The Totality of Number

Flute Solo
Score Anatomy

The score can be broken down into several distinct sections:

Flute clef showing keys of the flute

An example of a key change for a particular digit. Here the left thumb moves from the B natural to B flat key

In addition to the flute clef at the start of each system, these fingering charts demonstrate the starting position for each block of material

Coloured lines indicate the duration of key depression and are coloured green for left, and blue for right hands

Mensural notation indicates rhythm of finger attacks

Breath intensity (see chart)

Indicates pitch of mouthpiece in relation to player’s mouth: up for towards and down for away from the performer

NB: If there is no material given for finger mechanics then all keys should be left open

Other than the characteristics outlined above, the score functions in the traditional manner, which is to say, left to right and top to bottom. The score is for standard transverse flute and can be performed on c, alto, or bass instruments.

Breath Intensity Scale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Light unpitched tone</th>
<th>Heavy unpitched tone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very light pitched tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light pitched tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavy pitched tone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Totality of Number

\[ J = 70 \]