGCTTTTTTTA TGGAAGAGAAAATAGACACCAAAGTAGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGTTATCAAG AGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCACAAAGGAGAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAGCGCTCTC GGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAACAAAAAAGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATT TCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCAGCTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTTTA CAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTCTTCGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTTTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCA GCTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCACAGATGC TTCGTTGCT

> pGADT7-RecAB RNF-2

TGCATGCCTGCAGGTCGAGATCCGGGATCGAAGAAATGATGGTAAATGAAATAGGAAATCAAGGAGCATGAA GGCAAAAGACAAATATAAGGGTCGAACGAAAAATAAAGTGAAAAGTGTTGATATGATGTATTTGGCTTTGCG GCGCCGAAAAAACGAGTTTACGCAATTGCACAATCATGCTGACTCTGTGGCGGACCCGCGCTCTTGCCGGCC CGGCGATAACGCTGGGCGTGAGGCTGTGCCCGGCGGAGTTTTTTGCGCCCTGCATTTTCCAAGGTTTACCCTG CGCTAAGGGGCGAGATTGGAGAAGCAATAAGAATGCCGGTTGGGGTTGCGATGATGACGACCACGACAACTG GTGTCATTATTTAAGTTGCCGAAAGAACCTGAGTGCATTTGCAACATGAGTATACTAGAAGAATGAGCCAAG ACTTGCGAGACGCGAGTTTGCCGGTGGTGCGAACAATAGAGCGACCATGACCTTGAAGGTGAGACGCGCATA CTGGAAATGGTTGTCTGTTTGAGTACGCTTTCAATTCATTTGGGTGTGCACTTTATTATGTTACAATATGGA CCCTCCGCGCTCTTTTCCGATTTTTTTCTAAACCGTGGAATATTTCGGATATCCTTTTGTTGTTGTTCCGGGTG TACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTTTCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCT CCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGAGGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACA AGACTACACCAATTACACTGCCTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATA GCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTTCACTACCCTTTTTCCATTTGCCATCTATTGAAGTAATAATAGGCGCATGCA ATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAAAATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGA TACGGCCTTCCTTCCAGTTACTTGAAATTTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAG ACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTTGTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCCTTTCTTCCTTGTTTCTGCA CCGAGCCTCCAAAAAAGAAGAGAAAGGTCGAATTGGGTACCGCCGCCAATTTTAATCAAAGTGGGAATATTG CTCAAGCGCTTTCACAACCAATTGCCTCCTCTAACGTTCATGATAACTTCATGAATAATGAAATCACGGCTA Primers to clone RNF2 in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGTACCCATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGT GGTATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATGGGAACTCAGTTTATATGAG TTACAACGAACACCTCAGGAGGCAATAACAGATGGCTTGGAAATTGTGGTTTCACCTCGAAGTCTACACAGT GAATTAATGTGCCCAATTTGTTTGGATATGTTGAAGAACACCATGACTACAAAGGAGTGTTTACATCGTTTT TGTGCAGACTGCATCATCACAGCCCTTAGAAGTGGCAACAAAGAATGTCCTACCTGTCGGAAAAAACTAGTT TCCAAAAGATCACTAAGGCCAGACCCCAAACTTTGATGCACTCATCAGCAAAATTTATCCAAGTCGTGATGAG ATTGAGGAAGGACTGAAGATACAGGCCATGAACAGACTGCAGCGAGGCAAGAAACAACAGATTGAAAATGGT AGTGGAGCAGAAGATAATGGTGACAGTTCACACTGCAGTAATGCATCCACACATAGCAATCAGGAAGCAGGC CCTAGTAACAAACGGACCAAAAACATCTGATGATTCTGGGCTAGAGCTTGATAATAACAATGCAGCAATGGCA ATTGATCCAGTAATGGATGGTGCTAGTGAAATTGAATTAGTATTCAGGCCTCATCCCACACTTATGGAAAAA GATGACAGTGCACAGACGANATACATAAAGACTTCTGGTAACGCCACTGTTGATCACTTATCCAAGTATCTG GCTGTGAGGTTAGCTTTAGAAGAACTTCGAAGCAAAGGTGAATCAAACCAGATGAACCTTGATACAGCCAGT GAGAAGCAGTATACCATTTATATAGCAACAGCCGGTGGCCAGTTCACTGTATTAAATGGNTCTTTGGA ATTGGTCAGTGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTAGAGGGTGGGCATCGATACGGGATCC ATCGAGCTCGAGCTGCAGATGAATCGTAGATACTGAAAAACCCCCGCAAGTTCACTTCAACTGTGCATCGTGC ACCATCTCAATTTCTTTCATTTATACATCGTTTTGCCTTCTTTTATGTAACTATACTCCTCTAAGTTTCAAT CTTGGCCATGTAACCTCTGATCTATAGAATTTTTTAAATGACTAGAATTAATGCCCATCTTTTTTTGGACC TAAATTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTTTGGACTTCTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCA AGTCTCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTTACGAAAAGATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCG TTGGTAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTATGATTTATGATTTTATTAATAAAG TTATAAAAAAAAAAAGTGTATACAAATTTTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGA GTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACACCTCTA CCGGCCGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTGTAATTTCGTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAAT TTCATTTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATCTTTTTAAGCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTC TTCGGCGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACCTAAATCACCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATC CAAAACCTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGGCAAGTTCAATGACAATTTCAACATCAT TGCAGCAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGGCAAATCTGGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGG TTCGTACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAAGGACGCAGATGGCAACAAACCCAAGGA ACCTGGGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACATGTTGCTGGTGATTATAATACCATTTAG TTCGTTCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCATAATCTTGAAGAGGCCAAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAA GGACCAAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCATGAAAGCGGCCATTCTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTC TGGAACGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATCGTCTTCCTTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAAT ACCTCCCACTAATTCTCTGACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGCAAATTGTGGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTC TAAAAGAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTACAATTGAAGTTCTTTACGGATTTTTAG AGCCTTCTTGGAGGCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACCTGTAGCTTCGATAGCAGCACCACCAAT TAAATGATTTTCGAAATCGAACTTGACATTGGAACGAACATCAGAAATAGCTTTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTC GGCTGTGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGATCTTCTTAGGGGCAGACATTAGAATGGT ATATCCTTGAAATATATATATATATTGCTGAAATGTAAAAGGTAAGAAAGTTAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCT AACCACCTATTGGAAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCAACTTCAAGTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTT AGTCATGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCGCTCTCACCTTTCCTTTTCTCCCAATT TTTCAGTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAACAAAAATTTCCAGTCATCGAATTTGA TTCTGTGCGATAGCGCCCCTGTGTGTTCTCGTTATGTTGAGGAAAAAATAATGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAA AATCATGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAG CATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGC TTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATTAGGTCT GAAGAGGAGTTTACGTCCAGCCAAGCTAGCTTGGCTGCAGGTCGAGCGGCCGCGATCCGGAACCCTTAATAT AACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCG CGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGT GAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCC CCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACC AGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTGTGCGCCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCG CCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCG TTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATC GTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAG CGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTAT CCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAG ATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGA ATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTC GTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCA GAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCC CGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGT TGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGT ACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATA ATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAA GGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTA CTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACAC GGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCCTTTTTCCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGA ${\tt GCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGC}$ CACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTC GTCTCGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTC TGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAGCGGGTGTTGGCGGGGTGTCGGGGGCTGGC TTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATAACGCATTTAAGCATAAACACGCACTAT GCCGTTCTTCTCATGTATATATATATACAGGCAACACGCAGATATAGGTGCGACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTAT GTGCGCAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAACGCTTTGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTC CTATTCTCTAGCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCAGAGCGCTTTTGAAAACCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTT TCAAAAAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATATTGCGAATACCGCTTCCACAAACATTG CTCAAAAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCTATATAACCTACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCC TTGAACTTGCATCTAAACTCGACCTCTACATTTTTTATGTTTATCTCTAGTATTACTCTTTAGACAAAAAA TTGTAGTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAACAATACGAAAATGTAAACATTTCCTATACGTAGTATA TAGAGACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGAAGAATCATCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGT TCACAAAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGGATGCCTTTATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCC AAAGTAGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGTTATCAAGAGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCA CAAAGGAGAAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAGCGCTCTCGGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAAC AAAAAAGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAAAAATGCAG CTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTTTACAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTC AAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCACAGATGCTTCGTTGCT

> pGADT7-RecAB STX8

Primers to clone STX8 in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGTACCCATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGT ACATACGATTCTACTTGTCAAATTGCCCAAGAAATTGCTGAGAAAATTCAACAACGAAATCAATATGAACGA AAAGGTGAAAAGGCACCAAGGCTTACCGTGACAATCAGAGCTTTGTTGCAGAACCTGAAGGAAAAGATCGCC CTTTTGAAGGACTTATTGCTAAGAGCTGTGTCAACACATCAGATAACACAGCTTGAAGGGGACCGAAGACAG AACCTCTTGGATGATCTTGTAACTCGAGAGAGACTACTTCTGGCATCCTTTAAGAATGAGGGTGCCGAACCA GATCTAATCAGGTCCAGCCTGATGAGTGAAGAGGGCTAAGCGAGGAGCACCCAACCCTTGGCTCTTTGAGGAG CCAGAGGAGACCAGAGGCTTGGGTTTTGATGAAATCCGGCAACAGCAGCAGAAAATTATCCAAGAACAGGAT GATGAACAAAATGAGATAATTGACGACCTTGCCAACCTAGTGGAGAACACAGATGAAAAACTTCGCAATGAA ACCAGGCGGGTAAACATGGTGGACAGAAAGTCAGCCTCTTGTGGGATGATCATGGTGATTTTACTGCTGCTT TAGAGGGTGGGCATCGATACGGGATCCATCGAGCTCGAGCTGCAGATGAATCGTAGATACTGAAAAACCCCCG TGTAACTATACTCCTCTAAGTTTCAATCTTGGCCATGTAACCTCTGATCTATAGAATTTTTTAAATGACTAG AATTAATGCCCATCTTTTTTTTGGACCTAAATTCTTCATGAAAATATATTACGAGGGCTTATTCAGAAGCTT TGGACTTCTTCGCCAGAGGTTTGGTCAAGTCTCCAATCAAGGTTGTCGGCTTGTCTACCTTGCCAGAAATTT ACGAAAAGATGGAAAAGGGTCAAATCGTTGGTAGATACGTTGTTGACACTTCTAAATAAGCGAATTTCTTAT TTTTAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGCTTTCTCAGGTATAGCATG AGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACCTCTACCGGCCGGTCGAAATTCCCCTACCCTATGAACATATTCCATTTTG TAATTTCGTGTCGTTTCTATTATGAATTTCATTTATAAAGTTTATGTACAAATATCATAAAAAAAGAGAATC TTTTTAAGCAAGGATTTTCTTAACTTCTTCGGCGACAGCATCACCGACTTCGGTGGTACTGTTGGAACCACC TAAATCACCAGTTCTGATACCTGCATCCAAAACCTTTTTAACTGCATCTTCAATGGCCTTACCTTCTTCAGG CAAGTTCAATGACAATTTCAACATCATTGCAGCAGACAAGATAGTGGCGATAGGGTTGACCTTATTCTTTGG CAAATCTGGAGCAGAACCGTGGCATGGTTCGTACAAACCAAATGCGGTGTTCTTGTCTGGCAAAGAGGCCAA GGACGCAGATGGCAACAAACCCCAAGGAACCTGGGATAACGGAGGCTTCATCGGAGATGATATCACCAAACAT TTGATGTTGAACCTTCAATGTAGGAAATTCGTTCTTGATGGTTTCCTCCACAGTTTTTCTCCCATAATCTTGA AGAGGCCAAAACATTAGCTTTATCCAAGGACCAAATAGGCAATGGTGGCTCATGTTGTAGGGCCATGAAAGC GGCCATTCTTGTGATTCTTTGCACTTCTGGAACGGTGTATTGTTCACTATCCCAAGCGACACCATCACCATC GTCTTCCTTTCTCTTACCAAAGTAAATACCTCCCACTAATTCTCTGACAACAACGAAGTCAGTACCTTTAGC AAATTGTGGCTTGATTGGAGATAAGTCTAAAAGAGAGTCGGATGCAAAGTTACATGGTCTTAAGTTGGCGTA CAATTGAAGTTCTTTACGGATTTTTAGTAAACCTTGTTCAGGTCTAACACTACCTGTACCCCATTTAGGACC ACCCACAGCACCTAACAAAACGGCATCAGCCTTCTTGGAGGCTTCCAGCGCCTCATCTGGAAGTGGGACACC AATAGCTTTAAGAACCTTAATGGCTTCGGCTGTGATTTCTTGACCAACGTGGTCACCTGGCAAAACGACGAT GAAAAGTTAGAAAGTAAGACGATTGCTAACCACCTATTGGAAAAAACAATAGGTCCTTAAATAATATTGTCA ACTTCAAGTATTGTGATGCAAGCATTTAGTCATGAACGCTTCTCTATTCTATATGAAAAGCCGGTTCCGGCG CTCTCACCTTTCCTTTTTCCCCAATTTTTCAGTTGAAAAAGGTATATGCGTCAGGCGACCTCTGAAATTAA ${\tt CAAAAAATTTCCAGTCATCGAATTTGATTCTGTGCGATAGCGCCCCTGTGTGTTCTCGTTATGTTGAGGAAA}$ AAAATAATGGTTGCTAAGAGATTCGAACTCTTGCATCTTACGATACCTGAGTATTCCCACAGTTGGGGGGATC

TCGACTCTAGCTAGAGGATCAATTCGTAATCATGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC ATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGATAACTTCGTATAA GCGGCCGCGATCCGGAACCCTTAATATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAAGTTATCAGCTGCATTAAT GAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGC CAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAAGGCCGCGT TGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGC GAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGA CCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCT GTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCG ACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAG CAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTA ACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAG CGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAA ACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAAT GAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGG CACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGA TACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATT TATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCGCCTCCATCC AGTCTATTAATTGTTGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCA GGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAA GTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCG TAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTT GCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAA AACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTG CACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATG ${\tt CCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAA$ TTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATA AAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTCGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAAACCTCTGACACATGC AGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGTCAGGGCGCGTCAG CGGGTGTTGGCGGGTGTCGGGGCTGGCTTAACTATGCGGCATCAGAGCAGATTGTACTGAGAGTGCACCATA AGGTGCGACGTGAACAGTGAGCTGTATGTGCGCAGCTCGCGTTGCATTTTCGGAAGCGCTCGTTTTCGGAAA AACCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGACGCACTTTCAAAAAACCAAAAACGCACCGGACTGTAACGAGCTACTAAAATA TTGCGAATACCGCTTCCACAAACATTGCTCAAAAGTATCTCTTTGCTATATATCTCTGTGCTATATCCCTAT ATAACCTACCCATCCACCTTTCGCTCCTTGAACTTGCATCTAAACTCGACCTCTACATTTTTTATGTTTATC TCTAGTATTACTCTTTAGACAAAAAATTGTAGTAAGAACTATTCATAGAGTGAATCGAAAACAATACGAAA ATGTAAACATTTCCTATACGTAGTATATAGAGACAAAATAGAAGAAACCGTTCATAATTTTCTGACCAATGA AGAATCATCAACGCTATCACTTTCTGTTCACAAAGTATGCGCAATCCACATCGGTATAGAATATAATCGGGG ATGCCTTTATCTTGAAAAAATGCACCCGCAGCTTCGCTAGTAATCAGTAAACGCGGGAAGTGGAGTCAGGCT TTTTTTATGGAAGAGAAAATAGACACCAAAGTAGCCTTCTTCTAACCTTAACGGACCTACAGTGCAAAAAGT TATCAAGAGACTGCATTATAGAGCGCACAAAGGAGAAAAAAGTAATCTAAGATGCTTTGTTAGAAAAATAG CGCTCTCGGGATGCATTTTTGTAGAACAAAAAAGAAGTATAGATTCTTTGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTCTCGCG TGTTTTACAAAAATGAAGCACAGATTCTTCGTTGGTAAAATAGCGCTTTCGCGTTGCATTTCTGTTCTGTAA AAATGCAGCTCAGATTCTTTGTTTGAAAAATTAGCGCTCTCGCGTTGCATTTTTGTTCTACAAAATGAAGCA CAGATGCTTCGTTGCT

7.5 in silico sequences of prey cDNAs clones in pcDNA5/FRT

>pcDNA5/FRT ATP1ß1

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> GGAGTACCCATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGTGG TATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGTGCTCTGGATTAAATGATGAAACTTATGGCTACAAAGAGGG CAAACCGTGCATTATTATAAAGCTCAACCGAGTTCTAGGCTTCAAACCTAAGCCTCCCAAGAATGAGTCCTT GGAGACTTACCCAGTGATGAAGTATAACCCAAATGTCCTTCCCGTTCAGTGCACTGGCAAGCGAGATGAAGA TAAGGATAAAGTTGGAAAATGTGGAGTATTTTGGACTGGGCAACTCCCCTGGTTTTCCTCTGCAGTATTATCC GTACTATGGCAAACTCCTGCAGCCCCAAATACCTGCAGCCCCTGCTGGCCGTACAGTTCACCAATCTTACCAT GGACACTGAAATTCGCATAGAGTGTAAGGCGTACGGTGAGAACATTGGGTACAGTGAGAAAGACCGTTTTCA GGGACGTTTTGATGTAAAAATTGAAGTTAAGAGCTGAGCGGCCGCTCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCC ${\tt CCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGT$ ${\tt CTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACG$ CGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGGGGTGTGGTGGTGGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCG CCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTCCTTCCCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTC TAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGG GTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGG CCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACC TGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGC GGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCTCC CGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGG GTGTCACGTTGCAAGACCTGCCTGAAACCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATG CGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACA CTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACA ${\tt CCGTCAGTGCGTCCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGC$ ACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACT GGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTT GTATGGAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGT ATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGG CGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAA GCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTC CGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCG GAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACC CCAACTTGTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTT TTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACC TCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCA GCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGC GCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTT CGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCA GGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTC CATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGA ${\tt CTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACC}$ GGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGT TCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTA TCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAAC AGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACT AGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGA GGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGG ATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCA ATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCG ATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTA CCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAAC TGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATC GTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGA GTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCT GTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCG TCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGG CGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCT TCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGA ATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGT TATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTT CCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT NPC2

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> <mark>GGAGTACCCATACGACGTACC</mark>AGATTACGCT</mark>CATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGTGG TATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGGGGCCTGATGGTTGTAAGAGTGGAATTAACGGCCCTATCCA AAAAGACAAGACCTATAGCTACCTGAATAAACTACCAGTGAAAAGCGAATATCCCTCTATAAAACTGGTGGT GGAGTGGCAACTTCAGGATGACAAAAACCAAAGTCTCTTCTGCTGGGAAATCCCAGTA<mark>CAGATCGTTTCTCA</mark> TCTCTAA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACTGTGCCTTCTAGTT GCCAGCCATCTGTTGTTTGCCCCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTT AGGACAGCAAGGGGGGGGGGGGTTGGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTG AGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGGCTCTAGGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGG GTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTCC CTTCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGAT TTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTAT TCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTG TCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTC GTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACA AAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAAT AACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGA GCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTG CTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACACCGTCAGTGCGTCCGCGCGCAGGCTCTCG ATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACA ATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCAAT ACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGC GGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCGCCCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCT ATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGAT CCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAG AAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAG ATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGA TCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCAACCTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTT ACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGT CATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGT GTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCCGCTTTCCAGT CGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGC CAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGC AAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATC ACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTG GAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGG GAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGG GCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACC CGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCG GTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTC GTGGTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTT CTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGA CTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTG CCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATAC ${\tt CAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTCTGGTATGG$ CTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTA GCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCAC TGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCAT TCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATA GCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGT TGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTT CTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATAC TCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTG AATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT PCNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> <mark>GGAGTACCCATACGACGTACC</mark>AGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGTGG TATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGGATCTCAGCCATATTGGAGATGCTGTTGTAATTTCCTGTGC AAAAGACGGAGTGAAATTTTCTGCAAGTGGAGAACTTGGAAATGGAAACATTAAATTGTCACAGACAAGTAA ${\tt CCTGAACTTCTTTACAAAAGCCACTCCACTCTTCTAACGGTGACACTCAGTATGTCTGCAGATGTACCCCT}$ TGTTGTAGAGTATAAAATTGCGGATATGGGACACTTAAAATACTACTTGGCTCCCAAGATCG<mark>AGGATGAAGA</mark> AGGATCTTAGGCGGCCGCTCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACTGTGCCTTCTA GCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGGGGGGGATGGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTC TGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGC GGGTGTGGTGGTGACCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTT CCCTTCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCG ATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCT ATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTC TGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATC TCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTA CAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGA CGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGAC GAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGAT CGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAA ${\tt CAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCA}$ ATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGACGCGCTACTTCGA GCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACT CTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCG ATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTG AGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACG AGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGAT GATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCAACCTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGG TTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTT GTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAA GTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCA GTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGG GCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCA CTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCA GCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCA TCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCC TGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTC GGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCT GGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAA CCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGG CGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGC ${\tt CGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTT}$ TTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAG GTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGT TGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGAT ${\tt GCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTAT}$ GGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGT TAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGC ACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTC ATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACA TAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCT GTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTACTTTCACCAGCGT TTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAAT ACTCATACTCTTTCCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATT TGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT PGM1

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> CATACGACGTACCAGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGTGG TATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGGGGGGGAGAAGGCCGATAACTTTGAATACAGCGACCCAGTGGA TGGAAGCATTTCAAGAAATCAGGGCTTGCGCCTCATTTTCACAGATGGTTCTCGAATCGTCTTCCGACTGAG CGGCACTGGGAGTGCCGGGGCCACCATTCGGCTGTACATCGATAGCTATGAGAAGGACGTTGCCAAGATTAA CCAGGACCCCCAGGTCATGTTGGCCCCCCTTATTTCCATTGCTCTGAAAGTGTCCCAGCTGCAGGAGAGGAC GGGACG<mark>CACTGCACCCACTGTCATCACCTAAGCCGCCCGC</mark>TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGAT AAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATT ATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCT CGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCCTTCCTCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATC GGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATG GTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAA AGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCGACCTGATGCA GCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAA TAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCC GGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGGGTGTCAC GTTGCAAGACCTGCCTGAAACCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGC TGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATG GCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACACCGTCAG TGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGT GCACGCGGATTTCCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGA GGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGA GCAGCAGACGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCT ${\tt CCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGG}$ TCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGGATCCGGGGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGC CGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGC AAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGT TTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCAACCT **GTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTC ACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAG** GCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGG GAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTTCGGCG CGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAG AACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGG CTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAA AGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATAC ${\tt CTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTG$ TAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGT AACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATT AGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGG ACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGATCCGGC AAACAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATAACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCT CAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTG AGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGT CTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCT GGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCA GAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTG TCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCC TCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACT GGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATA CGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAA CTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCA TCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGG GCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGT CTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGA AAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT RNF-2

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC ${\tt CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT}$ GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> <mark>GGAGTACCCATACGACGTACC</mark>AGATTACGCT</mark>CATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCA<mark>AGCAGT</mark>GG TATCAACGCAGAGTGGCCATTACGGCCGGGGCAACCATTAAGCAAAACATGGGAACTCAGTTTATATGAGTT ACAACGAACACCTCAGGAGGCAATAACAGATGGCTTGGAAATTGTGGTTTCACCTCGAAGTCTACACAGTGA ATTAATGTGCCCAATTTGTTTGGATATGTTGAAGAACACCATGACTACAAAGGAGTGTTTACATCGTTTTTG TGCAGACTGCATCATCACAGCCCTTAGAAGTGGCAACAAAGAATGTCCTACCTGTCGGAAAAAACTAGTTTC CAAAAGATCACTAAGGCCAGACCCAAACTTTGATGCACTCATCAGCAAAATTTATCCAAGTCGTGATGAGTA TGAGGAAGGACTGAAGATACAGGCCATGAACAGACTGCAGCGAGGCAAGAAACAACAGATTGAAAATGGTAG TGGAGCAGAAGATAATGGTGACAGTTCACACTGCAGTAATGCATCCACAATAGCAATCAGGAAGCAGGCCC TAGTAACAAACGGACCAAAACATCTGATGATTCTGGGCTAGAGCTTGATAATAACAATGCAGCAATGGCAAT TGATCCAGTAATGGATGGTGCTAGTGAAATTGAATTAGTATTCAGGCCTCATCCCACACTTATGGAAAAAGA TGACAGTGCACAGACGANATACATAAAGACTTCTGGTAACGCCACTGTTGATCACTTATCCAAGTATCTGGC TGTGAGGTTAGCTTTAGAAGAACTTCGAAGCAAAGGTGAATCAAACCAGATGAACCTTGATACAGCCAGTGA GAAGCAGTATACCATTTATATAGCAACAGCCGGTGGCCAGTTCACTGTATTAAATGGNTCTTTCTTTGGAAT <mark>TGGTCAGTGA</mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACTGTGCCTTCTA TTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTATTCTGGGGGGGTGGGGTGG GGCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGGGGGGGGTGGGGATGGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTT CTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGG CGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCT TCCCTTCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCC GATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCC TATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGT CTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAAT CTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCT ACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGG CCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGA CGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGCA TCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCA ACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCC AATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCG AGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCGCCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAAC TCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCC GATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTG TAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTAC GAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGA TGATCCTCCAGCGGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATG GTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTT GGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAA AGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCC AGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTG GGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTC ACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCC AGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGC ATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCC CTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTT CGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGC

TGGGCTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCA ACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAG GCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCG GCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGAATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCT TTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAA GGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAG TTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGA ${\tt CGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTA$ TGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGG TTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAG CACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGT CATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCAC ATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGC TGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCG TTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAA TACTCATACTCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATAT TTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT STX8

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> A<mark>GTACCCATACGACGTACC</mark>AGATTACGCTCATATGAACATGGAGGCCAGTGAATTCCACCCAAGCAGTGG ATACGATTCTACTTGTCAAATTGCCCAAGAAATTGCTGAGAAAATTCAACAACGAAATCAATATGAACGAAA AGGTGAAAAGGCACCAAGGCTTACCGTGACAATCAGAGCTTTGTTGCAGAACCTGAAGGAAAAGATCGCCCT TTTGAAGGACTTATTGCTAAGAGCTGTGTCAACACATCAGATAACACAGCTTGAAGGGGACCGAAGACAGAA CCTCTTGGATGATCTTGTAACTCGAGAGAGACTACTTCTGGCATCCTTTAAGAATGAGGGTGCCGAACCAGA TCTAATCAGGTCCAGCCTGATGAGTGAAGAGGCTAAGCGAGGAGCACCCCAACCCTTGGCTCTTTGAGGAGCC AGAGGAGACCAGAGGCTTGGGTTTTGATGAAATCCGGCAACAGCAGCAGAAAATTATCCAAGAACAGGATGC TGAACAAAATGAGATAATTGACGACCTTGCCAACCTAGTGGAGAACACAGATGAAAAACTTCGCAATGAAAC ${\tt CAGGCGGGTAAACA} {\tt TGGTGGACAGAAAGTCAGCCTCTTGTGGGAT} {\tt GATCATGGTGATTTTACTGCTGCTTGT}$ GGCTATCGTGGTTG<mark>TTGCAGTCTGGCCGACCAACTGAGCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTAAACCC CCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGT ${\tt CTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACG$ CCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTCCTTCCCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTC TAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGG GTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGG CCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACC TGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGC GGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCC CGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGG GTGTCACGTTGCAAGACCTGCCTGAAACCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATG CGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACA CTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACA CCGTCAGTGCGTCCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGC ACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACT GGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTT GTATGGAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGT ATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGG CGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAA GCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTC CGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCG GAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACC CCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCAT TTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGA ${\tt CCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTC}$ TTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACG CGCGGGGGGGGGGGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGT TCGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGC AGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTT CCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGG ACTATAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACC GGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGT TCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTA TCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAAC AGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACT AGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGA GGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGG ATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCA ATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCG ATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTA CCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAAC TGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATC GTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGA GTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCT GTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCG TCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGG CGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCT TCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGA ATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATATTTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGT TATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTT CCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

7.6 In silico sequences of wild-type and pathogenic APS-1 mutated AIRE-CARD cDNA cloned in pcDNA/FRT

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-CARD cDNA

 ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> CCACGACGTGGTCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGACGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCAGGC ${\tt CTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGGACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAGGGTGCTGTT}$ CAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGCAGCCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCTGA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGT CCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTG CATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTATTCTGGGGGGGTGGGGTGGGGCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGAGGATT GGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGG GCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCG CCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCG ACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAG AAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAA AGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAG GAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGC ACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCTCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATT CGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGAC CGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACT GGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACGACGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCG AGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCC GCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCT TCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAG GATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCA ATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGGATCCGGGGCCGGGACTGTCGGGC GTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAA ACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCT TCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCA TGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCA ${\tt CAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTT}$ ATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAA ATTGTTATCCGCTCACAAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAAT GAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGC CCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAA AGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTC AGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTC CTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATA GCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCG TTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGC CACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGT GGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCG AGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTCTACGGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGT GGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAA ATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAA TCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGA TAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGG CTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCG AACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCG TTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCA TGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGC GACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCA TCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAAC CCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAA GGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATTTCAAT ATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAAATAAAC AAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-T16M cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC ${\tt CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT}$ GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTCGGATCCA TCTGAGGCTGCACCGCATGGAGATCGCGGTGGCCGTGGACAGCGCCTTCCCACTGCTGCACGCCTGGCTGA CCACGACGTGGTCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGACGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCCAGGC CTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGGACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAGGGTGCTGTT CAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGCAGCCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCTGA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGT CCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTACTAAAATGAGGAAATTG GGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGG TGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCG ${\tt CCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCG}$ ACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAG AAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAA AGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAG GAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGC ACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATT CGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGAC CGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACT GGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACGACGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCG AGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCC GCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCT TCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGACGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAG GATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCA ATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGC GTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAA ACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCT TCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCA TGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCA ${\tt CAAATTTCACAAAATAAAGCATTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGGTTTGTCCAAAACTCATCAATGTATCTT$ ATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAA ATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAAT GAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGC CCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAA AGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTC AGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTC CTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATA GCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCG TTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGC CACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGT GGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCG AGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGT GGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAA ATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAA TCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGA TAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGG

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-L29P cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> **GGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGATCTCAGAGGAGGACCTG**CATATGGCCATGGCGACGGACGCGCGCCTACGCCGGCT ${\tt CCACGACGTGGTCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGACGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCCAGGC}$ CTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGGACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAGGGTGCTGTT CAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGCAGCCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCTGA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>TCGAGT CCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTACTAAAATGAGGAAATTG GGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGG GCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGGGGTGTGGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCG TGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCG CCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCG ACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAG AAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAA AGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAG GAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGC ACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATT CGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGAC CGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACT GGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACGACGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCG AGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCC GCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCT TCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGACGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAG GATCGCCGCGCCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCA ATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGC GTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAA ACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCT TCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCA TGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCA

CAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAAACTCATCAATGTATCTT ATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAA ATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAAT GAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGC CCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAA AGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTC AGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTC CTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATA GCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCG TTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGC CACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGT GGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCG AGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGT GGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAA ATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAA TCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGA TAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGG CTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCG AACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCG TTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCA TGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGC GACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCA TCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAAC CCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAA GGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATTTCAAT ATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAAC AAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-L93R cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCGTTTAAACTTAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTC<mark>GGATCCAT</mark> CCACGACGTGGTCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGACGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCAGGC CTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGGACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCCGGAGGGTGCTGTT CAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCCTATGGCCGGCGCGCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCTGAGCGCCGCTCGAGT CCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTACTAAAATGAGGAAATTG GGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGG GCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCG
CCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCG ACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCTCTAG AAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAA AGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAG GAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGC ACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCTCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATT CGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGAC CGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACT GGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACGACGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCG AGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCC GCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCT TCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAG GATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCA ATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGC GTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAA ACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCT TCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCA TGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCA CAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTT ATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAA ATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAAT GAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGC CCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAA AGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTC AGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTC CTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATA GCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCG TTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGC CACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGT GGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCG AGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTCTACGGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGT GGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTTTTAA ATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAA ${\tt TCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGA$ TAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGG CTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCG AACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCG TTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCA TGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGC GACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCA TCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAAC ${\tt CCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAA$ GGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCAAT ATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAAC AAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

7.7 In silico sequence of the precursor AIRE-SAND cDNA clone

pGBKT7 AIRE-SAND

 ${\tt CGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGATCCTTTTGTTGTTTCCGGGTGTACAATATGGACTTCCTCTTT$ TCTGGCAACCAAACCCATACATCGGGATTCCTATAATACCTTCGTTGGTCTCCCTAACATGTAGGTGGCGGA GGGGAGATATACAATAGAACAGATACCAGACAAGACATAATGGGCTAAACAAGACTACACCAATTACACTGC CTCATTGATGGTGGTACATAACGAACTAATACTGTAGCCCTAGACTTGATAGCCATCATCATATCGAAGTTT TTTCTCTCCCCCGTTGTTGTCTCACCATATCCGCAATGACAAAAAATGATGGAAGACACTAAAGGAAAA AATTAACGACAAAGACAGCACCAACAGATGTCGTTGTTCCAGAGCTGATGAGGGGTATCTCGAAGCACACGA TTGAATTTGAAATAAAAAAAGTTTGCTGTCTTGCTATCAAGTATAAATAGACCTGCAATTATTAATCTTTT GTTTCCTCGTCATTGTTCTCGTTCCTTTCTTCCTTGTTTCTTCTGCACAATATTTCAAGCTATACCAA GCATACAATCAACTCCAAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCAT GCGATATTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACA CAAGGCTAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAA TGGATTCTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCG TCACAGATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACAT CATCATCGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTTGTAATACGACTCA CTATAGGGCGAGCGCCATC

Primers to clone AIRE-SAND in pcDNA5/FRT

ATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGATCTCAGAGGAGGACCTGCATATGG<mark>CCATGG</mark>TCCTGGACAGCTTCCCCAAAGAT GTGGACCTCAGCCAGGCCCGGAAGGGGAGGAAGCCCCCGGCCGTCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCAGA CTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCCTCGAGCTGCCGCCGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGCACC ${\tt CCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCAGTCCAGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGTC}$ CCGGGAGCCCGAGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGCAGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGC ATCCAGGTTGGTGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCGAAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGC AGCAGCAGTGGCCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCCAAGGGAGCCCAGGGCGCTGCCCCCGGTGGGGGTGAGGCT AGGCTGGGC<mark>CAGCAGGGCAGCGTTCCC</mark>TAAGCCCCTCTGGCCCTCCCCAGTG<mark>GTCGAC</mark>CTGCAGCGGCCGCA TTTAAAGTGACTCTTAGGTTTTAAAAACGAAAATTCTTATTCTTGAGTAACTCTTTCCTGTAGGTCAGGTTGC TTTCTCAGGTATAGCATGAGGTCGCTCTTATTGACCACACCTCTACCGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATG GTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAA GTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCA GTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGG CTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCA GCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCA TCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCC TGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTC GGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCT GGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAA CCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGG CGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGC CGGTGGTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTT TTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAG GGCTATGGCAGGGCCTGCCGCCCCGACGTTGGCTGCGAGCCCTGGGCCTTCACCCGAACTTGGGGGGTGGGG TGGGGAAAAGGAAGAAACGCGGGCGTATTGGCCCCAATGGGGTCTCGGTGGGGTATCGACAGAGTGCCAGCC CTGGGACCGAACCCCGCGTTTATGAACAAACGACCCAACACCGTGCGTTTTATTCTGTCTTTTTATTGCCGT CATAGCGCGGGTTCCTTCCGGTATTGTCTCCCTTCCGTGTTTCAGTTAGCCTCCCCCTAGGGTGGGCGAAGAA CTCCAGCATGAGATCCCCGCGCTGGAGGATCATCCAGCCGGCGTCCCGGAAAACGATTCCGAAGCCCAACCT CCCCAGAGTCCCGCTCAGAAGAACTCGTCAAGAAGGCGATAGAAGGCGATGCGCTGCGAATCGGGAGCGGCG ATACCGTAAAGCACGAGGAAGCGGTCAGCCCATTCGCCGCCAAGCTCTTCAGCAATATCACGGGTAGCCAAC GCTATGTCCTGATAGCGGTCCGCCACACCCAGCCGGCCACAGTCGATGAATCCAGAAAAGCGGCCATTTTCC ACCATGATATTCGGCAAGCAGGCATCGCCATGAGTCACGACGAGATCCTCGCCGTCGGGCATGCTCGCCTTG AGCCTGGCGAACAGTTCGGCTGGCGCGAGCCCCTGATGCTCTTCGTCCAGATCATCCTGATCGACAAGACCG GCTTCCATCCGAGTACGTGCTCGCTCGATGCGATGCTTCGCTTGGTGGTCGAATGGGCAGGTAGCCGGATCA AGCGTATGCAGCCGCCGCATTGCATCAGCCATGATGGATACTTTCTCGGCAGGAGCAAGGTGAGATGACAGG AGATCCTGCCCCGGCACTTCGCCCAATAGCAGCCAGTCCCTTCCCGCTTCAGTGACAACGTCGAGCACAGCT GACAGGTCGGTCTTGACAAAAAGAACCGGGCGCCCCTGCGCTGACAGCCGGAACACGGCGGCATCAGAGCAG CCGATTGTCTGTGTGCCCAGTCATAGCCGAATAGCCTCTCCACCCAAGCGGCCGGAGAACCTGCGTGCAAT CCATCTTGTTCAATCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGC GGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCA GAATCTGAGCTGCATTTTTACAGAACAGAAATGCAACGCGAAAGCGCTATTTTACCAACGAAGAATCTGTGC ACAGAACAGAAATGCAACGCGAGAGCGCTATTTTACCAACAAAGAATCTATACTTCTTTTTTTGTTCTACAAA AATGCATCCCGAGAGCGCTATTTTTCTAACAAAGCATCTTAGATTACTTTTTTTCTCCCTTTGTGCGCTCTAT AATGCAGTCTCTTGATAACTTTTTGCACTGTAGGTCCGTTAAGGTTAGAAGAAGGCTACTTTGGTGTCTATT TTCTCTTCCATAAAAAAAGCCTGACTCCACTTCCCGCGTTTACTGATTACTAGCGAAGCTGCGGGTGCATTT TTTCAAGATAAAGGCATCCCCGATTATATTCTATACCGATGTGGATTGCGCATACTTTGTGAACAGAAAGTG ATAGCGTTGATGATTCTTCATTGGTCAGAAAATTATGAACGGTTTCTTCTATTTTGTCTCTATATACTACGT ATAGGAAATGTTTACATTTTCGTATTGTTTTCGATTCACTCTATGAATAGTTCTTACTACAATTTTTTTGTC TAAAGAGTAATACTAGAGATAAAACATAAAAAATGTAGAGGTCGAGTTTAGATGCAAGTTCAAGGAGCGAAAG GTGGATGGGTAGGTTATATAGGGATATAGCACAGAGATATATAGCAAAGAGATACTTTTGAGCAATGTTTGT GGAAGCGGTATTCGCAATATTTTAGTAGCTCGTTACAGTCCGGTGCGTTTTTGGTTTTTTGAAAGTGCGTCT TCAGAGCGCTTTTGGTTTTCAAAAGCGCTCTGAAGTTCCTATACTTTCTAGAGAATAGGAACTTCGGAATAG GAACTTCAAAGCGTTTCCGAAAACGAGCGCTTCCGAAAATGCAACGCGAGCTGCGCACATACAGCTCACTGT TGCTTAAATGCGTACTTATATGCGTCTATTTATGTAGGATGAAAGGTAGTCTAGTACCTCCTGTGATATTAT CCCATTCCATGCGGGGTATCGTATGCTTCCTTCAGCACTACCCTTTAGCTGTTCTATATGCTGCCACTCCTC AATTGGATTAGTCTCATCCTTCAATGCTATCATTTCCTTTGATATTGGATCATACTAAGAAACCATTATTAT CATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTCTCGCGCGTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGA AAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGC TAATATATGTGTACTTTGCAGTTATGACGCCAGATGGCAGTAGTGGAAGATATTCTTTATTGAAAAATAGCT AGAAAAGGAGAGGGCCAAGAGGGAGGGCATTGGTGACTATTGAGCACGTGAGTATACGTGATTAAGCACACA AAGGCAGCTTGGAGTATGTCTGTTATTAATTTCACAGGTAGTTCTGGTCCATTGGTGAAAGTTTGCGGCTTG ${\tt CAGAGCACAGAGGCCGCAGAATGTGCTCTAGATTCCGATGCTGACTTGCTGGGTATTATATGTGTGCCCAAT$ AGAAAGAGAACAATTGACCCGGTTATTGCAAGGAAAATTTCAAGTCTTGTAAAAGCATATAAAAATAGTTCA GGCACTCCGAAATACTTGGTTGGCGTGTTTCGTAATCAACCTAAGGAGGATGTTTTGGCTCTGGTCAATGAT TACGGCATTGATATCGTCCAACTGCATGGAGATGAGTCGTGGCAAGAATACCAAGAGTTCCTCGGTTTGCCA GTTATTAAAAGACTCGTATTTCCAAAAGACTGCAACATACTACTCAGTGCAGCTTCACAGAAACCTCATTCG TTTATTCCCTTGTTTGATTCAGAAGCAGGTGGGACAGGTGAACTTTTGGATTGGAACTCGATTTCTGACTGG GTTGGAAGGCAAGAGAGCCCCGAAAGCTTACATTTTATGTTAGCTGGTGGACTGACGCCAGAAAATGTTGGT GATGCGCTTAGATTAAATGGCGTTATTGGTGTTGATGTAAGCGGAGGTGTGGAGACAAATGGTGTAAAAGAC TGTTTGTGCACTTGCCGATCTATGCGGTGTGAAATACCGCACAGATGCGTAAGGAGAAAATACCGCATCAGG AAATTGTAAGCGTTAATATTTTGTTAAAATTCGCGTTAAATTTTTGTTAAATCAGCTCATTTTTTAACCAAT AGGCCGAAATCGGCAAAATCCCTTATAAATCAAAAGAATAGACCGAGATAGGGTTGAGTGTTGTTCCAGTTT GGAACAAGAGTCCACTATTAAAGAACGTGGACTCCAACGTCAAAGGGCGAAAAACCGTCTATCAGGGCGATG GCCCACTACGTGAACCATCACCCTAATCAAGTTTTTTGGGGTCGAGGTGCCGTAAAGCACTAAATCGGAACC CGAAAGGAGCGGCGCTAGGGCGCTGGCAAGTGTAGCGGTCACGCTGCGCGTAACCACCACCACCGCCGCGC TTAATGCGCCGCTACAGGGCGCGTCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCGCAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGAT

7.8 In silico sequences of wild-type and mutated AIRE-SAND cloned in pcDNA5/FRT

>pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-SAND cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTGGCTAGCATGGAGGAGCAGAAGCTGATCTCAGAGGAGGACCTC CATATGGCCATGGTCCTGGACAGCTTCCCCCAAAGATGTGGACCTCAGCCCGGCAGGGGAGGAGGAGCCC $\tt CCGGCCGTCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCCAGACTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCTCGA$ GCTGCCGCGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGGCACCGCCAGCCCAGGCTCTCAACTGAAGGCCCAAGCCCCCC AAGAAGCCGGAGAGCAGCGCCAGAGCAGCGCCTTCCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCA GTCC

Primer to clone AIRE-SAND in pBIND

AGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGGCCGTCCCGGGGGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGC AGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGTGGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCG AAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCAAGGGAG CCCAGGGCGCTGCCCCCGGTGGGGGTGAGGCTAGGCTGGGC<mark>CAGCGGCGGCGCTCCCTGA</mark>GCGGCCGCTC TGCCCCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAA GATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGC TGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGC TTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCAC ${\tt CTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCT$ CTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATC GAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGAT GTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTAT ${\tt CGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACC}$ CAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTC GGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTAT GCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAAT GGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATC TTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTT GCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGAC GGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTC GGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGT GGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCC GCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGAT CTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGC ATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAAACTCATCAATGTA TCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTG TGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCC TAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGG CAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCG TTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGT

AAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCA AGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGC TCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCT CCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTA TCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTG AAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACC AAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCT CAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTT TTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGC TTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTG TAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCA CCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTA TCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCG ATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACT GTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATG CGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTG CTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATG TAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACA GGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTT CAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAAT AAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT SAND-G228W cDNA

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGATGTAC GGGCCAGATATACGCGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTC ATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACC CCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAAT GGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCTA TTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGGTATATGGCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTT GGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTG GATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGAC AAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGAC GGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCTCTGGCTAACTAGAGAACCCACTGCTTACTGGCTTATCGAAATTA ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTG<mark>GCTGGCAGGAGCAGAAGCTGATCTCAGAGGAGGCCTGC</mark>

Primers to clone SAND-G228W in pBIND

 GTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTAT CGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACC ${\tt CAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTC}$ GGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTAT GCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAAT GGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATC TTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTT GCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGAC GGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTC GGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGT GGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCC GCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGAT CTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGC ATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTA TCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTG TGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCC TAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGC TTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGT AAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCA AGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGC TCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCT CATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCC CCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTA TCGCCACTGGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTG AAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACC AAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCT ${\tt CAGTGGAACGAAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTT$ TTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGC TTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTG TAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCA CCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTA ${\tt TCCGCCTCCATCCAGTCTATTAATTGTTGCCGGGAAGCTAGAGTAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGC}$ TCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCG ATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACT GTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATG CGGCCACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTG ${\tt CTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATG$ TAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACA GGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTT CAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAAT AAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

>pcDNA5/FRT SAND-P252L cDNA

 ATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGACCCAAGCTG CATATGGCCATGGTCCTGGACAGCTGCCCCAAAGATGTGGACCTCAGCCAGGCCCGGAAGGGAGGAAGCCTG CATATGGCCATGGTCCTGGACAGCTTCCCCAAAGATGTGGACCTCAGCCAGGCCCCGGAAGGGGAGGAAGCCC CCGGCCGTCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCCAGACTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCTCGA GCTGCCGCGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGCACCGCCAGCCCCAGGCTCTCAACTGAAGGCCCAAGCCCCC AAGAAGCCGGAGAGCAGCGCAGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCCTTCCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCA GTCC

Primers to clone SAND-P252L in pBIND

AGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGGCCGTCCCGGGGGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGC AGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGTGGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCG AAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCTGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCAAGGGAG TGCCCCTCCCCGTGCCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAA GATTGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGC TGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGGGTGTGGTGGTGACGCGC TTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCAC ${\tt CTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTACCTAGAAGTTCCTATTCCGAAGTTCCTATTCT$ CTAGAAAGTATAGGAACTTCCTTGGCCAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATC GAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGAT GTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTAT CGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACC CAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTC GGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTAT GCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAAT GGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATC TTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTT GCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGAC GGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTC GGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGT GGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTACTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCC GCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGAATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCCGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGAT CTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGC ATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTA TCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTG TGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCC TAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGG CAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCG TTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGT AAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCA AGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGC TCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCT ${\tt CCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTA}$ TCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTG AAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACC AAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCT CAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCATGAGATTATCAAAAAGGATCTTCACCTAGATCCTT TTAAATTAAAAATGAAGTTTTAAATCAATCTAAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGC TTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTG TAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCA CCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATAAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTA

7.9 In silico sequences of wild-type and mutated AIRE-SAND cloned in pBIND

>pBIND AIRE-SAND

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGC ${\tt CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC}$ CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT CGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC CTTTCTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCGATA TTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACAACTGGG AGTGTCGCTACTCTCCCAAAAACCAAAAGGTCTCCGCTGACTAGGGCACATCTGACAGAAGTGGAATCAAGGC TAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAATGGATT CTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCGTCACAG ATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACATCATCAT CGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTCCCCGGGGATCCGTCGACTTG ACGCGTCAATGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGTCCCGGGAGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCC TCATCCAGCAGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGTGGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCA GCAAGTTCGAAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAG CCAAGGGAGCCCAGGGCGCTGCCCCGGTGGGGGTGAGGCTAGGCTGGGCCAGCAGGGCAGCGTTCCCTGA GTACCTGAATAACTAAGGCCGCTTCCCTTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTG ATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTG TTCAGGGGGGAGATGTGGGAGGTTTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTAAAATCCGATAAGGAT CGATCCGGGCTGGCGTAATAGCGAAGAGGCCCGCACCGATCGCCCTTCCCAACAGTTGCGCAGCCTGAATGG CGAATGGACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACA CGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAA CTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAG TCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTT GATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCG AATTTTAACAAAATATTAACGCTTACAATTTCCTGATGCGGTATTTTCTCCTTACGCATCTGTGCGGTATTT CACACCGCATACGCGGATCTTCCGTACCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGTGGAATGTGTGTCAGTTAGG AGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCCGCCCATGCCCATGGCTG

CTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGA ATTCTGGCTACAGGTAAGCGCCCCTAAAATCCCTTTGGGCACAATGTGTCCTGAGGGGAGAGGCAGCGACCT GTAGATGGGACGGGGGCACTAACCCTCAGGTTTGGGGCTTCTGAATGTGAGTATCGCCATGTAAGCCCAGTA GAGAGTGCTGGCCTCTTGCTCTCCGGCTCCCTCTGTTGCCCTCTGGTTTCTCCCCAGGCTCCCGGACGTCCT CTAGCCACCATGACTTCGAAAGTTTATGATCCAGAACAAAGGAAACGGATGATAACTGGTCCGCAGTGGTGG GTAGCGCGGTGTATTATACCAGACCTTATTGGTATGGGCAAATCAGGCAAATCTGGTAATGGTTCTTATAGG TTACTTGATCATTACAAATATCTTACTGCATGGTTTGAACTTCTTAATTTACCAAAGAAGATCATTTTTGTC GGCCATGATTGGGGTGCTTGTTTGGCATTTCATTATAGCTATGAGCATCAAGATAAGATCAAAGCAATAGTT CACGCTGAAAGTGTAGTAGATGTGATTGAATCATGGGATGAATGGCCTGATATTGAAGAAGATATTGCGTTG ATCAAATCTGAAGAAGGAGAAAAAATGGTTTTGGAGAATAACTTCTTCGTGGAAACCATGTTGCCATCAAAA ATCATGAGAAAGTTAGAACCAGAAGAATTTGCAGCATATCTTGAACCATTCAAAGAGAAAGGTGAAGTTCGT CGTCCAACATTATCATGGCCTCGTGAAATCCCGTTAGTAAAAGGTGGTAAACCTGACGTTGTACAAATTGTT AGGAATTATAATGCTTATCTACGTGCAAGTGATGATTACCAAAAATGTTTATTGAATCGGACCCAGGATTC TTTTCCAATGCTATTGTTGAAGGTGCCAAGAAGTTTCCTAATACTGAATTTGTCAAAGTAAAAGGTCTTCAT GAACAATAATTCTAGCCCTGAATAAGTGATAATAAGCGGATGAATGGCAGAAATTCGTCGAAGCGCAATAAA ATATCTTTATTTTCATTACATCTGTGTGTGTGTGTTTTTTGTGTGAATCGATAGCGATAAGGATCGGAAGATCC ${\tt CCGCTGACGCGCCCTGACGGGCTTGTCTGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTCTCCGGGA$ GCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGTCATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTAT TTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAATGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGAAATGTGCGCG GAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAACCCTGATAAA TGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGAGTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTG CGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGG GTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAAC GTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTATCCCGTGTTGACGCCGGGCAAG AGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATC TTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCTGCCATAACCATGAGTGATAACACTGCGGCCAACT TACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGATCATGTAACTC GCCTTGATCGTTGGGAACCGGAGCTGAATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGCGTGACACCACGATGCCTGTAG ATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGTCTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGCCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCC GTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGGGGGGTCAGGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAG TTCATTTTTAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTG AGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTTGAGATCCTTTTTTTCTGC CAACTCTTTTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCTTCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAATACTGTTCTTCTAGTGTAGCCGT AGTTAGGCCACCACTTCAAGAACTCTGTAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAGTGG ${\tt CTGCTGCCAGTGGCGATAAGTCGTGTCTTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGC$ GGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAACTGAGATACC TACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCACGCTTCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCGGTAAGCGGCA GGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGGGGGAGCTTCCAGGGGGAAACGCCTGGTATCTTTATAGTCCTGTCGGGT GCAACGCGGCCTTTTTACGGTTCCTGGCCTTTTGCTGGCCTTTTGCTCACATGGCTCGACAGATCT

>pBIND SAND-G228W

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGAC GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAATGGCC CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC ${\tt CTTTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT$ ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCGATA TTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACAACTGGG AGTGTCGCTACTCTCCCAAAAACCAAAAGGTCTCCGCTGACTAGGGCACATCTGACAGAAGTGGAATCAAGGC TAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAATGGATT CTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCGTCACAG ATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACATCATCAT CGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTCCCCGGGGATCCGTCGACTTG ACGCGTCAATGAGAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGTCCCGGGAGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCC TCATCCAGCAGGTGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGT**T**GGGAGTTCTACACTCCCA GCAAGTTCGAAGACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAG CCAAGGGAGCCCAGGGCGCTGCCCCCGGTGGGGGTGAGGCTAGGCTGGGCCAGCAGGGCAGCGTTCCCTGA GTACCTGAATAACTAAGGCCGCTTCCCTTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTG ATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTG TTCAGGGGGAGATGTGGGAGGTTTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTAAAATCCGATAAGGAT CGATCCGGGCTGGCGTAATAGCGAAGAGGCCCGCACCGATCGCCCTTCCCAACAGTTGCGCAGCCTGAATGG CGAATGGACGCCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGGGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACA CTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCACGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCC CGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAA CTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAG TCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTT GATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCG AATTTTAACAAAATATTAACGCTTACAATTTCCTGATGCGGTATTTTCTCCTTACGCATCTGTGCGGTATTT CACACCGCATACGCGGATCTTCCGTACCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGTGGAATGTGTGTCAGTTAGG AGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCTCCGCCCCATGGCTG ACTAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGG CTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGA ATTCTGGCTACAGGTAAGCGCCCCTAAAATCCCTTTGGGCACAATGTGTCCTGAGGGGAGAGGCAGCGACCT GTAGATGGGACGGGGGCACTAACCCTCAGGTTTGGGGCTTCTGAATGTGAGTATCGCCATGTAAGCCCAGTA GAGAGTGCTGGCCTCTTGCTCTCGGCTCCCTCTGTTGCCCTCTGGTTTCTCCCCAGGCTCCCGGACGTCCT CTAGCCACCATGACTTCGAAAGTTTATGATCCAGAACAAAGGAAACGGATGATAACTGGTCCGCAGTGGTGG GTAGCGCGGTGTATTATACCAGACCTTATTGGTATGGGCAAATCAGGCAAATCTGGTAATGGTTCTTATAGG TTACTTGATCATTACAAAATATCTTACTGCATGGTTTGAACTTCTTAATTTACCAAAGAAGATCATTTTTGTC GGCCATGATTGGGGTGCTTGTTTGGCATTTCATTATAGCTATGAGCATCAAGATAAGATCAAAGCAATAGTT CACGCTGAAAGTGTAGTAGATGTGATTGAATCATGGGATGAATGGCCTGATATTGAAGAAGATATTGCGTTG ATCAAATCTGAAGAAGGAGAAAAAATGGTTTTGGAGAATAACTTCTTCGTGGAAACCATGTTGCCATCAAAA ATCATGAGAAAGTTAGAACCAGAAGAATTTGCAGCATATCTTGAACCATTCAAAGAGAAAGGTGAAGTTCGT CGTCCAACATTATCATGGCCTCGTGAAATCCCCGTTAGTAAAAGGTGGTAAACCTGACGTTGTACAAATTGTT AGGAATTATAATGCTTATCTACGTGCAAGTGATGATTATCCAAAAATGTTTATTGAATCGGACCCAGGATTC TTTTCCAATGCTATTGTTGAAGGTGCCAAGAAGTTTCCTAATACTGAATTTGTCAAAGTAAAAGGTCTTCAT GAACAATAATTCTAGCCCTGAATAAGTGATAATAAGCGGATGAATGGCAGAAATTCGTCGAAGCGCAATAAA ${\tt CCGCTGACGCCCTGACGGGCTTGTCTGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTCTCCGGGA$ GCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGTCATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTAT TTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAATGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGAAATGTGCGCG GAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAACCCTGATAAA TGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGAGTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTG CGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGG GTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAAC GTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTATCCCGTGTTGACGCCGGGCAAG AGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATC TTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCTGCCATAACCATGAGTGATAACACTGCGGCCAACT TACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGATCATGTAACTC GCCTTGATCGTTGGGAACCGGAGCTGAATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGCGTGACACCACGATGCCTGTAG ATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGTCTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGCCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCC GTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGGGGGGGCTCAGGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAG TTCATTTTTAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTG AGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTTGAGATCCTTTTTTTCTGC ${\tt CAACTCTTTTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCTTCAGCAGAGCGCCAGATACCAAATACTGTTCTTCTAGTGTAGCCGT$ AGTTAGGCCACCACTTCAAGAACTCTGTAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAGTGG ${\tt CTGCTGCCAGTGGCGATAAGTCGTGTCTTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGC$ GGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAACTGAGATACC TACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCACGCTTCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCGGTAAGCGGCA GGGTCGGAACAGGAGGGCGCACGAGGGGGGGCTTCCAGGGGGGAAACGCCTGGTATCTTTATAGTCCTGTCGGGT GCAACGCGGCCTTTTTACGGTTCCTGGCCTTTTGCTGGCCTTTTGCTCACATGGCTCGACAGATCT

7.10 In silico sequences of wild-type and mutated AIRE cloned in pBIND

>pBIND AIRE

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGC CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT CGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACAACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAGAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC CTTTCTCCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCGATA TTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACAACTGGG AGTGTCGCTACTCTCCCAAAAACCAAAAGGTCTCCGCTGACTAGGGCACATCTGACAGAAGTGGAATCAAGGC TAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAATGGATT CTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCGTCACAG ATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACATCATCAT CGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTCCCGGGGATCCGTCGACTTG ACCCCT CTATGGCGACGGGCGCGCGCGCCGCCTCTGAGGCTGCACCGCACGGAGATCGCGGTGGCCG TGGACAGCGCCTTCCCACTGCTGCACGCGCTGGCTGACCACGACGTGGTCCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGA CGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCAGGCCTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGG ACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAGGGTGCTGTTCAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGC

AGCCCATCCTGGACAGCTTCCCCCAAAGATGTGGACCTCAGCCAGGCCCGGAAGGGGAGGAAGCCCCCGGCCG TCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCCAGACTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCTCGAGCTGCCG CGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGCACCGCCAGCCCAGGCTCTCAACTGAAGGCCCAAGCCCCCCAAGAAGC CGGAGAGCAGCGCAGAGCAGCAGCGCCTTCCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCAGTCCAGA GAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGTCCCGGGGAGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGCAGG TGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGCGGGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCGAAG ACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCAAGGGAGCCC AGGGCGCTGCCCCGGTGGAGGTGAGGCTAGGCTGGGCCAGCAGGGCAGCGTTCCCGCCCCTCTGGCCCTCC GCTGTGACGGCTGCCCTCGGGCCTTCCACCTGGCCTGCCCTGCCCCGCCGGGAGATCCCCAGTGGGA CCTGGAGGTGCTCCAGCTGCCTGCAGGCAACAGTCCAGGAGGTGCAGCCCCGGGCAGAGGAGCCCCGGCCCC AGGAGCCACCCGTGGAGACCCCGCTCCCCCGGGGCTTAGGTCGGCGGGAGAGGAGGTAAGAGGTCCACCTG GGGAACCCCTAGCCGGCATGGACACGACTCTTGTCTACAAGCACCTGCCGGCTCCGCCTTCTGCAGCCCCGC ${\tt CTGGTGCGCGTTGCGGGGTGTGCGGAGATGGTACGGACGTGCTGCGGTGTACTCACTGCGCCGCTGCCTTCC}$ ACTGGCGCTGCCACTTCCCAGCCGGCACCTCCCGGCCCGGGACGGGCCTGCGCTGCAGATCCTGCTCAGGAG ACGTGACCCCAGCCCTGTGGAGGGGGTGCTGGCCCCCAGCCCCGCCTGGCCCTGGGCCTGCCAAGG ATGGCATCCTGCAGTGGGCCATCCAGAGCATGGCCCGTCCGGCGGCCCCCTTCCCCTCCGGGGGTGGAGGCT CTGAGCAGAAACTCATCTCAGAAGAGGATCTGTAAGCGGCCGCAGGTACCTGAATAACTAAGGCCGCTTCCC TTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAA TGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCA ATAAACAAGTTAACAACAACAATTGCATTCATTTTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGGAGATGTGGGAGGTTTTTT GGCCCGCACCGATCGCCCTTCCCAACAGTTGCGCAGCCTGAATGGCGAATGGACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCA TTAAGCGCGGGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCT TTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCACGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCT TTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGT GGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTG TTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCG GCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCGAATTTTAACAAAATATTAACGCTTACA ATTTCCTGATGCGGTATTTTCTCCTTACGCATCTGTGCGGTATTTCACACCGCATACGCGGATCTTCCGTAC CTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGTGGAATGTGTGTCAGTTAGGGTGTGGAAAGTCCCCAGGCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCAGGTGTGGAAAGTCCCCAGGCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCC CGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAA AAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGAATTCTGGCTACAGGTAAGCGCCCCTAA AATCCCTTTGGGCACAATGTGTCCTGAGGGGAGAGGCAGCGACCTGTAGATGGGACGGGGGCACTAACCCTC AGGTTTGGGGGCTTCTGAATGTGAGTATCGCCATGTAAGCCCAGTATTTGGCCAATCTCAGAAAGCTCCTGGT CCCTGGAGGGATGGAGAGAGAAAAACAAACAGCTCCTGGAGCAGGGAGAGTGCTGGCCTCTTGCTCCCGGC TCCCTCTGTTGCCCTCTGGTTTCTCCCCAGGCTCCCGGACGTCCTCTAGCCACCATGACTTCGAAAGTTTAT GATTCATTTATTAATTATTATGATTCAGAAAAACATGCAGAAAATGCTGTTATTTTTTTACATGGTAACGCG GCCTCTTCTTATTTATGGCGACATGTTGTGCCACATATTGAGCCAGTAGCGCGGTGTATTATACCAGACCTT ATTGGTATGGGCAAATCAGGCAAATCTGGTAATGGTTCTTATAGGTTACTTGATCATTACAAATATCTTACT GCATGGTTTGAACTTCTTAATTTACCAAAGAAGATCATTTTTGTCGGCCATGATTGGGGTGCTTGTTTGGCA TTTCATTATAGCTATGAGCATCAAGATAAGATCAAAGCAATAGTTCACGCTGAAAGTGTAGTAGATGTGATT GAATCATGGGATGAATGGCCTGATATTGAAGAAGATATTGCGTTGATCAAATCTGAAGAAGGAGAAAAAATG GTTTTGGAGAATAACTTCTTCGTGGAAACCATGTTGCCATCAAAAATCATGAGAAAGTTAGAACCAGAAGAA TTTGCAGCATATCTTGAACCATTCAAAGAGAAAGGTGAAGTTCGTCGTCCAACATTATCATGGCCTCGTGAA ATCCCGTTAGTAAAAGGTGGTAAACCTGACGTTGTACAAATTGTTAGGAATTATAATGCTTATCTACGTGCA AGTGATGATTTACCAAAAATGTTTATTGAATCGGACCCAGGATTCTTTTCCAATGCTATTGTTGAAGGTGCC AAGAAGTTTCCTAATACTGAATTTGTCAAAGTAAAAGGTCTTCATTTTTCGCAAGAAGATGCACCTGATGAA ATGGGAAAATATATCAAATCGTTCGTTGAGCGAGTTCTCAAAAATGAACAATAATTCTAGCCCTGAATAAGT GATAATAAGCGGATGAATGGCAGAAATTCGTCGAAGCGCAATAAAATATCTTTATTTTCATTACATCTGTGT GTTGGTTTTTTGTGTGAATCGATAGCGATAAGGATCGGAAGATCCGCGTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCT GCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAAGCCAGCCCGACACCCGCCAACACCCGCTGACGCGCCCTGACGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTCTCCGGGAGCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGT CATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTATTTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAA TGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGGAAATGTGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAA TACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAACCCTGATAAATGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGA GTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTTGCGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTC ACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGG ATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAACGTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAG TTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTATCCCGTGTTGACGCCGGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATT CTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAAT AGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGATCATGTAACTCGCCTTGATCGTTGGGAACCGGAGCTGA ATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGCGTGACACCACGATGCCTGTAGCAATGGCAACAACGTTGCGCAAACTAT GACCACTTCTGCGCTCGGCCCTTCCGGCTGGCTGGTTTATTGCTGATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGT CTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGGCCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCCGTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGGGA GTCAGGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAGGTGCCTCACTGATTAAGCATTGGTAAC TGTCAGACCAAGTTTACTCATATATACTTTAGATTGATTTAAAACTTCATTTTTAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACC AACCACCGCTACCAGCGGTGGTTTGTTTGCCGGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTCTTTTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCT TCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAATACTGTTCTTCTAGTGTAGCCGTAGTTAGGCCACCACTTCAAGAACTCTG TAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAGTGGCTGCCGGCGATAAGTCGTGTC TTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGCGGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGTTCGTGCA CACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAACTGAGATACCTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCA CGCTTCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCGGTAAGCGGCAGGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGG AGCTTCCAGGGGGAAACGCCTGGTATCTTTATAGTCCTGTCGGGTTTCGCCACCTCTGACTTGAGCGTCGAT TTTTGTGATGCTCGTCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGCGTATGGAAAAACGCCAGCAACGCGGCCTTTTTACGGTTCCTGG CCTTTTGCTGGCCTTTTGCTCACATGGCTCGACAGATCT

>pBIND AIRE-G228W

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACCGCCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGAC GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGC CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT CGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC CTTTCTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCGATA TTTGCCGACTTAAAAAGCTCAAGTGCTCCAAAGAAAAACCGAAGTGCGCCAAGTGTCTGAAGAACAACTGGG AGTGTCGCTACTCTCCCAAAAACCAAAAGGTCTCCGCTGACTAGGGCACATCTGACAGAAGTGGAATCAAGGC TAGAAAGACTGGAACAGCTATTTCTACTGATTTTTCCTCGAGAAGACCTTGACATGATTTTGAAAATGGATT CTTTACAGGATATAAAAGCATTGTTAACAGGATTATTTGTACAAGATAATGTGAATAAAGATGCCGTCACAG ATAGATTGGCTTCAGTGGAGACTGATATGCCTCTAACATTGAGACAGCATAGAATAAGTGCGACATCATCAT CGGAAGAGAGTAGTAACAAAGGTCAAAGACAGTTGACTGTATCGCCGGAATTCCCCGGGGATCCGTCGACTTG ACGCGT CTATGGCGACGGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCTTCTGAGGCTGCACCGCACGGAGATCGCGGTGGCCG TGGACAGCGCCTTCCCACTGCTGCACGCGCTGGCTGACCACGACGTGGTCCCCGAGGACAAGTTTCAGGAGA CGCTTCATCTGAAGGAAAAGGAGGGCTGCCCCAGGCCTTCCACGCCCTCCTGTCCTGGCTGCTGACCCAGG ACTCCACAGCCATCCTGGACTTCTGGAGGGTGCTGTTCAAGGACTACAACCTGGAGCGCTATGGCCGGCTGC TCCCCAAGGCTTTGGTACCGCCACCCAGACTCCCCACCAAGAGGAAGGCCTCAGAAGAGGCTCGAGCTGCCG CGCCAGCAGCCCTGACTCCAAGGGGCACCGCCAGCCCAGGCTCTCAACTGAAGGCCAAGCCCCCCAAGAAGC CGGAGAGCAGCGCAGCAGCAGCGCCTTCCACTCGGGAACGGGATTCAGACCATGTCAGCTTCAGTCCAGA GAGCTGTGGCCATGTCCTCCGGGGACGTCCCGGGGAGCCCGAGGGGCCGTGGAGGGGATCCTCATCCAGCAGG TGTTTGAGTCAGGCGGCTCCAAGAAGTGCATCCAGGTTGGC**T**GGGAGTTCTACACTCCCAGCAAGTTCGAAG ACTCCGGCAGTGGGAAGAACAAGGCCCGCAGCAGCAGTGGCCCGAAGCCTCTGGTTCGAGCCAAGGGAGCCC AGGGCGCTGCCCCGGTGGAGGTGAGGCTAGGCTGGGCCAGCAGCGCGCTCCCGCCCCTCTGGCCCTCC GCTGTGACGGCTGCCCTCGGGCCTTCCACCTGGCCTGCCCTGTCCCGCTCCGGGAGATCCCCAGTGGGA AGGAGCCACCCGTGGAGACCCCGCTCCCCCGGGGCTTAGGTCGGCGGGAGAGGAGGTAAGAGGTCCACCTG GGGAACCCCTAGCCGGCATGGACACGACTCTTGTCTACAAGCACCTGCCGGCTCCGCCTTCTGCAGCCCCGC ACTGGCGCTGCCACTTCCCAGCCGGCACCTCCCGGCCCGGGACGGGCCTGCGCTGCAGATCCTGCTCAGGAG ACGTGACCCCAGCCCTGTGGAGGGGGTGCTGGCCCCCAGCCCCGCCTGGCCCCTGGGCCTGCCAAGG ATGGCATCCTGCAGTGGGCCATCCAGAGCATGGCCCGTCCGGCGGCCCCCTTCCCCTCCGGGGGTGGAGGCT TTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAA TGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCA ATAAACAAGTTAACAACAACAATTGCATTCATTTTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGGAGATGTGGGAGGTTTTTT GGCCCGCACCGATCGCCCTTCCCAACAGTTGCGCAGCCTGAATGGCGAATGGACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCA TTAAGCGCGGGGGTGTGGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCT TTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCACGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCT TTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGT GGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTG TTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCG GCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCGAATTTTAACAAAAATATTAACGCTTACA ATTTCCTGATGCGGTATTTTCTCCCTTACGCATCTGTGCGGTATTTCACACCGCATACGCGGATCTTCCGTAC CTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGTGGAATGTGTGTCAGTTAGGGTGTGGAAAGTCCCCAGGCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCAGGTGTGGAAAGTCCCCAGGCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCC CGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAA AAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGAATTCTGGCTACAGGTAAGCGCCCCTAA AATCCCTTTGGGCACAATGTGTCCTGAGGGGAGAGGCAGCGACCTGTAGATGGGACGGGGGCACTAACCCTC AGGTTTGGGGCCTTCTGAATGTGAGTATCGCCATGTAAGCCCAGTATTTGGCCAATCTCAGAAAGCTCCTGGT CCCTGGAGGGATGGAGAGAGAAAAACAAACAGCTCCTGGAGCAGGGAGAGTGCTGGCCTCTTGCTCTCCGGC TCCCTCTGTTGCCCTCTGGTTTCTCCCCAGGCTCCCGGACGTCCTCTAGCCACCATGACTTCGAAAGTTTAT GATTCATTTATTAATTATTATGATTCAGAAAAACATGCAGAAAATGCTGTTATTTTTTTACATGGTAACGCG GCCTCTTCTTATTTATGGCGACATGTTGTGCCACATATTGAGCCAGTAGCGCGGTGTATTATACCAGACCTT ATTGGTATGGGCAAATCAGGCAAATCTGGTAATGGTTCTTATAGGTTACTTGATCATTACAAATATCTTACT GCATGGTTTGAACTTCTTAATTTACCAAAGAAGATCATTTTTGTCGGCCATGATTGGGGTGCTTGTTTGGCA TTTCATTATAGCTATGAGCATCAAGATAAGATCAAAGCAATAGTTCACGCTGAAAGTGTAGTAGATGTGATT GAATCATGGGATGAATGGCCTGATATTGAAGAAGATATTGCGTTGATCAAAATCTGAAGAAGGAGAAAAAATG GTTTTGGAGAATAACTTCTTCGTGGAAACCATGTTGCCATCAAAAATCATGAGAAAGTTAGAACCAGAAGAA TTTGCAGCATATCTTGAACCATTCAAAGAGAAAGGTGAAGTTCGTCGTCCAACATTATCATGGCCTCGTGAA ATCCCGTTAGTAAAAGGTGGTAAACCTGACGTTGTACAAATTGTTAGGAATTATAATGCTTATCTACGTGCA AGTGATGATTTACCAAAAATGTTTATTGAATCGGACCCAGGATTCTTTTCCAATGCTATTGTTGAAGGTGCC AAGAAGTTTCCTAATACTGAATTTGTCAAAGTAAAAGGTCTTCATTTTTCGCAAGAAGATGCACCTGATGAA ATGGGAAAATATATCAAATCGTTCGTTGAGCGAGTTCTCAAAAATGAACAATAATTCTAGCCCTGAATAAGT GATAATAAGCGGATGAATGGCAGAAATTCGTCGAAGCGCAATAAAATATCTTTATTTTCATTACATCTGTGT GTTGGTTTTTTGTGTGAATCGATAGCGATAAGGATCGGAAGATCCGCGTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCT GCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAAGCCAGCCCGACACCCGCCAACACCCGCTGACGCGCCCTGACGGGCTTGTC TGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTCTCCGGGAGCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGT CATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTATTTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAA TGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGGAAATGTGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAA TACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAACCCTGATAAATGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGA GTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTTGCGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTC ACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGG ATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAACGTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAG TTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTATCCCGTGTTGACGCCGGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATT CTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAAT AGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGATCATGTAACTCGCCTTGATCGTTGGGAACCGGAGCTGA ATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGGGTGACACCACGATGCCTGTAGCAATGGCAACAACGTTGCGCAAACTAT GACCACTTCTGCGCTCGGCCCTTCCGGCTGGCTGGTTTATTGCTGATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGT CTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGGCCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCCGTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGGGA GTCAGGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAGGTGCCTCACTGATTAAGCATTGGTAAC TGTCAGACCAAGTTTACTCATATATACTTTAGATTGATTTAAAACTTCATTTTTAAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGG TGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACC AACCACCGCTACCAGCGGTGGTTTGTTTGCCGGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTCTTTTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCT TCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAATACTGTTCTTCTAGTGTAGCCGTAGTTAGGCCACCACTTCAAGAACTCTG TAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAGTGGCTGCCGGTGGCGATAAGTCGTGTC TTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGCGGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGGTTCGTGCA CACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAACTGAGATACCTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCA CGCTTCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCGGTAAGCGGCAGGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGG AGCTTCCAGGGGGAAACGCCTGGTATCTTTATAGTCCTGTCGGGTTTCGCCACCTCTGACTTGAGCGTCGAT TTTTGTGATGCTCGTCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGCGTATGGAAAAACGCCAGCAACGCGGCCTTTTTACGGTTCCTGG CCTTTTGCTGGCCTTTTGCTCACATGGCTCGACAGATCT

7.11 In silico sequence of the precursor p63 cDNA clone

>рСМV3-НА р63

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGAGTACA TTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTG GCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGA CTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATA TGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCT TACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGC AGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATG GGAGTTTGTTTTGGCACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAATAACCCCGGCCCGTTGACGCAAA TGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCTCACTC TCTTCCGCATCGCTGTCTGCGAGGGCCAGCTGTTGGGCTCGCGGTTGAGGACAAACTCTTCGCGGTCTTTCC AGTACTCTTGGATCGGAAACCCGTCGGCCTCCGAACGGTACTCCGCCACCGAGGGACCTGAGCGAGTCCGCA TCGACCGGATCGGAAAACCTCTCGAGAAAGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTCGCAAGGTAGGCTGAGCACCGTG GCGGGCGGCAGCGGGTGGCGGTCGGGGGTTGTTTCTGGCGGAGGTGCTGCTGATGATGTAATTAAAGTAGGCG GTCTTGAGACGGCGGATGGTCGAGGTGAGGTGTGGCAGGCTTGAGATCCAGCTGTTGGGGTGAGTACTCCCT CTCAAAAGCGGGCATTACTTCTGCGCTAAGATTGTCAGTTTCCAAAAACGAGGAGGATTTGATATTCACCTG GCCCGATCTGGCCATACACTTGAGTGACAATGACATCCACTTTGCCTTTCTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCA GGTCCAAGTTTAAACTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGCCACCAAGCTT

Primers to clone Fp63 in pACT

ATGAATTTTGAAACTTCACGGTGTGCCACCCTACAGTACTGCCCTGACCCTTACATCCAGCGTTTCGTAGAA ACCCCAGCTCATTTCTCTTGGAAAGAAAGTTATTACCGATCCACCATGTCCCAGAGCACAGACAAATGAA TTCCTCAGTCCAGAGGTTTTC

Primers to clone Tp63 in pACT

ATGCAGCATATCTGGGA GAACCATCAGAAGATGGTGCGACAAACAAGATTGAGATTAGCATGGACTGTATCCGCATGCAGGACTCGGAC CTGAGTGACCCCATGTGGCCACAGTACACGAACCTGGGGCTCCTGAACAGCATGGACCAGCAGATTCAGAAC GGCTCCTCGTCCACCAGTCCCTATAACACAGACCACGCGCAGAACAGCGTCACGGCGCCCTCGCCCTACGCA CAGCCCAGCTCCACCTTCGATGCTCTCTCCCATCACCCGCCATCCCCTCCAACACCGACTACCCAGGCCCG CACAGTTTCGACGTGTCCTTCCAGCAGTCGAGCACCGCCAAGTCGGCCACCTGGACGTATTCCACTGAACTG AAGAAACTCTACTGCCAAATTGCAAAGACATGCCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTGATGACCCCACCTCCTCAGGGA GCTGTTATCCGCGCCATGCCTGTCTACAAAAAGCTGAGCACGTCACGGAGGTGGTGAAGCGGTGCCCCAAC CATGAGCTGAGCCGTGAATTCAACGAGGGACAGATTGCCCCTCCTAGTCATTTGATTCGAGTAGAGGGGAAC AGCCATGCCCAGTATGTAGAAGATCCCATCACAGGAAGACAGAGTGTGCTGGTACCTTATGAGCCACCCCAG GTTGGCACTGAATTCACGACAGTCTTGTACAATTTCATGTGTAACAGCAGTTGTGTGGAGGGATGAACCGC CGTCCAATTTTAATCATTGTTACTCTGGAAACCAGAGATGGGCAAGTCCTGGGCCGACGCTGCTTTGAGGCC CGGATCTGTGCTTGCCCAGGAAGAGACAGGAAGGCGGATGAAGATAGCATCAGAAAGCAGCAAGTTTCGGAC AAGAAACGAAGATCCCCAGATGATGAACTGTTATACTTACCAGTGAGGGGCCCGTGAGACTTATGAAATGCTG ${\tt TTGAAGATCAAAGAGTCCCTGGAACTCATGCAGTACCTTCCTCAGCACAATTGAAACGTACAGGCAACAG$ CAACAGCAGCAGCACCAGCACTTACTTCAGAAACAGACCTCAATACAGTCTCCATCTTCATATGGTAACAGC TCCCCACCTCTGAACAAAATGAACAGCATGAACAAGCTGCCTTCTGTGAGCCAGCTTATCAACCCTCAGCAG CGCAACGCCCTCACTCCTACAACCATTCCTGATGGCATGGGAGCCAACATTCCCATGATGGGCACCCACATG ${\tt TCCCACTGCACCACCCCCCACCGTATCCCACAGATTGCAGCATTGTCAGTTTCTTAGCGAGGTTGGGCTGT$ ${\tt TCATCATGTCTGGACTATTTCACGACCCAGGGGCTGACCACCATCTATCAGATTGAGCATTACTCCATGGAT$ GATCTGGCAAGTCTGAAAAATCCCTGAGCAATTTCGACATGCGATCTGGAAGGGCATCCTGGACCACCGGCAG AGTGAGACCCGGGGTGAGCGTGTTATTGATGCTGTGCGATTCACCCTCCGCCAGACCATCTCTTTCCCACCC CGAGATGAGTGGAATGACTTCAACTTTGACATGGATGCTCGCCGCAATAAGCAACA<mark>GCGCATCAAAGAGGAG</mark> <mark>GGGGAG</mark>GGGGGGGGGGGCTCT<mark>TATCCTTACGACGTGCCTGACTACGCCTAA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>CGAATTCGGGCCC</mark> CCTTCCTTGACCCTGGAAGGTGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGT AGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGCTCTAGGGGG CGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAA ${\tt CTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAG$ TCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTT GATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCG AAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCCTAACTCCGC CCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTCTCGGGAG ${\tt CTTGTATATCCATTTTCGGATCTGATCAGCACGTGATGAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGA$ AGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTT TCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATC GTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCG CCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGT TCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATC TGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCC TGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCCAATACGAGG TCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGC ATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGCGCGCCGCGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGA GCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAG CCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACACAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTAC TCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTGCTACGAGATTTCG AGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAAT AAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAAC TGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAG CCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAA ACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCCTCTT CGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGG CCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAA ATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCT CCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCCTTCGGGAAGCG TGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTG TGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAA GACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTA CAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGA TTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGG GGTCTGAGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAATTAAT TCTTAGAAAAACTCATCGAGCATCAAATGAAACTGCAATTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTT TGAAAAAGCCGTTTCTGTAATGAAGGAGAAAACTCACCGAGGCAGTTCCATAGGATGGCAAGATCCTGGTAT CGGTCTGCGATTCCGACTCGTCCAACATCAATACAACCTATTAATTTCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCA TGCGCCTGAGCGAGACGAAATACGCGATCGCTGTTAAAAGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGG CGCAGGAACACTGCCAGCGCATCAACAATATTTTCACCTGAATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCT GTTTTCCCAGGGATCGCAGTGGTGAGTAACCATGCATCATCAGGAGTACGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGA AGAGGCATAAATTCCGTCAGCCAGTTTAGTCTGACCATCTCATCTGTAACATCATTGGCAACGCTACCTTTG ${\tt CCATGTTTCAGAAACAACTCTGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCCATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTGATTGCCCG}$ ACATTATCGCGAGCCCATTTATACCCATATAAATCAGCATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTAGAGCAA GACGTTTCCCGTTGAATATGGCTCATAACACCCCTTGTATTACTGTTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTT CATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAATCCGCGCACATTT CCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

7.12 In silico sequences of the full-length and truncated p63 cloned in pACT

>pACT Fp63

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGAC GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGC CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC ${\tt CTTTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT}$ ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCCCAA AGCTCCACTTAGACGGCGAGGACGTGGCGATGGCGCATGCCGACGCGCTAGACGATTTCGATCTGGACATGT TGGGGGACGGGGATTCCCCGGGTCCGGGATCGCCAG<mark>GGATCC</mark>CTATGAATTTTGAAACTTCACGGTGTGCCA GTTATTACCGATCCACCATGTCCCAGAGCACACAGACAAATGAATTCCTCAGTCCAGAGGTTTTCATGCAGC ATATCTGGGATTTTCTGGAACAGCCTATATGTTCAGTTCAGCCCATTGACTTGAACTTTGTGGATGAACCAT CAGAAGATGGTGCGACAAACAAGATTGAGATTAGCATGGACTGTATCCGCATGCAGGACTCGGACCTGAGTG ACCCCATGTGGCCACAGTACACGAACCTGGGGCTCCTGAACAGCATGGACCAGCAGATTCAGAACGGCTCCT CGTCCACCAGTCCCTATAACACAGACCACGCGCAGAACAGCGTCACGGCGCCCTCGCCCTACGCACAGCCCA GCTCCACCTTCGATGCTCTCTCCCATCACCGGCCATCCCCTTCCAACACCGACTACCCAGGCCCGCACAGTT TCGACGTGTCCTTCCAGCAGTCGAGCACCGCCAAGTCGGCCACCTGGACGTATTCCACTGAACTGAAGAAAC TCTACTGCCAAATTGCAAAGACATGCCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTGATGACCCCACCTCCTCAGGGAGCTGTTA TCCGCGCCATGCCTGTCTACAAAAAGCTGAGCACGTCACGGAGGTGGTGAAGCGGTGCCCCAACCATGAGC TGAGCCGTGAATTCAACGAGGGACAGATTGCCCCTCCTAGTCATTTGATTCGAGTAGAGGGGAACAGCCATG CCCAGTATGTAGAAGATCCCATCACAGGAAGACAGAGTGTGCTGGTACCTTATGAGCCACCCCAGGTTGGCA CTGAATTCACGACAGTCTTGTACAATTTCATGTGTAACAGCAGTTGTGTGGAGGGATGAACCGCCGTCCAA TTTTAATCATTGTTACTCTGGAAACCAGAGATGGGCAAGTCCTGGGCCGACGCTGCTTTGAGGCCCGGATCT GTGCTTGCCCAGGAAGAGACAGGAAGGCGGATGAAGATAGCATCAGAAAGCAGCAAGTTTCGGACAGTACAA GAAGATCCCCAGATGATGAACTGTTATACTTACCAGTGAGGGGCCGTGAGACTTATGAAATGCTGTTGAAGA TCAAAGAGTCCCTGGAACTCATGCAGTACCTTCCTCAGCACACAATTGAAACGTACAGGCAACAGCAACAGC AGCAGCACCAGCACTTACTTCAGAAACAGACCTCAATACAGTCTCCATCTTCATATGGTAACAGCTCCCCAC CTCTGAACAAAATGAACAGCATGAACAAGCTGCCTTCTGTGAGCCAGCTTATCAACCCTCAGCAGCGCAACG CTGGAGACATGAATGGACTCAGCCCCACCCAGGCACTCCCCCCCACTCTCCATGCCATCCACCTCCCACT GCACACCCCCACCTCCGTATCCCACAGATTGCAGCATTGTCAGTTTCTTAGCGAGGTTGGGCTGTTCATCAT GTCTGGACTATTTCACGACCCAGGGGCTGACCACCATCTATCAGATTGAGCATTACTCCATGGATGATCTGG CAAGTCTGAAAATCCCTGAGCAATTTCGACATGCGATCTGGAAGGGCATCCTGGACCACCGGCAGCTCCACG AGTGGAATGACTTCAACTTTGACATGGATGCTCGCCGCAATAAGCAACAGCGCATCAAAGAGGAGGGGGGAGT GA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>AGGTACCTGAATAACTAAGGCCGCTTCCCTTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGA TAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTT TTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGGGGGGGGTGTGGGGGGGTTTTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTAAAA TCCGATAAGGATCGATTCCGGAGCCTGAATGGCGAATGGACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGG GTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTCC ${\tt CTTCCTTTCCGCCACGTTCGCCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGAT}$ TTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCT GATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAA ${\tt CAACACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAA$ AAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAAAATTTAACGCGAATTTTAACAAAATATTAACGCTTACAATTTCGCCTGTGT GCAGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCAGGTGTGGAAAGTCCCCCAGGCTCCCCA GCAGGCAGAAGTATGCAAAGCATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATC GCCGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGC AAAAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGACAACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGAGCCACCATGATTGAACAAGATGGAT TGCACGCAGGTTCTCCGGCCGCTTGGGTGGAGAGGCTATTCGGCTATGACTGGGCACAACAGACAATCGGCT CTGTGCTCGACGTTGTCACTGAAGCGGGAAGGGACTGGCTGCTATTGGGCGAAGTGCCGGGGCAGGATCTCC TGTCATCTCACCTTGCTCCTGCCGAGAAAGTATCCATCATGGCTGATGCAATGCGGCGGCTGCATACGCTTG GTCTTGTCGATCAGGATGATCTGGACGAAGAGCATCAGGGGCTCGCGCCAGCCGAACTGTTCGCCAGGCTCA AAAATGGCCGCTTTTCTGGATTCATCGACTGTGGCCGGCTGGGTGTGGCCGGACCGCTATCAGGACATAGCGT TGGCTACCCGTGATATTGCTGAAGAGCTTGGCGGCGAATGGGCTGACCGCTTCCTCGTGCTTTACGGTATCG ${\tt CCGCTCCCGATTCGCAGCGCATCGCCTTCTATCGCCTTCTTGACGAGTTCTTCTGAGCGGGACTCTGGGGTT}$ CGAAATGACCGACCAAGCGACGCCCAACCTGCCATCACGATGGCCGCAATAAAATATCTTTATTTTCATTAC ATCTGTGTGTGTGTTTTTTGTGTGAAGATCCGCGTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCA TAGTTAAGCCAGCCCGACACCCGCCAACACCCGCTGACGCGCCTGACGGGCTTGTCTGCTCCCGGCATCC GCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTCTCCGGGAGCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGTCATCACCGAAACGC GCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTATTTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAATGGTTTCTTAGACG TCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGAAATGTGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATG TATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAACCCTGATAAATGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGAGTATGAGTATTCAA CATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTTGCGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTG GTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGATCTCAACAGCGGT AAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAACGTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGC GCGGTATTATCCCGTATTGACGCCGGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTG GTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCTGCC ATAACCATGAGTGATAACACTGCGGCCAACTTACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCT AACGACGAGCGTGACACCACGATGCCTGTAGCAATGGCAACAACGTTGCGCAAACTATTAACTGGCGAACTA

>pACT Tp63

TCAATATTGGCCATTAGCCATATTATTCATTGGTTATATAGCATAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGGCCATTGCA TACGTTGTATCTATATCATAATATGTACATTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGGCATTG ATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGT GTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGC ${\tt CCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTCCGCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCC}$ CGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCAT CGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATT TCGTAACAACTGCGATCGCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATA AGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCACTAGAAGCTTTATTGCGGTAGTTTATCACAGTTAAATTGCT AACGCAGTCAGTGCTTCTGACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGCTGCAGTGACTCTCTTAAGGTAGCCTTGCAG AAGTTGGTCGTGAGGCACTGGGCAGGTAAGTATCAAGGTTACAAGACAGGTTTAAGGAGACCAATAGAAACT GGGCTTGTCGAGACAGAGAGAGACTCTTGCGTTTCTGATAGGCACCTATTGGTCTTACTGACATCCACTTTGC CTTTCTCCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCAGTTCAATTACAGCTCTTAAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGACTCACT ATAGGCTAGCCAGCTTGAAGCAAGCCTCCTGAAAGATGAAGCTACTGTCTTCTATCGAACAAGCATGCCCAA AGCTCCACTTAGACGGCGAGGACGTGGCGATGGCGCATGCCGACGCGCTAGACGATTTCGATCTGGACATGT TGGGGGACGGGGATTCCCCGGGTCCGGGATCGCCAG<mark>GGATCC</mark>CAATGCAGCATATCTGGGATTTTCTGGAAC AGCCTATATGTTCAGTTCAGCCCATTGACTTGAACTTTGTGGATGAACCATCAGAAGATGGTGCGACAAACA AGATTGAGATTAGCATGGACTGTATCCGCATGCAGGACTCGGACCTGAGTGACCCCATGTGGCCACAGTACA CGAACCTGGGGCTCCTGAACAGCATGGACCAGCAGATTCAGAACGGCTCCTCGTCCACCAGTCCCTATAACA ${\tt CTCCATCACCCGCCATCCCCTCCAACACCGACTACCCAGGCCCGCACAGTTTCGACGTGTCCTTCCAGCAGT$ CGAGCACCGCCAAGTCGGCCACCTGGACGTATTCCACTGAACTGAAGAAACTCTACTGCCAAATTGCAAAGA CATGCCCCATCCAGATCAAGGTGATGACCCCACCTCCTCAGGGAGCTGTTATCCGCGCCATGCCTGTCTACA AAAAAGCTGAGCACGTCACGGAGGTGGTGAAGCGGTGCCCCAACCATGAGCTGAGCCGTGAATTCAACGAGG GACAGATTGCCCCTCCTAGTCATTTGATTCGAGTAGAGGGGAACAGCCATGCCCAGTATGTAGAAGATCCCA TCACAGGAAGACAGAGTGTGCTGGTACCTTATGAGCCACCCCAGGTTGGCACTGAATTCACGACAGTCTTGT ACAATTTCATGTGTAACAGCAGTTGTGTGGAGGGATGAACCGCCGTCCAATTTTAATCATTGTTACTCTGG AAACCAGAGATGGGCAAGTCCTGGGCCGACGCTGCTTTGAGGCCCGGATCTGTGCTTGCCCAGGAAGAGACA GGAAGGCGGATGAAGATAGCATCAGAAAGCAGCAAGTTTCGGACAGTACAAAGAACGGTGATGGTACGAAGC TGTTATACTTACCAGTGAGGGGCCGTGAGACTTATGAAATGCTGTTGAAGATCAAAGAGTCCCTGGAACTCA AGAAACAGACCTCAATACAGTCTCCATCTTCATATGGTAACAGCTCCCCACCTCTGAACAAAATGAACAGCA TGAACAAGCTGCCTTCTGTGAGCCAGCTTATCAACCCTCAGCAGCGCAACGCCCTCACTCCTACAACCATTC ${\tt CTGATGGCATGGGAGCCAACATTCCCATGATGGGCACCCACATGCCAATGGCTGGAGACATGAATGGACTCA}$ ${\tt CCACAGATTGCAGCATTGTCAGTTTCTTAGCGAGGTTGGGCTGTTCATCATGTCTGGACTATTTCACGACCCC}$ AGGGGCTGACCATCTATCAGATTGAGCATTACTCCATGGATGATCTGGCAAGTCTGAAAATCCCTGAGC

AATTTCGACATGCGATCTGGAAGGGCATCCTGGACCACCGGCAGCTCCACGAATTCTCCTCCCCCTTCTCATC TCCTGCGGACCCCAAGCAGTGCCTCTACAGTCAGTGTGGGCTCCAGTGAGACCCGGGGTGAGCGTGTTATTG ATGCTGTGCGATTCACCCTCCGCCAGACCATCTCTTTCCCCACCCCGAGATGAGTGGAATGACTTCAACTTTG TAACTAAGGCCGCTTCCCTTTAGTGAGGGTTAATGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTG GACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTG AGATGTGGGAGGTTTTTTAAAGCAAGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTAAAATCCGATAAGGATCGATTCCGG AGCCTGAATGGCGAATGGACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGGGGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCG CCGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCG ACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCCTT TGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGG TCTATTCTTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTTAAAAAATGAGCTGATTTAACAAA AATTTAACGCGAATTTTAACAAAATATTAACGCTTACAATTTCGCCTGTGTACCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAAC ATGCATCTCAATTAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGT GAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTTGATTCTTCTGAC ACAACAGTCTCGAACTTAAGGCTAGAGCCACCATGATTGAACAAGATGGATTGCACGCAGGTTCTCCGGCCG ${\tt CTTGGGTGGAGAGGCTATTCGGCTATGACTGGGCACAACAGACAATCGGCTGCTCTGATGCCGCCGTGTTCC}$ ACGAGGCAGCGCGGCTATCGTGGCTGGCCACGACGGCGTTCCTTGCGCAGCTGTGCTCGACGTTGTCACTG AAGCGGGAAGGGACTGGCTGCTATTGGGCGAAGTGCCGGGGCAGGATCTCCTGTCATCTCACCTTGCTCCTG CCGAGAAAGTATCCATCATGGCTGATGCAATGCGGCGGCTGCATACGCTTGATCCGGCTACCTGCCCATTCG ACCACCAAGCGAAACATCGCATCGAGCGAGCACGTACTCGGATGGAAGCCGGTCTTGTCGATCAGGATGATC TGGACGAAGAGCATCAGGGGCTCGCGCCAGCCGAACTGTTCGCCAGGCTCAAGGCGCGCATGCCCGACGGCG AGGATCTCGTCGTGACCCATGGCGATGCCTGCTTGCCGAATATCATGGTGGAAAATGGCCGCTTTTCTGGAT TCATCGACTGTGGCCGGCTGGGTGTGGCCGGACCGCTATCAGGACATAGCGTTGGCTACCCGTGATATTGCTG AAGAGCTTGGCGGCGAATGGGCTGACCGCTTCCTCGTGCTTTACGGTATCGCCGCTCCCGATTCGCAGCGCA GCCCAACCTGCCATCACGATGGCCGCCAATAAAATATCTTTATTTTCATTACATCTGTGTGTTGGTTTTTTGT CCGCCAACACCCGCTGACGCGCCCTGACGGGCTTGTCTGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACC GTCTCCGGGAGCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGTCATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTG ATACGCCTATTTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAATAATGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGA AATGTGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAATAA CCCTGATAAATGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGAGTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATT CCCTTTTTTGCGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTTTGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAA GATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTTCGC ${\tt CCCGAAGAACGTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTATCCCGTATTGAC}$ GCCGGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCGCCGCATACACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACA GAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCTGCCATAACCATGAGTGATAACACT GCGGCCAACTTACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGAT TTTATTGCTGATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGTCTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGCCAGATGGT GCTGAGATAGGTGCCTCACTGATTAAGCATTGGTAACTGTCAGACCAAGTTTACTCATATATACTTTAGATT GATTTAAAACTTCATTTTAAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATC CCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCCGTAGAAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTTGAGATCCT GTGTAGCCGTAGTTAGGCCACCACTTCAAGAACTCTGTAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTG TTACCAGTGGCTGCCAGTGGCGATAAGTCGTGTCTTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGAT AAGGCGCAGCGGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAA CTGAGATACCTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCACGCTTCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCG GTAAGCGGCAGGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGGAGCTTCCAGGGGGAAACGCCTGGTATCTTTATAGT

7.13 In silico sequences of ready-made cDNA clones

>pCMV3-HA BRD4

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGAGTACA TTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTG GCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGA ${\tt CTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATA$ TGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCT TACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGC AGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATG GGAGTTTGTTTTGGCACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAATAACCCCCGCCCCGTTGACGCAAA TGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCTCACTC TCTTCCGCATCGCTGTCTGCGAGGGCCAGCTGTTGGGCTCGCGGTTGAGGACAAACTCTTCGCGGTCTTTCC AGTACTCTTGGATCGGAAACCCGTCGGCCTCCGAACGGTACTCCGCCACCGAGGGACCTGAGCGAGTCCGCA TCGACCGGATCGGAAAACCTCTCGAGAAAGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTCGCAAGGTAGGCTGAGCACCGTG GCGGGCGGCAGCGGGTGGCGGTCGGGGTTGTTTCTGGCGGAGGTGCTGCTGATGATGTAATTAAAGTAGGCG GTCTTGAGACGGCGGATGGTCGAGGTGAGGTGTGGCAGGCTTGAGATCCAGCTGTTGGGGTGAGTACTCCCT CTCAAAAAGCGGGCATTACTTCTGCGCTAAGATTGTCAGTTTCCAAAAACGAGGAGGATTTGATATTCACCTG GCCCGATCTGGCCATACACTTGAGTGACAATGACATCCACTTTGCCTTTCTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCA GGTCCAAGTTTAAACTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGCCACCAAGCTTATGTCTGCGGAGAGCGGCCC TGGGACGAGATTGAGAAATCTGCCAGTAATGGGGGATGGACTAGAAACTTCCCAAATGTCTACAACACAGGC GCCCAAGAGGCAGACCAACCGACTGCAATACCTGCTCAGAGTGGTGCTCAAGACACCATATGGAAACACCAGTT TGCATGGCCTTTCCAGCAGCCTGTGGATGCCGTCAAGCTGAACCTCCCTGATTACTATAAGATCATTAAAAC GCCTATGGATATGGGAACAATAAAGAAGCGCTTGGAAAACAACTATTACTGGAATGCTCAGGAATGTATCCA GGACTTCAACACTATGTTTACAAATTGTTACAATCTACAACAAGCCTGGAGATGACATAGTCTTAATGGCAGA AGCTCTGGAAAAGCTCTTCTTGCAAAAAATAAATGAGCTACCCACAGAAGAAACCGAGATCATGATAGTCCA GGCAAAAGGAAGAGGACGTGGGAGGAAAGAAACAGGGACAGCAAAACCTGGCGTTTCCACGGTACCAAACAC AACTCAAGCATCGACTCCTCCGCAGACCCAGACCCCTCAGCCGAATCCTCCTCCTGTGCAGGCCACGCCTCA $\tt CCCCTTCCCTGCCGTCACCCCGGACCTCATCGTCCAGACCCCTGTCATGACAGTGGTGCCTCCCCAGCCACT$ GCAGACGCCCCGCCAGTGCCCCCAGCCACAACCCCCACCCGCTCCAGCTCCCAGCCCGTACAGAGCCA CCCACCCATCATCGCGGCCACCCCCACAGCCTGTGAAGACAAAGAAGGGAGTGAAGAGGAAAGCAGACACCAC CACCCCCACCACCATTGACCCCATTCACGAGCCACCCTCGCTGCCCCCGGAGCCCAAGACCACCAAGCTGGG CCAGCGGCGGGAGAGCAGCCGGCCTGTGAAACCTCCAAAGAAGGACGTGCCCGACTCTCAGCAGCACCCAGC ACCAGAGAAGAGCAGCAAGGTCTCGGAGCAGCTCAAGTGCTGCAGCGGCATCCTCAAGGAGATGTTTGCCAA GAAGCACGCCGCCTACGCCTGGCCCTTCTACAAGCCTGTGGACGTGGAGGCACTGGGCCTACACGACTACTG TGACATCATCAAGCACCCCATGGACATGAGCACAATCAAGTCTAAACTGGAGGCCCGTGAGTACCGTGATGC TCAGGAGTTTGGTGCTGACGTCCGATTGATGTTCTCCAACTGCTATAAGTACAACCCTCCTGACCATGAGGT GGTGGCCATGGCCCGCAAGCTCCAGGATGTGTTCGAAATGCGCTTTGCCAAGATGCCGGACGAGCCTGAGGA GCCAGTGGTGGCCGTGTCCTCCCGGCAGTGCCCCCTCCCACCAAGGTTGTGGCCCCGCCCTCATCCAGCGA GGCTGAGCTCCAGGAGCAGCTCAAAGCCGTGCACGAGCAGCTTGCAGCCCTCTCTCAGCCCCAGCAGAACAA GAATAAAAAAAGCAAAGCCAAGGAACCTCCTCCTAAAAAGACGAAGAAAAATAATAGCAGCAACAGCAATGT GAGCAAGAAGGAGCCAGCGCCCATGAAGAGCAAGCCCCCTCCCACGTATGAGTCGGAGGAAGAGGACAAGTG CAAGCCTATGTCCTATGAGGAGAAGCGGCAGCTCAGCTTGGACATCAACAAGCTCCCCGGCGAGAAGCTGGG CCGCGTGGTGCACATCATCCAGTCACGGGAGCCCTCCCTGAAGAATTCCAACCCCGACGAGATTGAAATCGA CTTTGAGACCCTGAAGCCGTCCACACTGCGTGAGCTGGAGCGCTATGTCACCTCCTGTTTGCGGAAGAAAAG GAAACCTCAAGCTGAGAAAGTTGATGTGATTGCCGGCTCCTCCAAGATGAAGGGCTTCTCGTCCTCAGAGTC GGAGAGCTCCAGTGAGTCCAGCTCCTCTGACAGCGAAGACTCCGAAACAGGTCCTGCC<mark>GGGGGTGGAGGCTC</mark> TTATCCTTACGACGTGCCTGACTACGCC

TGCCACTCCCACTGTCCTTTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTAT GGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAG CGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTTCCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCGCAGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGG GCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTC ACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGG ACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCC TCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCTCCG CCCCATGGCTGACTAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCTGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAG TAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTCTCGGGAGCTTGTATATCCATTTTCGGA TCTGATCAGCACGTGATGAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTC GACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGG ${\tt CGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTT$ GCATCGGCCGCGCTCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATC GCGGAGGCCATGGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAA GGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAA ACTGTGATGGACGACCGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGAC TGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATA ACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGG AGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCG ${\tt CCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTC}$ GATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACA CAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGA CGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTGCTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTAT GAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAAT TTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTATCAT GTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGT TATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTG AGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCAT TAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGTTTGCGGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGAC GAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCC GCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGG TGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTT CCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCA CGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAG CCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTG GCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGG CCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAA ATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGAGCGCGGAACCCCT CATCAAATGAAACTGCAATTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTTTGAAAAAAGCCGTTTCTGTAA TGAAGGAGAAAACTCACCGAGGCAGTTCCATAGGATGGCAAGATCCTGGTATCGGTCTGCGATTCCGACTCG TCCAACATCAATACAACCTATTAATTTCCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCAAGTGAGAAATCACCATGAGT TACGCGATCGCTGTTAAAAGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGGCGCAGGAACACTGCCAGCGC ATCAACAATATTTTCACCTGAATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCTGTTTTCCCAGGGATCGCAGT GGTGAGTAACCATGCATCATCAGGAGTACGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGAAGAGGCATAAATTCCGTCAG CCAGTTTAGTCTGACCATCTCATCTGTAACATCATTGGCAACGCTACCTTTGCCATGTTTCAGAAACAACTC TGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCCATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTGATTGCCCGACATTATCGCGAGCCCATTT ATACCCATATAAATCAGCATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTAGAGCAAGACGTTTCCCGTTGAATATG GCTCATAACACCCCTTGTATTACTGTTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAAC GTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAATCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGA CGTC

>pCMV3-HA PIAS1

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGAGTACA TTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTG GCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGA ${\tt CTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATA$ TGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCT TACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGC AGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATG GGAGTTTGTTTTGGCACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAATAACCCCGGCCCGTTGACGCAAA ${\tt TGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCTCACTC}$ TCTTCCGCATCGCTGTCTGCGAGGGCCAGCTGTTGGGCTCGCGGTTGAGGACAAACTCTTCGCGGTCTTTCC AGTACTCTTGGATCGGAAACCCGTCGGCCTCCGAACGGTACTCCGCCACCGAGGGACCTGAGCGAGTCCGCA TCGACCGGATCGGAAAACCTCTCGAGAAAGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTCGCAAGGTAGGCTGAGCACCGTG GCGGGCGGCAGCGGGTGGCGGTCGGGGGTTGTTTCTGGCGGAGGTGCTGCTGATGATGAATTAAAGTAGGCG GTCTTGAGACGGCGGATGGTCGAGGTGAGGTGGCGGGCTGGGAGTCCAGCTGTTGGGGTGAGTACTCCCT CTCAAAAGCGGGCATTACTTCTGCGCTAAGATTGTCAGTTTCCAAAAACGAGGAGGATTTGATATTCACCTG GCCCGATCTGGCCATACACTTGAGTGACAATGACATCCACTTTGCCTTTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCA GGTCCAAGTTTAAACTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGCCACCAAGCTTATGGCGGACAGTGCGGAACT AAAGCAAATGGTTATGAGCCTTAGAGTTTCTGAACTCCAAGTACTGTTGGGCTACGCCGGGAGAAACAAGCA GAAAATTAAGGAACTCTATAGGCGGCGGCTTCCCACAGAAAATCATGACGCCTGCAGACTTGTCCATCCCCAA CGTACATTCAAGTCCTATGCCAGCAACTTTGTCTCCATCTACCATTCCACAACTCACTTACGATGGTCACCC TGCATCATCGCCATTACTCCCTGTTTCTCTTCTGGGACCTAAACATGAACTGGAACTCCCACATCTTACATC AGCTCTTCACCCAGTCCATCCGGATATAAAACTTCAAAAATTACCATTTTATGATTTACTGGATGAACTGAT AAAACCCACCAGTCTAGCATCAGACAACAGTCAGCGCTTTCGAGAAACCTGTTTTGCATTTGCCTTGACACC ACAACAAGTGCAGCAAATCAGTAGTTCCATGGATATTTCTGGGACCAAATGTGACTTCACAGTACAGGTCCA GAATACAAAACCTTGCAGCCTTCCAGGTTACCTTCCACCTACAAAAAATGGCGTGGAACCAAAGCGACCCAG ${\tt CCGACCAATTAATATCACCTCACTTGTCCGACTGTCCACAACAGTACCAAACACGATTGTTGTTTCTTGGAC}$ TGCAGAAATTGGAAGAAACTATTCCATGGCAGTATATCTTGTAAAACAGTTGTCCTCAACAGTTCTTCTTCA TCCAGACAGTGAAATAGCTACAACCAGCCTAAGGGTTTCTCTACTATGTCCACTTGGTAAAATGCGGCTGAC GAAAAAACCAACCTGGGTTTGTCCTGTCTGTGATAAGAAGGCTCCATATGAACACCTTATTATTGATGGCTT GTTTATGGAAATCCTAAAGTACTGTACAGACTGTGATGAAATACAATTTAAGGAGGATGGCACTTGGGCACC ATTGGAGCATCAGGTAGCGTCTCACCAGCCAGTCCTCAAATAAAAACAAGAAAGTAGAAGTGATTGACCTAAC CATAGACAGTTCATCTGATGAAGAGGAAGAAGAGCCATCTGCCAAGAGGACCTGTCCTTCCCTATCTCCCAC ATCACCACTAAATAATAAAGGCATTTTAAGTCTTCCACATCAAGCATCTCCAGTATCCCGCACCCCAAGCCT TCCTGCTGTAGACACAAGCTACATTAATACCTCCCTCATCCAAGACTATAGGCATCCTTTCCACATGACACC CATGCCTTACGACTTACAAGGATTAGATTTCTTTCCTTTCTTATCAGGAGACAATCAGCATTACAACACCTC CTTGCTTGCCGCTGCAGCAGCAGCAGCTTCAGATGATCAAGACCTCCTACACTCGTCTCGGTTTTTCCCGTA TACCTCCTCACAGATGTTTCTTGATCAGTTAAGTGCAGGAGGCAGTACTTCTCTGCCAACCACCAATGGAAG CAGTAGTGGCAGTAACAGCAGCCTGGTTTCTTCCAACAGCCTAAGGGAAAGCCATAGCCACACCGTCACAAA CTCT<mark>TATCCTTACGACGTGCCTGACTACGCC</mark>TAA<mark>GCGGCCGC</mark>CGAATTCGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCCGCTGATC

TGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTCTGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGGCTCTAGGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTG TAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGCGGGTGTGGTGGTGGCTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGC GCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTCCCCTTCCTTCCCCACGTTCGCAGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCG GGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCGATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGG TTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCCCTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAG TGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGGAACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTT TAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCT ${\tt CCGCCCATGGCTGACTAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCTGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAG}$ AAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTCTCGGGAGCTTGTATATCCATTTTC GGATCTGATCAGCACGTGATGAAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAG TTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTGATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGA GGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGGGTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCAC TTTGCATCGGCCGCGCTCCCGATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGC GTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCGATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCG CAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACTACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGG CAAACTGTGATGGACGACACCGTCAGTGCGTCCGTCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAG GACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCACCTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGC ATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGGAGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGGATTCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTC TGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGTATGGAGCAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGA TCGCCGCGCCTCCGGGCGTATATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAAT TTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCGCAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGT ACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGCGCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAAC CGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCGAGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTGCTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTC CTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCCAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACA AATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTAT CATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACCTCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAAT TGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGA GTGAGCTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTG ACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAG GCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAG AGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCT GTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGC TCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTT CAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCA CTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGG TGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGA CAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGAGCGCGGAACC GAGCATCAAATGAAACTGCAATTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTTTGAAAAAGCCGTTTCTG TAATGAAGGAGAAAACTCACCGAGGCAGTTCCATAGGATGGCAAGATCCTGGTATCGGTCTGCGATTCCGAC TCGTCCAACATCAATACAACCTATTAATTTCCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCAAGTGAGAAATCACCATG AAATACGCGATCGCTGTTAAAAGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGGCGCAGGAACACTGCCAG CGCATCAACAATATTTTCACCTGAATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCTGTTTTCCCAGGGATCGC AGTGGTGAGTAACCATGCATCATCAGGAGTACGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGAAGAGGCATAAATTCCGT CAGCCAGTTTAGTCTGACCATCTCATCTGTAACATCATTGGCAACGCTACCTTTGCCATGTTTCAGAAACAA ${\tt CTCTGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCCATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTGATTGCCCGACATTATCGCGAGCCCA$ TTTATACCCATATAAATCAGCATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTAGAGCAAGACGTTTCCCGTTGAAT ATGGCTCATAACACCCCTTGTATTACTGTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTTCATGACCAAAATCCCTT AACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAATCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACC TGACGTC

>pCMV3-HA DAXX

GACGGATCGGGAGATCTCCCGATCCCCTATGGTGCACTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCATAGTTAA GCCAGTATCTGCTCCCTGCTTGTGTGTGTGGAGGTCGCTGAGTAGTGCGCGAGCAAAATTTAAGCTACAACAA GGCAAGGCTTGACCGACAATTGCATGAAGAATCTGCTTAGGGTTAGGCGTTTTGCGCTGCTTCGCGAGTACA TTTATATTGGCTCATGTCCAATATGACCGCCATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCCATATATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTG GCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAATGACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGA ${\tt CTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAACTGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATA$ TGCCAAGTCCGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCT TACGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGC AGTACACCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGGATTTCCAAGTCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATG GGAGTTTGTTTTGGCACCAAAATCAACGGGACTTTCCAAAATGTCGTAATAACCCCGGCCCGTTGACGCAAA TGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCTCACTC TCTTCCGCATCGCTGTCTGCGAGGGCCAGCTGTTGGGCTCGCGGTTGAGGACAAACTCTTCGCGGTCTTTCC AGTACTCTTGGATCGGAAACCCGTCGGCCTCCGAACGGTACTCCGCCACCGAGGGACCTGAGCGAGTCCGCA TCGACCGGATCGGAAAACCTCTCGAGAAAGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTCGCAAGGTAGGCTGAGCACCGTG GCGGGCGGCAGCGGGTGGCGGTCGGGGGTTGTTTCTGGCGGAGGTGCTGCTGATGATGTAATTAAAGTAGGCG GTCTTGAGACGGCGGATGGTCGAGGTGAGGTGTGGCAGGCTTGAGATCCAGCTGTTGGGGTGAGTACTCCCT CTCAAAAGCGGGCATTACTTCTGCGCTAAGATTGTCAGTTTCCAAAAACGAGGAGGATTTGATATTCACCTG GCCCGATCTGGCCATACACTTGAGTGACAATGACATCCACTTTGCCTTTCTCCACAGGTGTCCACTCCCA GGTCCAAGTTTAAACTTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGCCGCCACCAAGCTTATGGCCACCGCTAACAGCAT GGCCTCACCTGGGGCAGAAGCCCCTAGCTCCTCTGAGCCTCATGGGGCCAGAGGAAGCAGTAGTTCGGGCGG CAAGAAATGCTACAAGCTGGAGAATGAGAAGCTGTTCGAAGAGTTCCTTGAACTTTGTAAGATGCAGACAGC AGACCACCCTGAGGTGGTCCCATTCCTCTATAACCGGCAGCAACGTGCCCACTCTCTGTTTTTGGCCTCGGC CAATGAGCTCTGCACTGTTCTCAAGGCCCACTCAGCCAAAAAGAAGCTGAACTTGGCCCCTGCCGCCACCAC CTCCAATGAGCCCTCTGGGAATAACCCTCCCACACACCTCTCCTTGGACCCCACAAATGCTGAAAACACTGC CTCTCAGTCTCCAAGGACCCGTGGTTCCCGGCGGCAGATCCAGCGTTTGGAGCAGCTGCTGGCGCTCTATGT GGCAGAGATCCGGCGGCTGCAGGAAAAGGAGTTGGATCTCTCAGAATTGGATGACCCAGACTCCGCATACCT GCAGGAGGCACGGTTGAAGCGTAAGCTGATCCGCCTCTTTGGGCGACTATGTGAGCTGAAAGACTGCTCTTC ACTGACCGGCCGTGTCATAGAGCAGCGCATCCCCTACCGTGGCACCCGCTACCCAGAGGTTAACAGGCGCAT TGAGCGGCTCATCAACAAGCCAGGGCCTGATACCTTCCCTGACTATGGGGATGTGCTTCGGGCTGTAGAGAA GGCAGCTGCCCGACACAGCCTTGGCCTCCCCCGACAGCAGCTCCAGCTCATGGCTCAGGATGCCTTCCGAGA TGTGGGCATCAGGTTACAGGAGCGACGTCACCTCGATCTCATCTACAACTTTGGCTGCCACCTCACAGATGA ${\tt CTATAGGCCAGGCGTTGACCCTGCACTATCAGATCCTGTGTTGGCCCGGCGCCTTCGGGAAAACCGGAGTTT$ GGCCATGAGTCGGCTGGATGAGGTCATCTCCAAATATGCAATGTTGCAAGACAAAAGTGAGGAGGGCGAGAG AAAAAAGAGAAGAGCTCGGCTCCAAGGCACCTCTTCCCACTCTGCAGACACCCCCGAAGCCTCCTTGGATTC TGGTGAGGGCCCTAGTGGAATGGCATCCCAGGGGTGCCCTTCTGCCTCCAGAGCTGAGACAGATGACGAAGA GGAGGAGGATCTGGAACAGATGCAGGAGGGTCAGGAGGATGATGAAGAGGAGGACGAAGAGGAAGAAGCAGC AGCAGGTAAAGATGGAGACAAGAGCCCCCATGTCCTCACTACAGATCTCCAATGAAAAGAACCTGGAACCTGG CAAACAGATCAGCAGATCTTCAGGGGAGCAGCAGAAAACAAAGGACGCATAGTGTCACCATCGTTACTGTCAGA AGAACCCCTGGCCCCCTCCAGCATAGATGCTGAAAGCAATGGAGAACAGCCTGAGGAGCTGACCCTGGAGGA AGAAAGCCCTGTGTCTCAGCTCTTTGAGCTAGAGATTGAAGCTTTGCCCCTGGATACCCCTTCCTCTGTGGA GACGGACATTTCCTCTTCCAGGAAGCAATCAGAGGAGCCCTTCACCACTGTCTTAGAGAATGGAGCAGGCAT GGTCTCTTCTACTTCCTTCAATGGAGGCGTCTCTCCTCACAACTGGGGAGATTCTGGTCCCCCCTGCAAAAA ATCTCGGAAGGAGAAGAAGCAAACAGGATCAGGGCCATTAGGAAACAGCTATGTGGAAAGGCAAAGGTCAGT GCATGAGAAGAATGGGAAAAAGATATGTACCCTGCCCAGCCCACCTTCCCCCTTGGCTTCCTTGGCCCCAGT TGCTGATTCCTCCACGAGGGTGGACTCTCCCAGCCATGGCCTGGTGACCAGCTCCCTCTGCATCCCTTCTCC AGCCCGGCTGTCCCAAACCCCCCATTCACAGCCTCCTCGGCCTGGTACTTGCAAGACAAGTGTGGCCACACA CTACGCCTAAGCCGCCCGCCGAATTCGGGCCCGTTTAAACCCGCTGATCAGCCTCGACTGTGCCTTCTAG TTCCTAATAAAATGAGGAAATTGCATCGCATTGTCTGAGTAGGTGTCATTCTATTCTGGGGGGGTGGGGTGGG GCAGGACAGCAAGGGGGGGGGGGATGGGGAAGACAATAGCAGGCATGCTGGGGATGCGGTGGGCTCTATGGCTTC TGAGGCGGAAAGAACCAGCTGGGGGCTCTAGGGGGTATCCCCACGCGCCCTGTAGCGGCGCATTAAGCGCGGC GGGTGTGGTGGTTACGCGCAGCGTGACCGCTACACTTGCCAGCGCCCTAGCGCCCGCTCCTTTCGCTTTCTT CCCTTCCTTTCTCGCCACGTTCGCAGGCTTTCCCCGTCAAGCTCTAAATCGGGGGGCTCCCTTTAGGGTTCCG ATTTAGTGCTTTACGGCACCTCGACCCCAAAAAACTTGATTAGGGTGATGGTTCACGTAGTGGGCCATCGCC CTGATAGACGGTTTTTCGCCCTTTGACGTTGGAGTCCACGTTCTTTAATAGTGGACTCTTGTTCCAAACTGG AACAACACTCAACCCTATCTCGGTCTATTCTTTTGATTTATAAGGGATTTTGCCGATTTCGGCCTATTGGTT CCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCTCCGCCCATGGCTGACTAATT TTTTTTATTTATGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCTGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAGAAGTAGTGAGGAGGCCTTTTTT GGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTCTCGGGAGCTTGTATATCCATTTTCGGATCTGATCAGCACGTGATG AAAAAGCCTGAACTCACCGCGACGTCTGTCGAGAAGTTTCTGATCGAAAAGTTCGACAGCGTCTCCGACCTG ATGCAGCTCTCGGAGGGCGAAGAATCTCGTGCTTTCAGCTTCGATGTAGGAGGGCGTGGATATGTCCTGCGG GTAAATAGCTGCGCCGATGGTTTCTACAAAGATCGTTATGTTTATCGGCACTTTGCATCGGCCGCGCCCCCG ATTCCGGAAGTGCTTGACATTGGGGAATTCAGCGAGAGCCTGACCTATTGCATCTCCCGCCGTGCACAGGGT GTCACGTTGCAAGACCTGCCTGAAACCGAACTGCCCGCTGTTCTGCAGCCGGTCGCGGAGGCCATGGATGCG ATCGCTGCGGCCGATCTTAGCCAGACGAGCGGGTTCGGCCCATTCGGACCGCAAGGAATCGGTCAATACACT ACATGGCGTGATTTCATATGCGCGATTGCTGATCCCCATGTGTATCACTGGCAAACTGTGATGGACGACACC GTCAGTGCGTCCGCGCAGGCTCTCGATGAGCTGATGCTTTGGGCCGAGGACTGCCCCGAAGTCCGGCAC CTCGTGCACGCGGATTTCGGCTCCAACAATGTCCTGACGGACAATGGCCGCATAACAGCGGTCATTGACTGG AGCGAGGCGATGTTCGGGGATTCCCCAATACGAGGTCGCCAACATCTTCTTCTGGAGGCCGTGGTTGGCTTGT ATGGAGCAGCAGCGCGCTACTTCGAGCGGAGGCATCCGGAGCTTGCAGGATCGCCGCGGCTCCGGGCGTAT ATGCTCCGCATTGGTCTTGACCAACTCTATCAGAGCTTGGTTGACGGCAATTTCGATGATGCAGCTTGGGCG CAGGGTCGATGCGACGCAATCGTCCGATCCGGAGCCGGGACTGTCGGGCGTACACAAATCGCCCGCAGAAGC GCGGCCGTCTGGACCGATGGCTGTGTAGAAGTACTCGCCGATAGTGGAAACCGACGCCCCAGCACTCGTCCG AGGGCAAAGGAATAGCACGTGCTACGAGATTTCGATTCCACCGCCGCCTTCTATGAAAGGTTGGGCTTCGGA ATCGTTTTCCGGGACGCTGGCTGGATGATCCTCCAGCGCGGGGATCTCATGCTGGAGTTCTTCGCCCACCCC AACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTT TTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGTATACCGTCGACC TCTAGCTAGAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCA GCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGC GCGGGGAGAGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTT CGGCTGCGGCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCA GGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTC CATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGA CTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACC GGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCGTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGT TCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTA TCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAAC AGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACT AGAAGAACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGA GGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGAGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAA ATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAATTAATTCTTAGAAAAACTCATCGAGCATCAAATGAAACTGCAA TTTATTCATATCAGGATTATCAATACCATATTTTTGAAAAAGCCGTTTCTGTAATGAAGGAGAAAACTCACC GAGGCAGTTCCATAGGATGGCAAGATCCTGGTATCGGTCTGCGATTCCGACTCGTCCAACATCAATACAACC TATTAATTTCCCCTCGTCAAAAATAAGGTTATCAAGTGAGAAATCACCATGAGTGACGACTGAATCCGGTGA ACTCGCATCAACCAAACCGTTATTCATTCGTGATTGCGCCTGAGCGAGACGAAATACGCGATCGCTGTTAAA AGGACAATTACAAACAGGAATCGAATGCAACCGGCGCAGGAACACTGCCAGCGCATCAACAATATTTTCACC TGAATCAGGATATTCTTCTAATACCTGGAATGCTGTTTTCCCAGGGATCGCAGTGGTGAGTAACCATGCATC ATCAGGAGTACGGATAAAATGCTTGATGGTCGGAAGAGGCATAAATTCCGTCAGCCAGTTTAGTCTGACCAT ${\tt CTCATCTGTAACATCATTGGCAACGCTACCTTTGCCATGTTTCAGAAACAACTCTGGCGCATCGGGCTTCCC}$ ATACAATCGATAGATTGTCGCACCTGATTGCCCGACATTATCGCGAGCCCATTTATACCCATATAAATCAGC ATCCATGTTGGAATTTAATCGCGGCCTAGAGCAAGACGTTTCCCGTTGAATATGGCTCATAACACCCCTTGT ATTACTGTTTATGTAAGCAGACAGTTTTATTGTTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACT GAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAATCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTC

7.14 In silico sequence of pCMV GFP used to test transfection efficiency

CGTTACATAACTTACGGTAAATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCCAACGACCCCCGCCCATTGACGTCAATAAT GACGTATGTTCCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTTCCATTGACGTCAATGGGTGGAGTATTTACGGTAAAC TGCCCACTTGGCAGTACATCAAGTGTATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATG GCCCGCCTGGCATTATGCCCAGTACATGACCTTATGGGACTTTCCTACTTGGCAGTACATCTACGTATTAGT CATCGCTATTACCATGGTGATGCGGTTTTGGCAGTACATCAATGGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTTGACTCACGGGG ATGTCGTAACAACTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGGCGGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAG AGCTGGTTTAGTGAACCGTCAGATCCGCTAGCGCTACCGGACTCAGATCTCGAGCTCAAGCTTCGAATTCTG CAGTCGACGGTACCGCGGGCCCGGGATCCACCGGTCGCCACCATGGTGAGCAAGGGCGAGGAGCTGTTCACC GGGGTGGTGCCCATCCTGGTCGAGCTGGACGGCGACGTAAACGGCCACAAGTTCAGCGTGTCCGGCGAGGGC GAGGGCGATGCCACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCACCGGCAAGCTGCCCGTGCCCTGG CCCACCCTCGTGACCACCCTGACCTACGGCGTGCAGTGCTTCAGCCGCTACCCCGACCACATGAAGCAGCAC GACTTCTTCAAGTCCGCCATGCCCGAAGGCTACGTCCAGGAGCGCACCATCTTCTTCAAGGACGACGGCAAC TACAAGACCCGCGCGGAGGTGAAGTTCGAGGGCGACACCCTGGTGAACCGCATCGAGCTGAAGGGCATCGAC TTCAAGGAGGACGGCAACATCCTGGGGCACAAGCTGGAGTACAACTACAACAGCCACAACGTCTATATCATG GCCGACAAGCAGAAGAACGGCATCAAGGTGAACTTCAAGATCCGCCACAACATCGAGGACGGCAGCGTGCAG CTCGCCGACCACTACCAGCAGAACACCCCCATCGGCGACGGCCCCGTGCTGCTGCCCGACAACCACTACCTG AGCACCCAGTCCGCCCTGAGCAAAGACCCCCAACGAGAAGCGCGATCACATGGTCCTGCTGGAGTTCGTGACC **GCCGCCGGGATCACTCTCGGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAGTAAAGCGGCCGCACTCCTCAGGTGCAGGCTGCC** TATCAGAAGGTGGTGGCTGGTGTGGCCAATGCCCTGGCTCACAAATACCACTGAGATCTTTTTCCCTCTGCC GCAATAGTGTGTGGGAATTTTTTGTGTCTCTCACTCGGAAGGACATATGGGAGGGCAAATCATTTAAAACAT TAAAGAGGTCATCAGTATATGAAACAGCCCCCTGCTGTCCATTCCTTATTCCATAGAAAAGCCTTGACTTGA TTACTAGCCAGATTTTTCCTCCTCCTGACTACTCCCAGTCATAGCTGTCCCTCTTCTCTTATGGAGATCC CTCGACCTGCAGCCCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCAC ATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCGGATCCGCATCTCAAT TAGTCAGCAACCATAGTCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCATCCCGCCCCTAACTCCGCCCAGTTCCGCCCATTCT ${\tt CCGCCCCATGGCTGACTAATTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTGCAGAGGCCGAGGCCGCCTCGGCCTCTGAGCTATTCCAG}$ AAGTAGTGAGGAGGCTTTTTTGGAGGCCTAGGCTTTTGCAAAAAGCTAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATG GTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTT TGTCCAAACTCATGTATCTTATCATGTCTGGATCCGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAG GCGAGCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAA CATGTGAGCAAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCT CCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAG ATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCT GTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTA GGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAA CTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAG CAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGAAC AGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGATCCGGCAA ACAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCA AGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGT TATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCT ATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGG AGCTAGAGTAAGTAGTTCGCCAGTTAATAGTTTGCGCAACGTTGTTGCCATTGCTACAGGCATCGTGGTGTC ACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCAT ACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGG

TGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACG GGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGGCGAAAACT CTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATC TTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGC GACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCT CATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAA AGTGCCACCTGGGTCGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGGTCATTAGTTCATAGCCC ATATATGGAGTTCCG

Green: cMyc tag

Grey : HA tag

Yellow: Restriction enzyme

Turquoise: primers

Red : Insert

7.15 Plasmid maps



Figure 28 : pGBKT7 AIRE-PHD1 plasmid map.

AIRE-PHD1 was inserted in the multiple cloning region at the *Nco1* and *Sal1* restriction sites, is fused to the upstream c-myc and Gal4 DBD, and is the under the control of the ADH1 promoter. The Plasmid is resistance to kanamycin and is allowed to grow on Tryptophan-deprived medium in yeast. The origin of replication is shown in yellow. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software.



Figure 29 : pcDNA5/FRT AIRE-CARD plasmid map.

AIRE-CARD including the c-cmyc tag was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *BamH1* and *Not1* restriction sites and and is under the control of the CMV promoter. The Plasmid is resistance to ampicillin and the origin of replication is shown in yellow. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software.



Figure 30 : pcDNA5/FRT SAND plasmid map.

AIRE-SAND including the c-cmyc was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *Nhe1* and *Not1* restriction sites and and is under the control of the CMV promoter. The Plasmid is resistance to ampicillin and the origin of replication is shown in yellow. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software.



Figure 31 : pBIND AIRE-SAND plasmid map.

AIRE-SAND was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *Mlu1* and *Kpn1* restriction sites, expressed to the upstream Gal4 DBD, and is under the control of the CMV promoter. The Renilla luciferase gene coding region is shown in turquoise and the origin of replication is displayed in yellow. The plasmid is resistance to ampicillin. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software



Figure 32 : pBIND AIRE plasmid map.

AIRE was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *Mlu1* and *Not1* restriction sites, expressed to the upstream Gal4 DBD, and is under the control of the CMV promoter. The Renilla luciferase gene coding region is shown in turquoise and the origin of replication is displayed in yellow. The plasmid is resistance to ampicillin. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software



Figure 33 : pACT Fp63 plasmid map.

AIRE was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *Bamh1* and *Not1* restriction sites, expressed to the upstream nuclear localisation signal (NLS),and is under the control of the CMV promoter. The origin of replication is displayed in yellow. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software



Figure 34 : pACT Tp63 plasmid map.

AIRE was inserted in the multiple cloning site at the *Bamh1* and *Not1* restriction sites, expressed to the upstream nuclear localisation signal (NLS),and is under the control of the CMV promoter. This plasmid is generated using SnapGene 5.0.8 software

7.16 Blots confirming the co-IP of AIRE-SAND against P63.



Figure 35: Blots confirming the co-IP of AIRE-SAND wild type and mutant against P63. Co-IP was carried out using HA-tagged beads. Interaction of cmyc-tagged AIRE-SAND mutants with the HA-tagged prey protein P63 was validated via coimmunoprecipitation and analysed via western blotting. HA-tagged beads were used to immunoprecipitate the interacting protein. For blots A1 and B1, the immunoprecipitated proteins were separated SDS-PAGE in 7% (w/v) by polyacrylamide gels and transferred to iBlot PVDF blotting membrane. For blots A2 and B2, the immunoprecipitated proteins were separated by SDS-PAGE in a 15% (w/v) polyacrylamide gel. The results are shown in blots A1 and B1: direct immunoprecipitation of P63 using HA-tagged beads (positive control) (size ~ 80 kD); overexpression of P63 total protein lysates (size ~ 80 kD). Blots A2 and B2 represent coimmunoprecipitation of AIRE-SAND and AIRE-G228W which were immunoblotted using cmyc antibody (size ~ 25 kD): overexpression of total protein lysate AIRE-SAND and AIRE-G228W gave a bans size of (size 20kD and 25 kD).